GEORGE GIUNTA, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW* 281 CHESTNUT STREET NEEDHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02492 *Also admitted in Maryland

TELEPHONE (781) 449-4520

FAX (781) 465-6095

July 16, 2024

Lee Newman Planning Director Town of Needham 1471 Highland Avenue Needham, MA 02492

Re: Definitive Subdivision Application

40 Highland Ave, LLC

40 Highland Avenue & 14-16 Riverside Street

Dear Lee,

Please be advised that I represent 40 Highland Ave, LLC relative to its properties at 40 Highland Avenue and 14-16 Riverside Street, Needham, MA (jointly, the "Premises") and the intent to subdivide same into three lots; one commercial lot and two residential lots. In connection therewith, submitted herewith please find the following:

- 1. Completed Application for Approval of a Definitive Subdivision Plan;
- 2. Exhibit A List of Waivers;
- 3. Exhibit B Description;
- 4. Definitive Subdivision Plan, prepared by Land Design Collaborative, Chauncy Place, Terrace North, Suite 1, 45 Lyman Street, Westborough, MA 01581 and Field Resources, Inc., 281 Chestnut Street, Needham, MA 02492, consisting of eleven sheets, as follows: (a) Cover Sheet, dated April 26, 2024; (b) Sheet 1 of 10, titled "General Notes and Legend", dated April 26, 2024; (b) Sheet 2 of 10, titled "Existing Conditions Plan", dated April 26, 2024; (c) Sheet 3 of 10, titled "Lotting Plan "By Right", dated April 26, 2024; Sheet 4 of 10, titled "Lotting Plan "Waiver", dated April 26, 2024; (d) Sheet 5 of 10, titled "Grading & Drainage Plan", dated April 26, 2024; (e) Sheet 6 of 10, titled "Plan & Profile, STA 0+00 to End", dated April 26, 2024; (f) Sheet 7 of 10, titled "Details", dated April 26, 2024; (g) Sheet 8 of 10, titled "Details", dated April 26, 2024; (h) Sheet 9 of 10, titled "Details", dated April 26, 2024; and (i) Sheet 10 of 10, titled "Turning Movement Exhibit", dated April 26, 2024; (hereinafter, collectively, the "Subdivision Plan");
- 5. Stormwater Management Report, dated April, 2024, prepared by Land Design Collaborative,

6. Letter of Authorization; and

7. Check No. 190 in the amount of \$1,250 for the applicable filing fee.

The Premises, which consists of two parcels of land, is located on the southerly side of Highland Avenue and the easterly side of Riverside Street. It is known and numbered as 40 Highland Avenue and 14-16 Riverside Street, and shown and identified, respectively, as Parcels 58 and 45 on Assessor's Map No. 73. The aforesaid Parcel 45, which is located entirely in the General Residence Zoning District, is currently occupied by a two-story, two-family residential dwelling, detached three-car garage, and associated driveway and yard. The aforesaid Parcel 58, which is located partially in the Highland Commercial-128 zoning district and partially in the General Residence zoning district, is currently occupied by a commercial building and associated driveway and parking, used for automotive repair.¹

As shown and depicted on the Subdivision Plan, the applicant is proposing to subdivide the Premises into three building lots, two of which will be used for residential purposes and the third of which will continue to be used for commercial purposes.² The commercial lot will continue to have frontage on and be served and accessed from Highland Avenue, and the two residential lots will have frontage on and will be served by and accessed from the proposed new roadway, off Riverside Street. All three lots comply with applicable dimensional and density requirements.

As depicted on sheet 3 of 10 of the Subdivision Plan, a new roadway can be built with a 60 foot radius circle and 50 foot width road. However, whereas the proposed road will only serve two residential lots, will end in a turn-around, and is located in relatively close proximity to the Charles River, the Applicant is of the opinion that a full 50 foot wide roadway, with a full 120 foot diameter circle is not the best and most appropriate way to divide this portion of the property. Therefore, the Applicant is requesting a waiver of construction as well as several other waivers in order to utilize a short road ending with a hammerhead or "T" style turnaround. Given the nature of the development, its location and past practice of the Board, The Applicant asserts that the requested waivers are appropriate for this development.

Finally, as noted on the Subdivision Plan, whereas the two new residential lots are located in the General Residence zoning district, it is the plan and intention of the Applicant to utilize same for two-family residential dwellings. In that regard, I note that, consistent with the zoning district, the vast majority of other properties on Riverside Street are used and occupied by two-family dwelling, albeit on much smaller lots, with less than conforming frontage.

¹ The existing commercial building, driveway and parking area and automotive repair use are all located entirely within that portion of the lot contained within the Highland Commercial-128 zoning district. The balance of the lot, situated in the General Residence zoning district is presently undeveloped.

² No change is currently anticipated or proposed in connection with the within application relative to the existing automotive repair business.

Kindly schedule this matter for consideration at the next available meeting of the Planning Board. Please also let me know if you require any further information or materials.

As always, your anticipated courtesy and cooperation and appreciated.

Sincerely,

George Giunta, Jr.

ML



TOWN OF NEEDHAM MASSACHUSETTS

Room 20, Town Hall Needham, MA 02492 781-455-7526

APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF A DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION PLAN

| LANNING DE | PARTMENT | Date: | June 20 | 20 24 | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|----------|
| The undersigned | l, on behalf of | 40 Highland Ave, LLC | | (owner's name or self) |) of |
| | lham Street, Newton, I | MA 02459 | (address), owner of | land in Needham, the descr | 28 |
| said land being | submitted herewith, de | siring to make a subdivision or | f said land hereby su | omits the following require | ed plans |
| and documents: | | | | | |
| a) | the original tracings | and eight full sized copies and | six reduced sized co | pies of each of the | |
| | following plans - | | | | |
| | i. | a key location map | | | |
| | ii. | a lot plan | | | |
| | iii. | a profile plan | | | |
| | iv. | a municipal services and u | tility plan | | |
| | v. | a topographic plan | | | |
| | vi. | any detail plans required | | | |
| | Each plan bearing tit | les, endorsements and imprint | s required. | | |
| b) | a filing fee of \$500 | plus \$250 per lot for each lot i | n the subdivision. | | |
| c) | a description of the b | oundaries of the entire area to | be subdivided; and | | |
| d) | a list of names and a | ddresses of all abutters as they | appear on the most | ecent Needham Assessors | 2_ |
| | records_ | | | | |
| e) | | Vaivers; Exhibit B - Legal De | | age Calculations | _ |
| | (specify any | additional material or inform | ation submitted) | | |
| and petitions the | Planning Board to con | nsider and approve such subdi | vision plans under th | e provisions of the Subdivi | ision |
| Control Law (M | LG.L. Chapter 41, Sect | ions 81-A through 81-G inclu | sive, as amended) an | d in accordance with the R | ules and |
| Regulations of t | he Needham Planning | Board and the applicable By-I | aws of the Town of | Needham. | |
| The undersigned | l certifies that the appli | icant(s) is/are the sole owner(s |) of the entire land p | roposed to be subdivided a | ind that |
| the subdivision | plans and the description | on submitted indicate the true | boundaries of said la | nd and t he correct names o | fall |
| abutters as show | m-on the most recent re | ecords of the Needham Assess | ors. | | |
| (If the applicant | is not the owner, writte | en authorization to act as agen | 40 Highland Ave, by Steven Wolber | LLC | mers) |
| ¥ | | Ву | by Steven Worders | | ent) |
| This amplication | e accented by the North- | | with Castie 91 C | | |
| xms upplication t | | m Planning Board in accordance O By | wun secuons 81-Q an | u o i - i oj ine subaivision Con | uroi Law |

EXHIBIT A

Definitive Subdivision Application 40 Highland Avenue & 14-16 Riverside Street Needham, MA

LIST OF WAIVERS

The Applicants hereby request the following waivers with respect to the Town of Needham, Subdivision Regulations and Procedural Rules of the Planning Board:

- 1. Waiver of the requirements of 3.2, relative to submission of definitive plans, as follows:
 - a. A waiver from the requirements of subsection (b) that plans be drawn on blue tracing cloth or mylar, that the plan be drawn to a scale of 1" = 40' and that the Title Block be located in the lower right-hand corner;
 - b. A waiver from the requirements of subsection (e) that street line traverse closures be provided.
- 2. Waiver of the requirements of Section 3.3, relative to street and construction details, as follows:
 - a. A waiver from the required width of roadway layout at Section 3.3.1 from 50 feet to 40 feet;
 - b. A waiver from the required circular turnaround at Section 3.3.5 in favor of an alternative back-up strip;
 - c. A waiver from the requirement of sidewalks on both sides of the road layout at Section 3.3.16 to no sidewalk
 - d. A general waiver of construction and such other unspecified waivers as may be necessary for the construction of the way and related improvements as shown on the plans submitted herewith.
- 3. Waiver of any and all other requirements as may be necessary and appropriate for the division and reconfiguration of the subject premises as depicted on the plan.

EXHIBIT B

Definitive Subdivision Application 40 Highland Avenue & 14-16 Riverside Street Needham, MA

Description

Two certain parcels of land in Needham, Norfolk County, as follows:

Parcel I

That certain parcel of land known and numbered 40 Highland Avenue, Needham, Norfolk County, MA, being more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the westerly sideline of Highland Avenue, Massachusetts highway layout number 8542, at the intersection of the southerly sideline of the Metropolitan District Commission;

Thence running, south 74°21'18" east, by land now or formerly of the Metropolitan District Commission, a distance of 453.41 to a concrete bound with a drill hole;

Thence turning and running, south 22°40'29" west, by land now or formerly of Joseph P. & Eileen J. Manning, a distance of 147.31 feet;

Thence turning and running, north 67°55'38" west, by four parcels, a distance of 384.74 feet;

Thence turning and running, south 25°45'55" west, by land now or formerly of Arthur & Anna Deych, a distance of 9.48 feet;

Thence turning and running. north 64°40'02" west, by land now or formerly of Nina Prohodski and Helen Harcovitz, a distance of 85.29 feet to the aforementioned sideline of Highland Avenue;

Thence turning and running, north 34°04'13" east, by said sideline, a distance of 103.41 to the point of beginning.

Containing 56,409 square feet, more or less.

Parcel II

That certain parcel of land known and numbered 14 Riverside Drive, Needham, Norfolk County, MA, being more particularly bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly sideline of riverside drive being the southwesterly corner of said parcel;

Thence running, north 25°45'55" east, by land now or formerly of Arthur & Anna Deych, a distance of 60.71 to an iron rod with a cap;

Thence turning and running, south 67°55'38" east, by land now or formerly of 40 highland Avenue LLC, a distance of 150.31 feet;

Thence turning and running, south 25°45'55" west, by land now or formerly of Boris Karpachev & Rufina Veysberg, a distance of 70.39 feet to the aforementioned sideline of Riverside Drive;

Thence turning and running, north 64°14'05" west, by said sideline, a distance of 150.00 feet to the point of beginning;

Containing 9,832 square feet, more or less.

40 Highland Ave, LLC 435E Dedham Street Newton, MA 02459

June 20, 2024

Town of Needham Planning Board Needham, Massachusetts 02492

Attn: Lee Newman, Planning Director

Re:

40 Highland Ave, LLC Application for Approval of Definitive Subdivision Plan 40 Highland Avenue & 14-16 Riverside Street

Dear Mrs. Newman,

Please accept this letter as confirmation that 40 Highland Ave, LLC, a Massachusetts limited liability company, current owner of the properties known and numbered 40 Highland Avenue and 14-16 Riverside Street, Needham, MA (jointly, the "Premises"), have authorized George Giunta, Jr., Esquire, to make application to the Planning Board for Approval of Definitive Subdivision Plan and other zoning and planning related relief that may be required or appropriate in connection with the division of the said Premises into one commercial lot, two residential lots and a new roadway. In connection therewith, Attorney Giunta is specifically authorized to execute, sign, deliver and receive all necessary documentation related thereto, including, without limitation, Application for Approval of a Definitive Subdivision Plan.

Sincerely,

40 Highland Ave, LLC

By Steven Wolberg, Manager

DEFINITIVE SUBDIVISION PLAN

PURSUANT TO THE TOWN OF NEEDHAM SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURAL RULES OF THE PLANNING BOARD SECTION 3.2

FOR

40 HIGHLAND AVENUE, LLC

40 Highland Avenue & 14-16 Riverside Street Needham, MA

> DATE April 26, 2024

CHAPTER 41 OF THE GENERAL LAWS AS AMENDED NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD NEEDHAM DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS NEEDHAM TOWN ENGINEER

NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD

APPROVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 81-U OI CHAPTER 41 OF THE GENERAL LAWS AS AMENDED

NEEDHAM TOWN CLERK CERTIFICATION

DATE

PROJECT TEAM

Civil Engineer | Landscape Architect



508.952.6300 | LDCollaborative.com

Land Surveyor

Field Resources, Inc.

P.O. Box 324 281 Chestnut Street Needham, MA 02492 Auburn, MA 01501

| PROJECT OWNER | PROJECT APPLICANT |
|--|--|
| 40 Highland Avenue, LLC 435 Dedham, MA Unit E Newton, MA 02459 | 40 Highland Avenue, LLC 435 Dedham, MA Unit E Newton, MA 02459 |



| | SHEET INDEX |
|-----------|--|
| SHEET NO. | SHEET TITLE |
| 1 OF 10 | GENERAL NOTES AND LEGEND |
| 2 OF 10 | EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN (BY FIELD RESOURCES INC.) |
| 3 OF 10 | LOTTING PLAN "BY-RIGHT" |
| 4 OF 10 | LOTTING PLAN "WAIVER" (REGISTRY SHEET 1 OF 1) |
| 5 OF 10 | GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN |
| 6 OF 10 | PLAN & PROFILE SHEET |
| 7-9 OF 10 | DETAILS |
| 10 OF 10 | TURNING MOVEMENT EXHIBIT (FIRE APPARATUS) |

I CERTIFY THAT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF THIS PLAN IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE ACCURACY REQUIRED BY THE SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURAL RULES OF THE NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD.

REGISTRATION NO

AND BELIEF THIS PLAN IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE ACCURACY REQUIRED BY THE SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURAL RULES OF THE NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD.

I CERTIFY THAT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

REGISTRATION NO.

THE CONTENT, INFORMATION AND DESIGN OF THIS PLAN ARE PROPRIETA AND DUPLICATION AND/OR UTILIZATION FOR ANY PURPOSES IS STRICTL PROHIBITED WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM LAND DESIG UTILIZED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES. © LAND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE, LLC

- THIS PROJECT DISTURBS MORE THAN ONE ACRE OF LAND AND IS WITHIN THE NPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT (CGP) AND THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (FPA) JURISDICTION. PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO SUBMIT A NOTICE OF INTENT WITH THE EPA AND SECURE AND COMPLY WITH THE CGP IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NPDES REGULATIONS.
- A MINIMUM OF SEVENTY-TWO (72) HOURS BEFORE COMMENCING SITE WORK, CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL "DIG SAFE" AT 1-888-344-7233 (PER 220 CMR 99), MUNICIPAL UTILITY DEPARTMENTS. AND UTILITY DISTRICTS TO ACCURATELY LOCATE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION NOTIFICATION AND APPLY FOR AND OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY CONSTRUCTION PERMITS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PAY ALL FEES AND POST ALL BONDS ASSOCIATED WITH THE WORK AND COORDINATE WITH THE PROJECT ARCHITECT AND **ENGINEER AS NECESSARY**
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN PERMIT(S) FOR TRENCH EXCAVATION (PER 520 CMR 14).
- ALL ITEMS NOTED FOR REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL, AS WELL AS THOSE ITEMS DISCOVERED DURING EXCAVATION THAT REQUIRE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT, SHALL BECOME THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR AND MUST EITHER BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF OFF SITE ACCORDING TO APPLICABLE REGULATIONS (310 CMR 7, 18 & 19 AND 453 CMR 6). CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING NECESSARY PERMITS FOR DEMOLITION, HAULING AND DISPOSING OF SAID MATERIALS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL CONDITIONS IN THE FIELD AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SITE SECURITY, JOB SAFETY AND CONSTRUCTION MEANS AND METHODS. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA STANDARDS AND STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS.
- REFUELING OF CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED IN PROXIMITY TO CATCH BASINS, STORMWATER BASINS OR WETLAND RESOURCES.
- ANY ALTERATIONS MADE IN THE FIELD TO THE WORK SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE RECORDED BY THE CONTRACTOR ON RECORD DOCUMENTS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY APPROPRIATE LITHITY COMPANIES OF ANY LITHITIES DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION. ANY COSTS RELATED TO THE REPAIR OF UTILITIES DAMAGED AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY.
- . THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PREPARING AND MAINTAINING RECORD AS-BUILT DRAWINGS OF ALL SUBSURFACE UTILITIES.
- 2. ANY AREA DISTURBED BY THE CONTRACTOR OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF WORK SHALL BE RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CONDITIONS AT NO COST TO THE OWNER.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

- PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION A FENCE SHALL BE PLACED AROUND ALL TREES THAT ARE TO BE MAINTAINED AND PROTECTED. NO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY OR STOCKPILING OF MATERIAL SHALL BE ALLOWED WITHIN THE DRIPLINE OF THE EXISTING TREES THAT ARE TO REMAIN.
- SITE ELEMENTS TO REMAIN SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

THE MEASURES DEPICTED HEREON.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE PARTICULAR WATER.

- PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AN EROSION CONTROL BARRIER (ECB) SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE EDGE OF THE DEVELOPMENT AREA AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING THE ECB THROUGHOUT ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION AS WELL AS COMPLYING WITH ANY OTHER CONDITIONS ESTABLISHED IN THE ORDER OF CONDITIONS (MASSDEP FILE # ______) ISSUED BY THE ______ CONSERVATION COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER PERMIT ISSUED FOR THE SITE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE SUFFICIENT PRECAUTIONS DURING CONSTRUCTION TO MINIMIZE THE RUNOFF OF POLLUTING SUBSTANCES SUCH AS SILT, CLAY, FUELS, OILS, BITUMENS, CALCIUM CHLORIDE OR OTHER POLLUTING MATERIALS HARMFUL TO HUMANS, FISH, OR OTHER LIFE, INTO WATER SUPPLIES AND SURFACE WATERS. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS SHALL BE TAKEN IN THE USE OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT OPERATIONS WHICH PROMOTE
- CONTRACTOR SHALL UTILIZE TEMPORARY SEDIMENT PITS OR BASINS AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT SEDIMENT LADEN WATERS FROM ENTERING DRAINAGE FACILITIES. SPECIAL ATTENTION SHALL BE GIVEN TO AREAS FOR PROPOSED STORMWATER INFILTRATION SYSTEMS. IF ADDITIONAL SILTATION CONTROL IS REQUIRED. CHECK DAMS OR SILT FENCES MAY BE PLACED IN DITCHES RECEIVING STORMWATER FROM DISTURBED AREAS. UPON APPROVAL OF THE
- AS CONSTRUCTION PROGRESSES AND SEASONAL CONDITIONS DICTATE, MORE SILTATION CONTROL FACILITIES MAY BE REQUIRED. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO ADDRESS NEW CONDITIONS THAT MAY BE CREATED AND TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL FACILITIES OVER AND ABOVE
- MEASURES FOR CONTROL OF EROSION MUST BE ADEQUATE TO ASSURE THAT TURBIDITY IN THE RECEIVING WATER WILL NOT BE INCREASED BEYOND LEVELS ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE OR OTHER CONTROLLING BODY, IN WATERS USED FOR PUBLIC SUPPLY OR FISHING UNLESS OTHER LIMITS HAVE BEEN
- ALL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED ON A DAILY BASIS DURING THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION TO INSURE THAT CHANNELS, DITCHES AND PIPES ARE CLEAR OF DEBRIS AND THAT EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS ARE INTACT. EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS SHALL BE CLEANED AND MAINTAINED AS REQUIRED TO ENSURE FUNCTIONALITY.
- AN ANTI-TRACKING CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL POINTS OF CONSTRUCTION ACCESS AND EGRESS TO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY FOR THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION.
-). ANY SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY SHALL BE SWEPT AND CLEANED AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY.
- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DUST CONTROL. WHICH INCLUDES STREET SWEEPING OF ALL PAVED SURFACES WITHIN THE SITE AND OFF-SITE
- ALL TOPSOIL WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE EXCAVATED AREAS SHALL BE STRIPPED TO ITS FULL DEPTH AND STOCKPILED FOR REUSE AND SEGREGATED FROM
- 3. ALL STOCKPILE AREAS SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE LIMIT OF WORK LINE AND STABILIZED TO PREVENT EROSION.

SUBSURFACE SOIL MATERIAL. EXCESS TOPSOIL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF ON SITE AS DIRECTED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER.

- 4. SILT SACKS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ALL DOWNSTREAM DRAIN INLETS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO CONTROL SILTATION.
- . WITHIN THE LIMIT OF WORK TREES THAT ARE TO BE REMOVED MAY BE CUT BUT BRUSH AND STUMPS SHALL NOT BE REMOVED UNTIL ONE WEEK PRIOR THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. DISTURBANCE OF THE EXISTING GROUND SURFACE SHALL BE MINIMIZED PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- SILTATION AND SEDIMENTATION BASINS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON SITE TO DE-SILT ALL STORMWATER OR WATER PUMPED FROM EXCAVATED AREAS. PROPOSED DETENTION AND INFILTRATION BASINS MAY BE UTILIZED AS SILTATION PONDS PROVIDED THAT TOPSOIL AND SUBSOIL IS NOT STRIPPED FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE BASINS. SILTATION AND SEDIMENTATION BASINS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO RECEIVE DISCHARGE FROM SILTATION AND SEDIMENTATION PONDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE AGENCIES HAVING JURISDICTION. FOLLOWING STABILIZATION OF UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY AREAS, TOPSOIL AND SUBSOIL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM BASINS AND FREE-DRAINING SOIL FILL MATERIAL PLACED FROM PARENT MATERIAL UP TO SUBGRADE. BASIN BOTTOMS SHALL RECEIVE FINAL LOAM AND SEED.
- EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS SHALL BE INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURE'S SPECIFICATIONS FOR AREAS REQUIRING SLOPE STABILIZATION AND SHALL BE LOAMED, SEEDED AND FERTILIZED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF THE BLANKETS.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL DIVERT STORMWATER RUNOFF AROUND THE SITE AS REQUIRED AND DRAINAGE SHALL BE RESTORED TO CONDITION EXISTING PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION UNI ESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED OR MULCHED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING NOTES:

- INSTALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.
- CLEAR AND GRUB ONLY AS NECESSARY FOR SAFE ACCESS TO SITE FOR TREE REMOVAL EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY AND THE THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BARRIER AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AROUND THE INITIAL STAGING AREA(S).
- FELL TREES WITHIN APPROVED LIMITS OF CLEARING (WORK AREA).
- INSTALL EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS WELL AS LIMIT OF WORK DEMARCATION (FLAGGING OR FENCING) AS MAY BE SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS OR REQUIRED BY PERMIT GRANTING AUTHORITIES.
- EXCAVATE TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION BASINS TO ONE FOOT ABOVE BOTTOM OF BASIN ELEVATION AND CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY DIVERSION SWALES TO DIRECT SEDIMENTATION RUNOFF TO BASINS.
- CLEAR AND GRUB WITHIN LIMIT OF WORK AREA AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF STUMPS AND BRUSH.
- PERFORM SITE CUT AND FILL OPERATIONS AND ESTABLISH ROUGH SUB-GRADES.
- ROUGH GRADE PAVED AREAS.
- LOAM AND SEED TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS AND TEMPORARY DIVERSION SWALES.
- . ESTABLISH STOCKPILE AREA AND SURROUND WITH EROSION CONTROL BARRIER. AVOID STOCKPILING IN VALLEYS OR LOW-LYING AREA WHERE SUSCEPTIBLE TO EROSION.
- MAINTAIN CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, TEMPORARY DIVERSION SWALES AND TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION BASINS
- THROUGHOUT DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION. REMOVE SEDIMENT IN TEMPORARY BASIN(S) WHEN ACCUMULATED TO A DEPTH OF TWELVE (12) INCHES. . SEDIMENTATION BASINS TO REMAIN DURING EARTHWORK OPERATIONS. ALL SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM BASINS AND BOTTOM OF BASINS
- EXCAVATED TO FINAL BOTTOM ELEVATION FOLLOWING STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED AREAS.
- 3. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE BASED UPON FIELD CONDITIONS, CONSTRAINTS, AND OTHER UNFORESEEN FACTORS.

LAYOUT AND MATERIAL NOTES:

- ALL SETBACK LINES AND DIMENSIONS ARE PARALLEL OR PERPENDICULAR TO THE LINES FROM WHICH THEY ARE MEASURED, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- DIMENSIONS ARE FROM THE FACE OF CURB. FACE OF BUILDING, FACE OF WALL AND CENTERLINE OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON THE GROUND AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER.

OR ANY PROPOSED MONUMENTATION SHALL BE SET OR RESET BY A PROFESSIONAL LICENSED SURVEYOR

- SEE ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR EXACT BUILDING DIMENSIONS AND DETAILS CONTIGUOUS TO THE BUILDING. EXISTING PROPERTY LINE MONUMENTATION SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION. ANY MONUMENTATION DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION
- SYMBOLS OF PROJECT FEATURES DEPICTED IN THESE DRAWINGS ARE GRAPHIC REPRESENTATIONS AND ARE NOT NECESSARILY SCALED TO THEIR DIMENSIONS OR LOCATIONS ON THE DRAWINGS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO THE DETAIL SHEET DIMENSIONS, MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS, SHOP DRAWINGS AND FIFLD MEASUREMENTS FOR ACCURATE INFORMATION.
- ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS INCLUDING PARKING SPACES AND CROSSWALKS SHALL BE PAINTED WHITE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTES.
- EACH ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY A SIGN CONTAINING THE "INTERNATIONAL SYMBOL OF ACCESSIBILITY" AS DESCRIBED IN THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT, PUBLIC LAW 101-366, AND DETAILED IN THE FHWA/USDOT MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, AS

GRADING, DRAINAGE AND UTILITY NOTES:

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM THE SIZE AND DISPOSITION OF ALL UTILITIES TO SITE AND COORDINATE WITH RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANIES REGARDING ANY UTILITIES THAT REQUIRE REMOVAL OR RELOCATION. NO EXCAVATION SHALL BE PERFORMED UNTIL ALL UTILITY COMPANIES HAVE BEEN
- LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON WERE COMPILED FROM AVAILABLE RECORD PLANS OF UTILITY COMPANIES AND ARE APPROXIMATE AND ASSUMED. THERE MAY BE ADDITIONAL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES THAT ARE NOT DEPICTED HEREON. NO WARRANTEE IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED AS TO THE ACCURACY OF SUBSURFACE UTILITY LOCATIONS OR DISPOSITION. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLAN.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM DEPTH(S) OF PERTINENT UTILITIES BY TEST PIT AND NOTIFY OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY DISCREPANCIES.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIEY EXISTING GRADES IN THE FIELD AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES IMMEDIATELY TO THE PROJECT SURVEYOR AND
- PROVIDE CRIBBING TO PROTECT UTILITY LINES DURING CONSTRUCTION AS NECESSARY.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE. SEWER AND ALL OTHER UTILITIES FROM EXCESSIVE VEHICLE LOADS DURING CONSTRUCTION. FACILITIES DAMAGED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION LOADS SHALL BE RESTORED TO THE ORIGINAL CONDITION BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO
- ALL DRAIN PIPE SHALL BE CLASS III RCP (ASTM C76) OR SMOOTH INTERIOR CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE (CPE TYPE S; AASHTO M252 OR M294), UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. PIPE LENGTHS ARE MEASURED CENTER-OF-STRUCTURE TO CENTER-OF-STRUCTURE.
- ALL GRAVITY SEWER PIPE SHALL BE SDR 35 PVC (ASTM D3034) WITH WATERTIGHT INTEGRAL BELL GASKETED JOINT (ASTM D3212) AND ELASTOMERIC GASKET (ASTM F477), UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- ALL FORCE MAIN SEWER PIPE SHALL BE SDR 21 PVC (200 PSI RATED, ASTM D2241) WITH WATERTIGHT JOINTS (ASTM D2672 OR D3212 AS ALLOWED), UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
-). ALL WATER MAIN PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE CLDI CLASS 52 (AWWA C151, C110 & C104) WITH RUBBER GASKETED JOINTS (AWWA 111), UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL WATER SERVICES TO BE PRESSURE RATED PE OR COPPER AS REQUIRED AND APPROVED BY DPW. PROVIDE FIVE (5) FEET MINIMUM
- . WHERE 10' HORIZONTAL SEPARATION BETWEEN SEWER AND WATER MAINS CANNOT BE MAINTAINED, CROWN OF SEWER MAIN SHALL BE EIGHTEEN (18) INCHES BELOW BOTTOM OF WATER MAIN. IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 9.7.2 OF MASSDEP "GUIDELINES AND POLICIES FOR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS"
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE ALL ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE ALTERATION OF GAS, ELECTRIC, TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND ANY OTHER PRIVATE UTILITIES BY THE UTILITY COMPANIES AS REQUIRED. WHERE AN EXISTING UTILITY IS IN CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED WORK THE LOCATION, ELEVATION AND SIZE OF THE UTILITY SHALL BE ACCURATELY DETERMINED WITHOUT DELAY BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE INFORMATION FURNISHED TO THE OWNER AND PROJECT ENGINEER FOR RESOLUTION.
- 8. PROPOSED GAS, ELECTRIC, TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND CABLE TV DEPICTED IS SCHEMATIC ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANY FOR FINAL PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE CONNECTION TO MUNICIPAL FIRE ALARM.

COVER ON ALL WATER MAINS AND SERVICES.

(AS DEFINED IN 310 CMR 22.02)

- .5. ALL UTILITIES INCLUDING CONCRETE PADS ARE TO BE INSTALLED PER UTILITY COMPANY OR LOCAL DPW STANDARDS AS APPLICABLE.
- $16.\;\;$ ALL UTILITY COVERS, GRATES, HATCHES, ETC., SHALL BE FLUSH WITH THE PAVEMENT FINISHED GRADE. 7. EXISTING PAVEMENT SHALL BE SAW CUT AND NEW PAVEMENT SHALL BE BLENDED SMOOTHLY TO MEET CUT EDGES
- 18. FINAL GRADES SHALL BE PITCHED EVENLY BETWEEN SPOT ELEVATIONS AND ALL AREAS SHALL BE GRADED TO DRAIN WITH NO PUDDLING OR PONDING.
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE THE WORK TO ALLOW THE FINISHED SUBGRADE ELEVATIONS TO DRAIN PROPERLY WITHOUT PUDDLING. SPECIFICALLY, ALLOW WATER TO ESCAPE WHERE PROPOSED CURBING MAY RETAIN RUNOFF PRIOR TO APPLICATION OF THE FINISH SUBGRADE AND/OR SURFACE PAVING. PROVIDE TEMPORARY POSITIVE DRAINAGE AS REQUIRED
- 20. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE (1.5% MINIMUM) AWAY FROM ALL BUILDING FOUNDATIONS AND STRUCTURES.
- 1. GRADES IN ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACES SHALL NOT EXCEED 2% IN ANY DIRECTION (PER 521 CMR 23.4.3).
- 22. GRADES IN ACCESSIBLE WALKWAYS SHALL NOT EXCEED 5% (PER 521 CMR 22.3) AND SHALL NOT HAVE A CROSS PITCH OF MORE THAN 2% (PER 521 CMR
- 3. RIPRAP APRONS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL FLARED ENDS AND HEADWALLS.
- 4. RETAINING WALLS OVER FOUR (4) FEET IN HEIGHT ARE TO BE DESIGNED BY OTHERS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO PROVIDE ENGINEERED STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS FOR RETAINING WALLS WHERE REQUIRED BY CODE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE STATE BUILDING CODE (780 CMR).
- 5. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE LOAMED TO A SIX (6) INCH DEPTH AND SEEDED WITH SUITABLE GRASS SEED MIX UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ON THE

PLANTING NOTES:

- ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL MEET THE THE SPECIFICATIONS AND GUIDELINES OF THE AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK ISSUED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN, INC.
- ANY PROPOSED SUBSTITUTION OF PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE EQUAL IN OVERALL SIZE, HEIGHT, LEAF, FORM, BRANCHING HABIT, FRUIT, FLOWER, COLOR,
- AND CULTURE. ALL PROPOSED SUBSTITUTIONS SHALL BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED IN WRITING BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO PURCHASING. FINAL QUANTITIES FOR EACH PLANT TYPE SHALL BE AS GRAPHICALLY SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THIS NUMBER SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE IN CASE OF ANY DISCREPANCY BETWEEN QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANT LIST AND ON THE PLAN. THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPORT AND DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE NUMBER OF PLANTS SHOWN ON THE PLANT LIST AND PLANT LABELS PRIOR TO BIDDING.
- THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REJECT ANY PLANT MATERIAL AT THE SITE. MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE PROPERTY BY THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR AND REPLACED WITH PLANT MATERIAL APPROVED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER.
- THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATIONS OF ALL BELOW AND ABOVE GRADE UTILITIES AND NOTIFY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OF ANY
- ALL TREE PLANTINGS TO MAINTAIN A 10 FOOT HORIZONTAL SEPARATION FROM PROPOSED AND EXISTING SEWER AND WATER LINES.
- ALL PLANTING BEDS ARE TO BE CROWNED WITH TOPSOIL AND MULCH ABOVE ADJACENT AREAS.

ALL TREES SHALL BE BALLED AND BURLAPPED UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

- NO PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE INSTALLED UNTIL ALL GRADING AND CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA. THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OF ANY CONFLICT.
- D. THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL LAYOUT ALL PLANT MATERIAL AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SHALL NOTIFY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO INSTALLAITON FOR FIELD REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
- . PROVIDE A 3" DEPTH OF MULCH AS SHOWN ON THE PLANTING DETAILS UNDER AND AROUND ALL PLANT MATERIAL AND IN ALL PLANT BEDS AND I ANDSCAPE ISLANDS. MULCH SHALL BE CLEAN. SHREDDED PINE BARK MULCH UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. PRIOR TO SPREADING MULCH, APPLY A WEED PRE-EMERGENT SUCH AS "PREEN" OR APPROVED EQUAL. FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS.
- 2. ALL TREES ADJACENT TO SIDEWALKS SHALL HAVE A 6'-8" MINIMUM BRANCHING HEIGHT AT TIME OF PLANTING.
- 3. LAWN AND DISTURBED SHALL RECEIVE A MINIMUM OF 6" OF LOAM AND SPECIFIED SEED MIX UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. AREAS OVER 2:1 SLOPE SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH EROSION CONTROL FABRIC.
- 4. THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLETE MAINTENANCE OF THE PLANT MATERIAL AND LAWN AREAS UNTIL DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. WATERING SHALL BE PROVIDED DURING THE FIRST GROWING SEASON WHEN NATURAL RAINFALL IS BELOW ONE INCH PER WEEK.
- 5. IF AN IRRIGATION SYSTEM IS PROVIDED THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FULL COORDINATION WITH THE IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE PROPER IRRIGATION TO ALL TREES, PLANT BEDS AND LAWN AREAS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. IRRIGATION DESIGN AND PERMITTING TO BE PROVIDED BY OTHERS.
- 5. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE GUARANTEED BY THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR FOLLOWING DATE OF FINAL ACCEPTANCE BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. ALL REPLACEMENTS SHALL BE AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO OWNER.

LEGEND

ENVIRONMENTAL 100' FLOOD ZONE 100' WETLAND BUFFER ZONE 200' RIVERFRONT AREA APPROX. BOUNDARY BORDERING VEGETATED WETLAND ABBVW___ BOUNDARY BORDERING VEGETATED WETLAND ECB **EROSION CONTROL BARRIER** STREAM - INTERMITTENT

GRADING & TOPOGRAPHY

STREAM - PERENNIAL

WATER BODY

BFE=100.00 BASEMENT FLOOR ELEVATION CONTOUR - MINOR ____ ___ ____100___ ____ CONTOUR - MAJOR BCx100 CURB - BOTOM OF CURB TCx100 CURB - TOP OF CURB FFE=100.00 FINISH FLOOR ELEVATION TOF=100.00 FOUNDATION - TOP OF FOUNDATION GFF=100.00 GARAGE FLOOR ELEVATION HIGH POINT LPx100 LOW POINT x100 00 **SPOT ELEVATION**

TREELINE BWx100 WALL - BOTTOM OF WALL TWx100

- WALL TOP OF WALL MATERIALS **BOLLARD POST** BUILDING **BUILDING - DOOR BUILDING - OVERHEAD DOOR BUILDING - OVERHANG**
- CAPE COD BERM **CURB - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE**
- CURB CONCRETE CURB - HAUNCHED
- CURB SLOPED GRANITE **CURB - VERTICAL GRANITE** EDGE OF PAVEMENT
- FENCE CHAIN LINK
- FENCE POST & RAIL FENCE - STOCKADE **GUARDRAIL - STEEL**
- GUARDRAIL STEEL BACK WOODEN
- **GUARDRAIL WOODEN** HANDICAP ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE HANDICAP ACCESSIBLE RAMP
- HANDRAIL STEEL WHR
- HANDRAIL WOODEN LIGHTPOLE
- Traditional) 🕇 lp 💥 (ornamenta RIPRAP -->-- S
- SIGN
- WALL CONCRETE WALL - HEAD
- WALL RAILROAD TIE WALL - STONE
- MONITORING & TESTING MONITORING WELL

PERCOLATION TEST

TRANSFORMER

WELL

TEST PIT UTILITIES & DRAINAGE **ELECTRIC & COMMUNICATION ELECTRIC BOX**

R=100.00

- ELECTRIC, COMMUNICATION & DATE LINE EMH **ELECTRIC MANHOLE** — OHW —— OHW —— OVERHEAD WIRE **TELEPHONE MANHOLE**
- COD UP UTILITY POLE GAS
- —— G —— G —— G **GAS LINE GAS METER**
- GV **GATE VALVE**
- SANITARY SEWER & WASTEWATER
- ____s ___s ___s ___ SANITARY SEWER LINE SANITARY SEWER SERVICE → SMH SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE
- STORMWATER CATCH BASIN CB D-TYPE CATCH BASIN - D-TYPE **CATCH BASIN - DOUBLE**
- **CATCH BASIN LEACHING** CATCH BASIN - ROUND DROP INLET ____ D ____ D ____ D ___ DRAINLINE DMH DRAIN MANHOLE
- FLARED END — FD — FD — FD — FOUNDATION DRAIN INV=100.00 □ OCS OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE
- RD RD RD ROOF DRAIN WATER & APPURTENANCES HYDRANT GATE VALVE REDUCER
- TEE WATER LINE ----- WS------ WS------ WS----WATER SERVICE WATER SHUT OFF

I CERTIFY THAT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF THIS PLAN IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE ACCURACY REQUIRED BY THE SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURAL RULES OF THE NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD.

REGISTRATION NO

NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD

NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD

APPROVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 81-U OF CHAPTER 41 OF THE GENERAL LAWS AS AMENDED.

APPROVED SUBJECT TO TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF A COVENANT GIVEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 81-U CHAPTER 41 OF THE GENERAL LAWS AS AMENDED.

NEEDHAM DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

NEEDHAM TOWN ENGINEER

SIGNATURE

DATE

"I, TOWN CLERK OF THE TOWN OF NEEDHAM, CERTIFY THAT THE NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF THIS PLAN BY THE NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD HAS BEEN RECEIVED AND RECORDED AT THIS OFFICE AND NO APPEAL WAS RECEIVED DURING THE TWENTY DAYS NEXT AFTER

SUCH RECEIPT AND RECORDING OF SAID NOTICE

ABBREVIATIONS

BIT. CONC

CONC.

DIA.

FND

L.F.

M&P

N.T.S.

N/F

S.F.

R&D

R&R

R&S

V.I.F.

NEEDHAM TOWN CLERK CERTIFICATION

For Registry Use Only

HE CONTENT, INFORMATION AND DESIGN OF THIS PLAN ARE PROPRIETARY AND DUPLICATION AND/OR UTILIZATION FOR ANY PURPO STRICTLY PROHIBITED WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FRO AND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE. ONLY APPROVED. SIGNED AND SEALED PLANS SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES.

Project Owner:

D LAND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE. LL

40 Highland 435 Dedham Street, Unit Newton, MA 02459

Prepared For

435 Dedham Street, Unit Newton, MA 02459

Definitive Subdivision Plar 40 Highland Ave

(Norfolk County) Sheet Title:

> GENERAL NOTES AND LEGEND

Definitive Subdivision

Prepared By:

Chauncy Place | Terrace North | Suite 1 45 Lyman Street Westborough, MA 01581

508.952.6300 | LDCollaborative.com

oject Surveyor: FIELD RESOURCES, INC

508.832.4332

Drawn By:

P.O. Box 324 281 Chestnut Street Auburn, MA Needham, MA

781.444.5936

fieldresources@hotmail.com HE CONTENT, INFORMATION AND DESIGN OF THIS PLAN ARE ROPRIFTARY AND DUPLICATION AND/OR UTILIZATION FOR ANY PURPO STRICTLY PROHIBITED WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM AND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE. ONLY APPROVED, SIGNED AND SEALED PLANS SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES.) LAND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE LLC

No: Date: |Revision | Issue:

JTA | Checked By:

04/19/2024 | Project No.:

Sheet No.:



THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS REQUIRE NOTIFICATION BY EXCAVATORS OR ANY PERSON PREPARING TO DISTURB THE EARTH'S SURFACE ANYWHERE IN THE COMMONWEALTH.

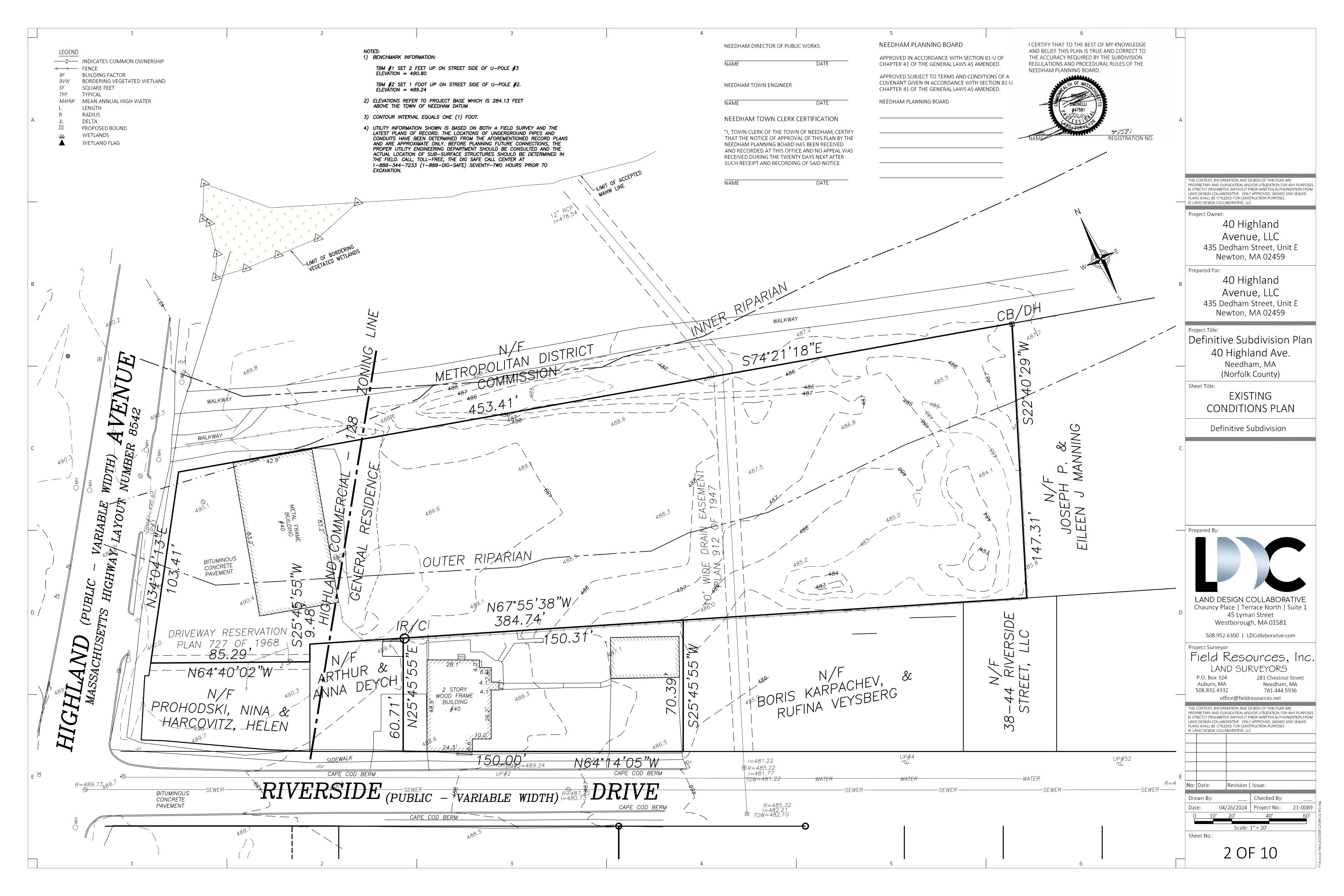
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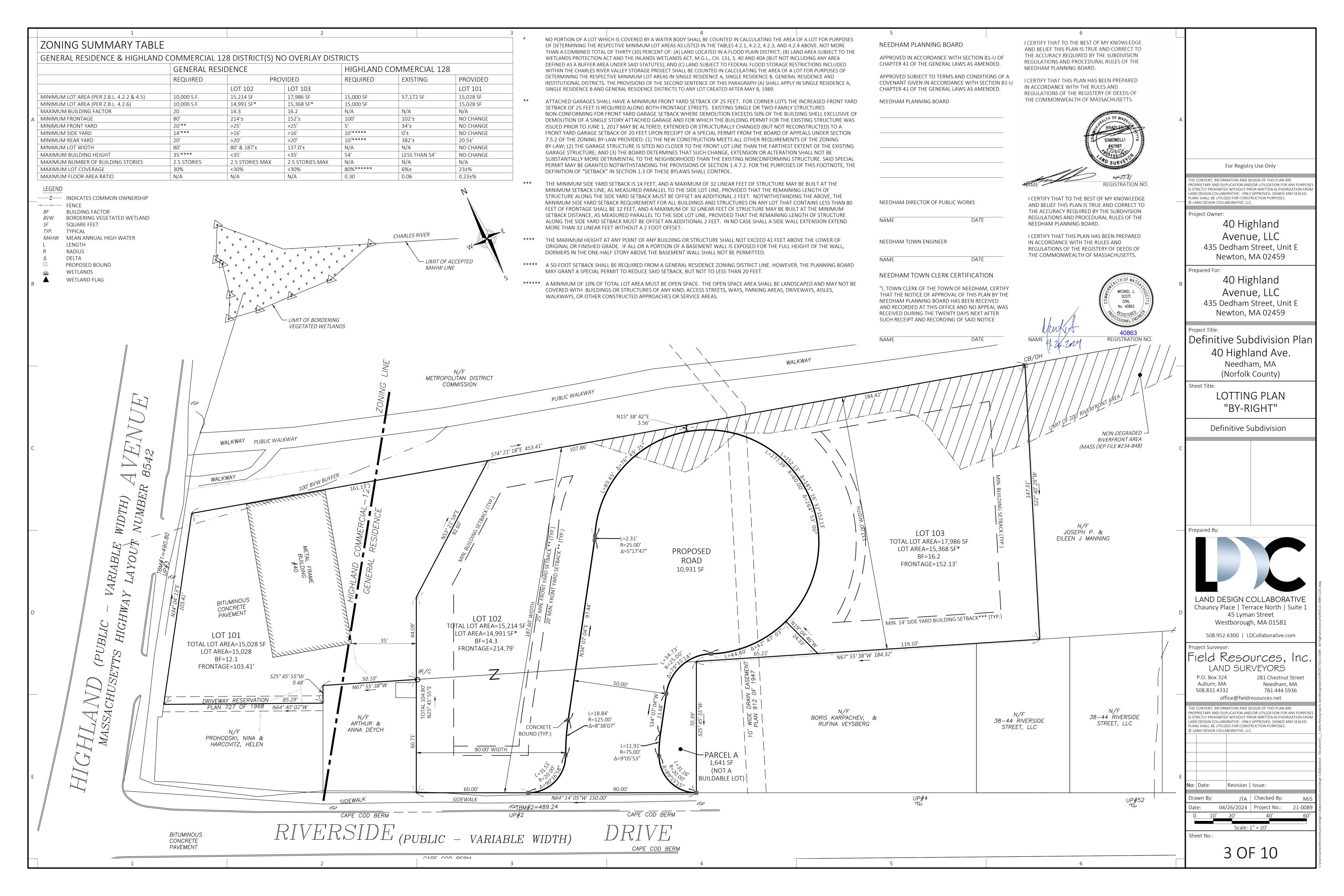
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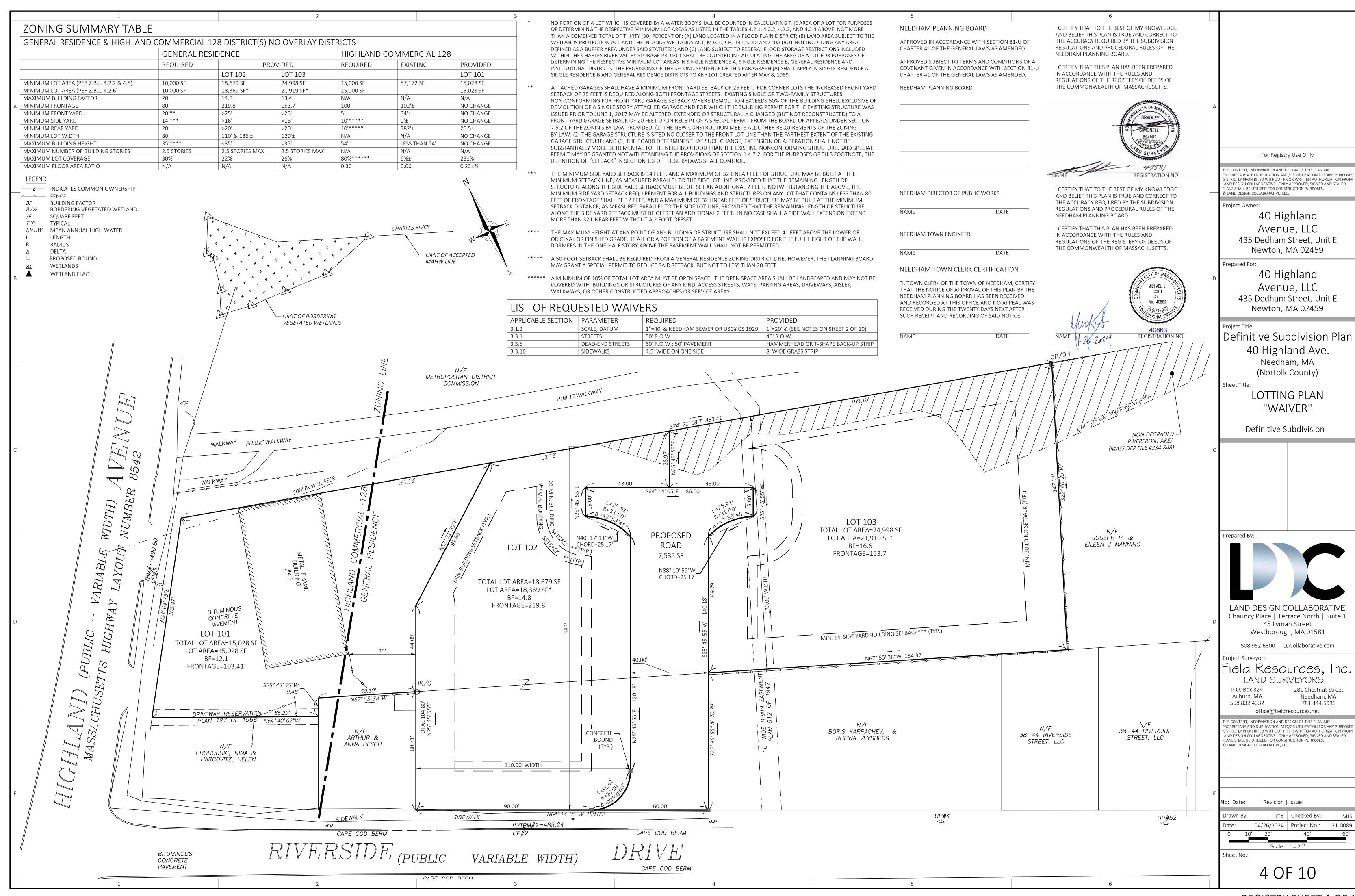
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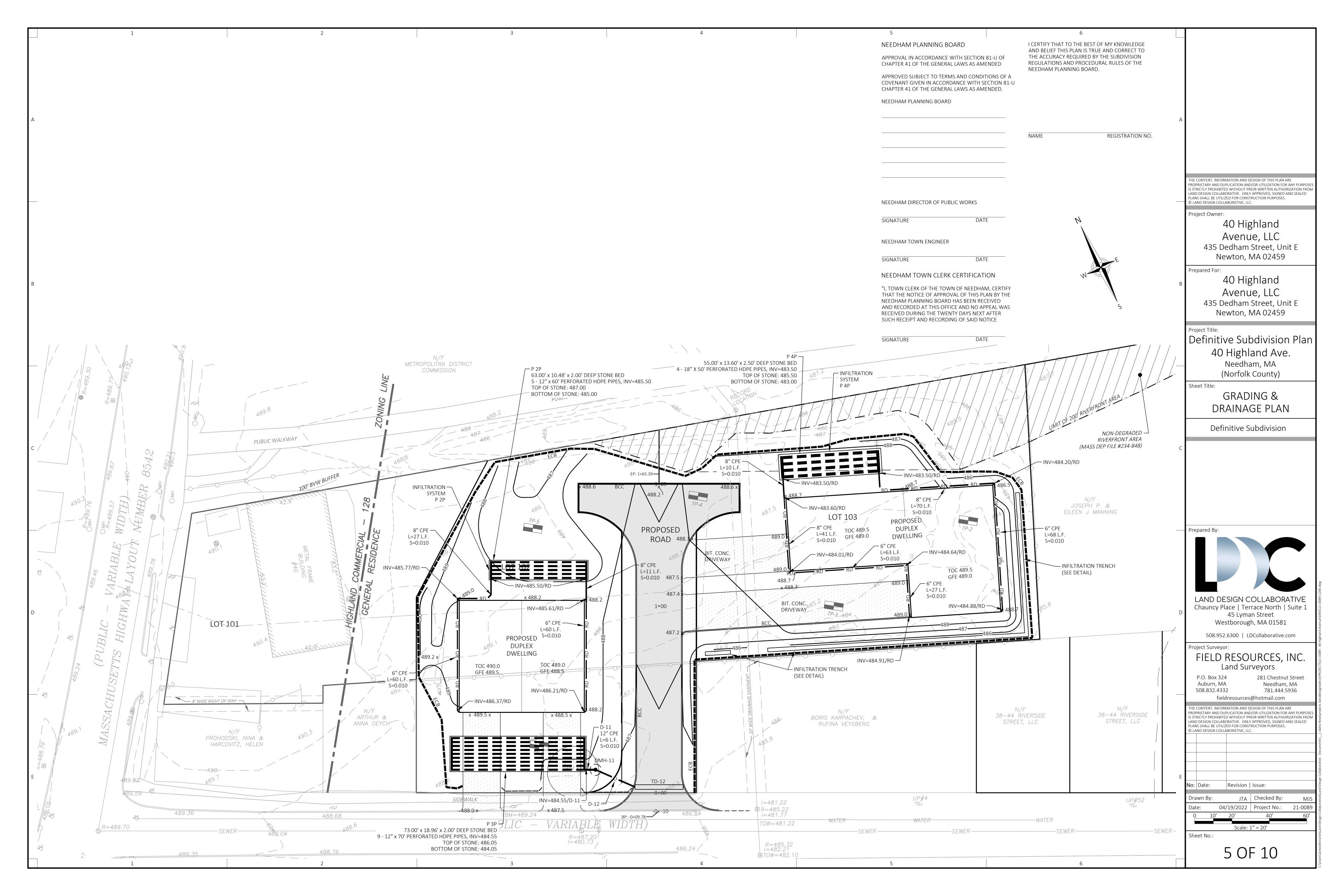
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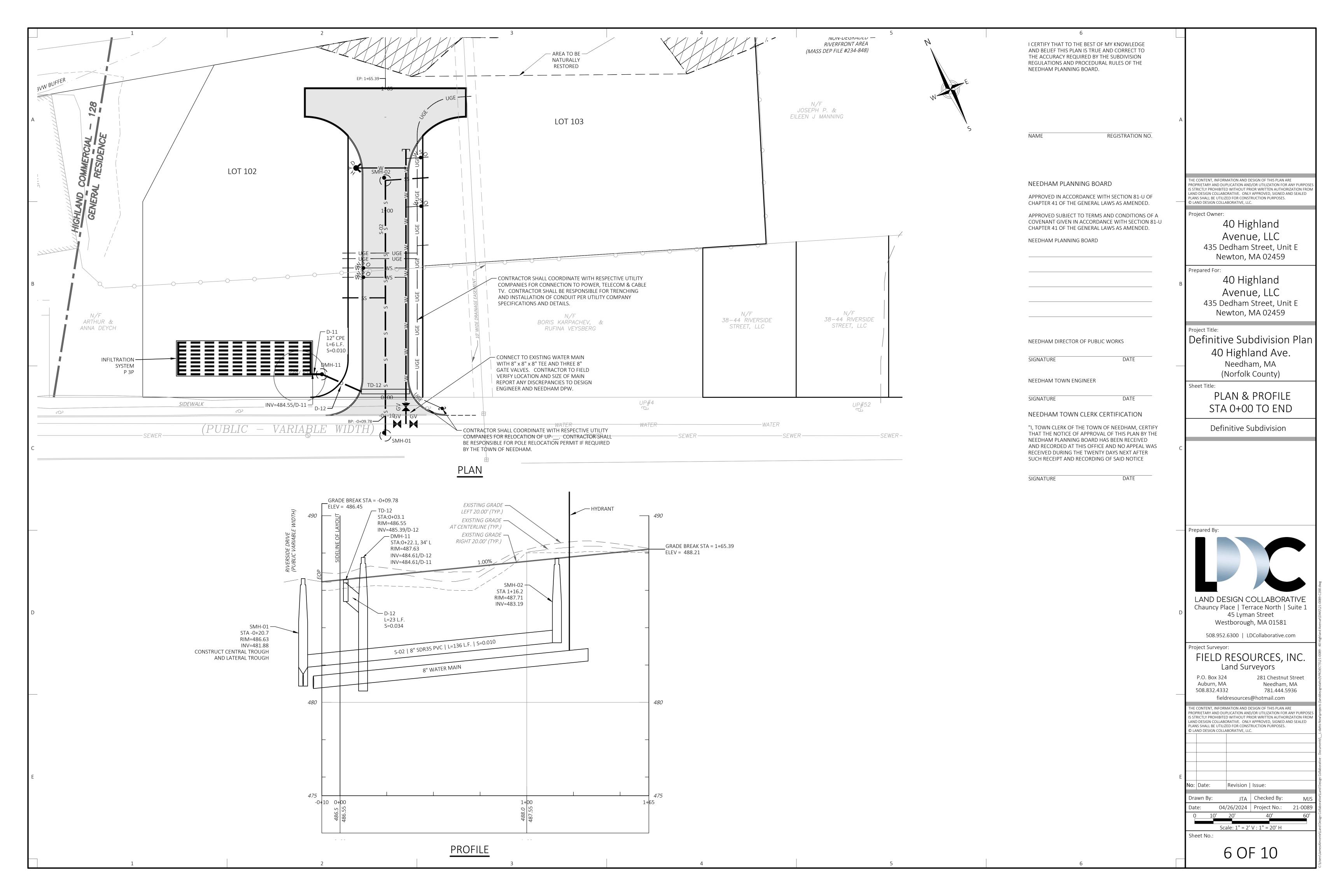
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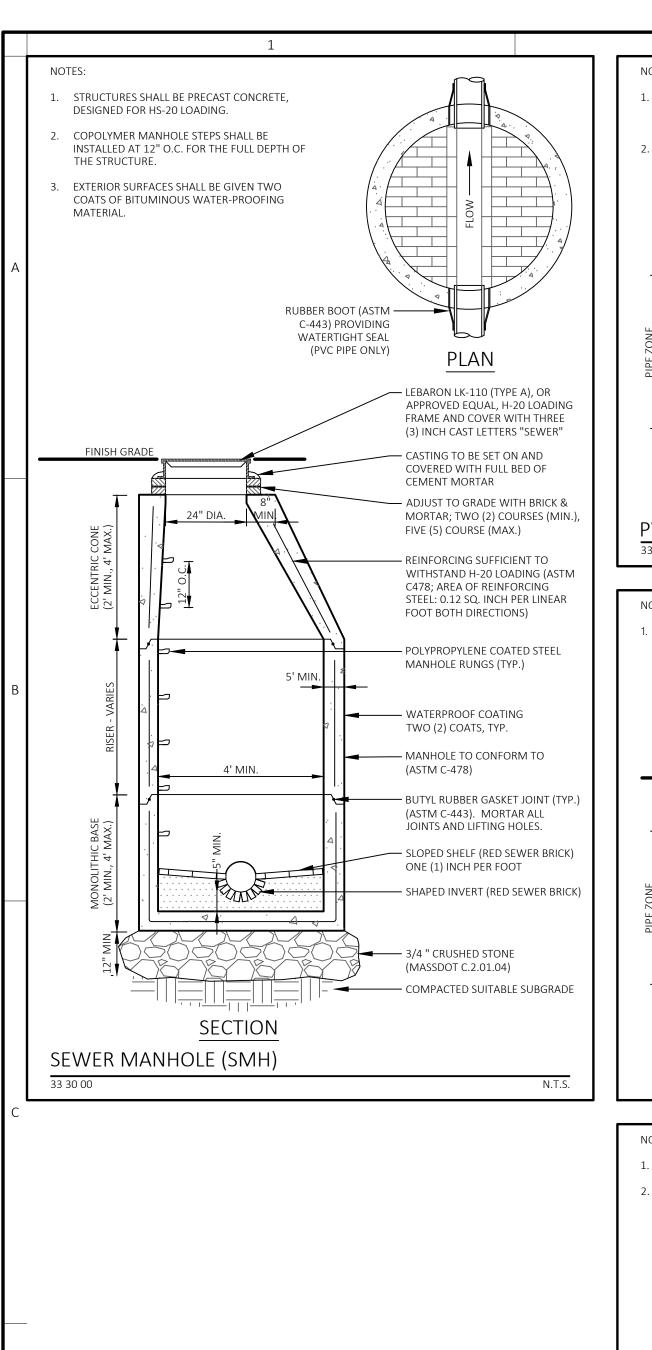


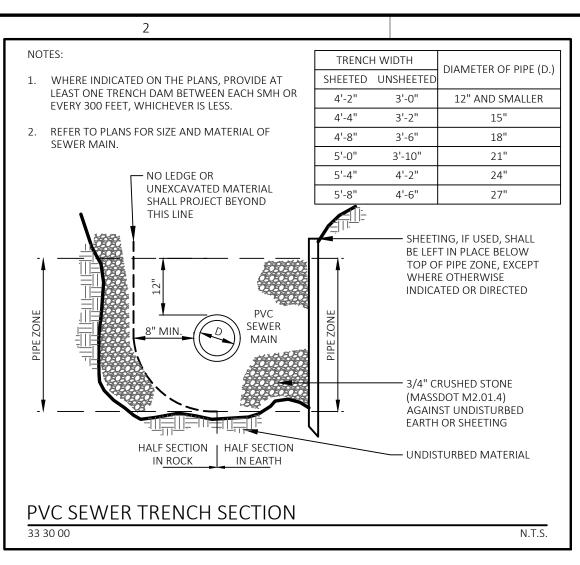


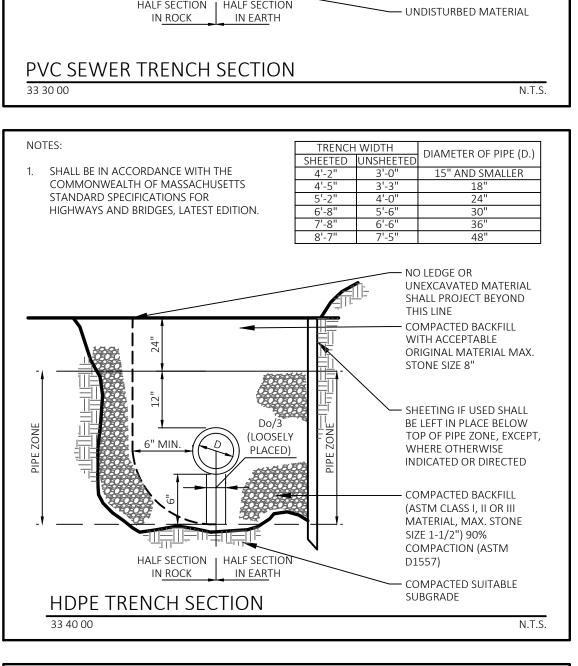


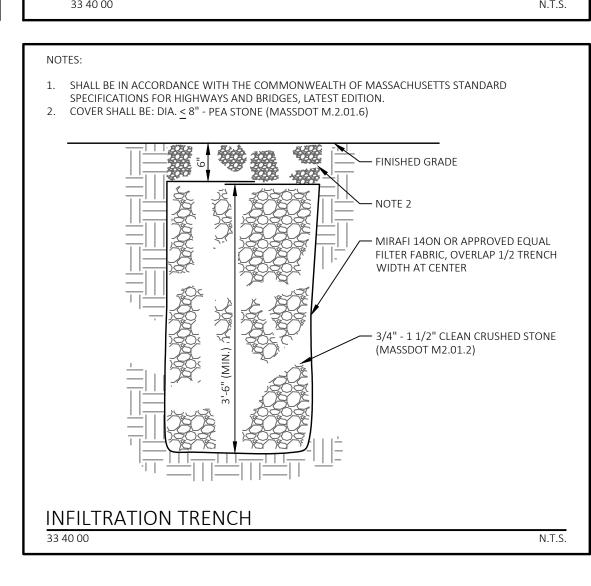


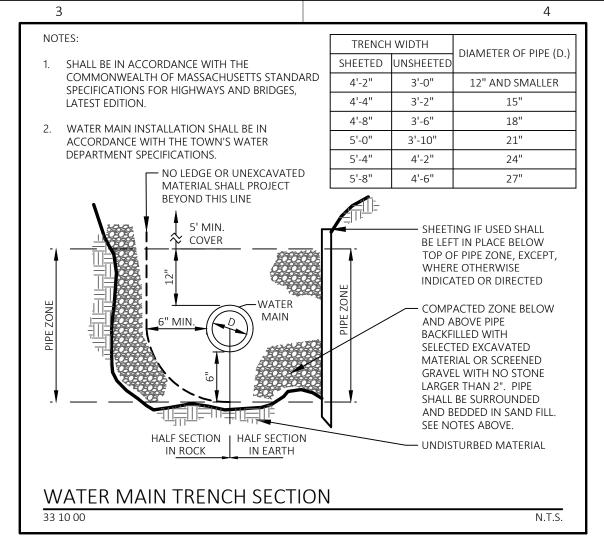


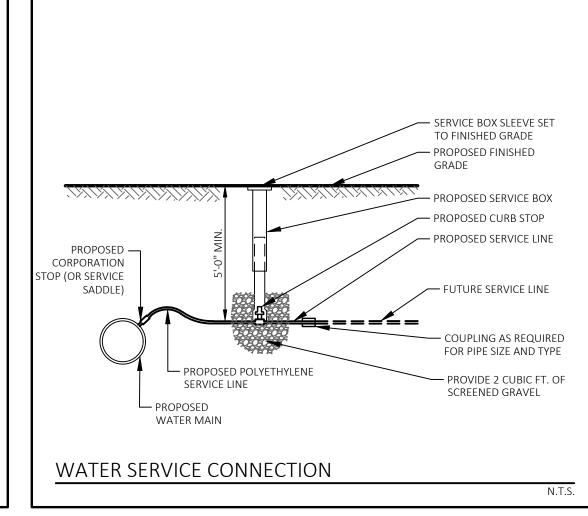






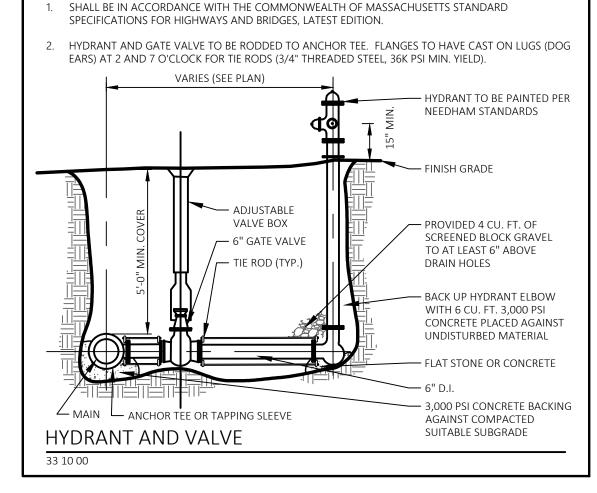


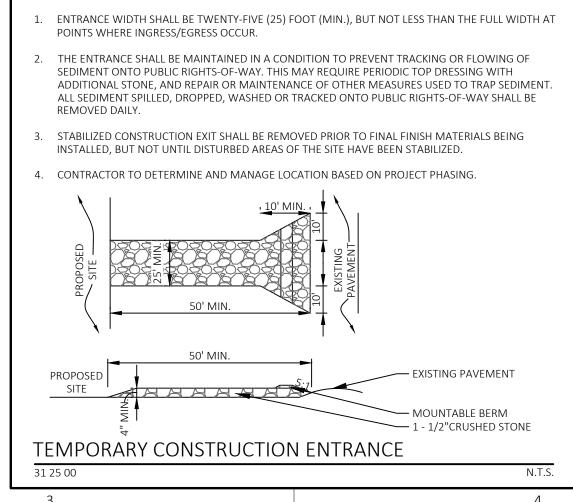


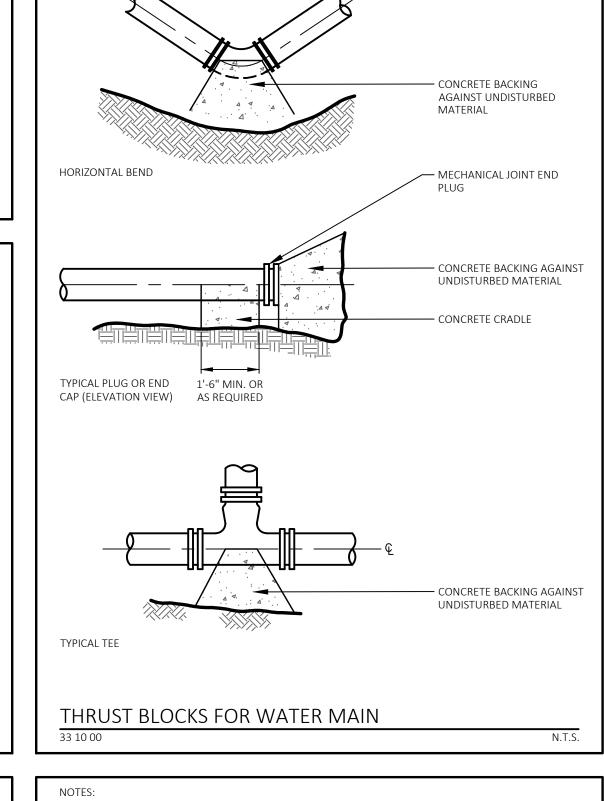


NOTES:

NOTES:







SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS STANDARD

2. CONCRETE SHALL BE POURED TO NOT INTERFERE WITH DISASSEMBLY OF FITTING END JOINTS.

BEND

TEES & PLUGS

10

SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, LATEST EDITION.

MINIMUM VERTICAL-PLANE BEARING AREAS

FOR WATER MAIN FITTINGS (SF)

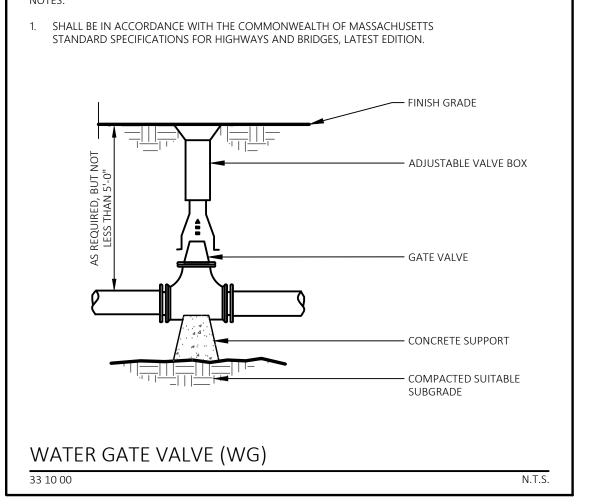
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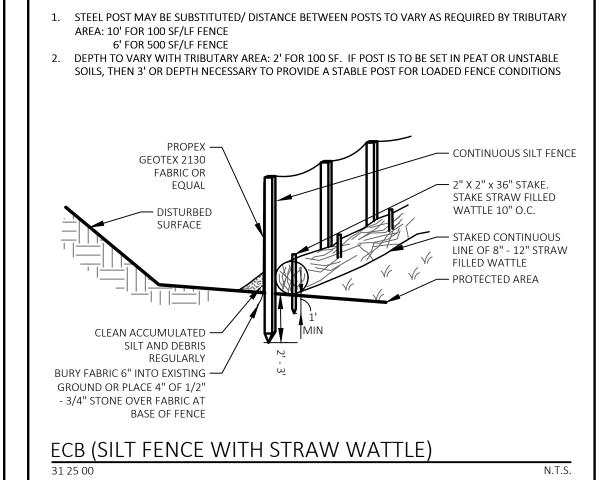
NOTES:

MAIN (IN.)

8" OR LESS

10" & 12"





NOTES:

I CERTIFY THAT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF THIS PLAN IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE ACCURACY REQUIRED BY THE SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURAL RULES OF THE NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD.

REGISTRATION NO.

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APPROVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 81-U OF CHAPTER 41 OF THE GENERAL LAWS AS AMENDED.

APPROVED SUBJECT TO TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF A COVENANT GIVEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 81-U CHAPTER 41 OF THE GENERAL LAWS AS AMENDED.

NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD

NEEDHAM DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

DATE SIGNATURE

NEEDHAM TOWN ENGINEER

SIGNATURE

NEEDHAM TOWN CLERK CERTIFICATION

"I, TOWN CLERK OF THE TOWN OF NEEDHAM, CERTIFY THAT THE NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF THIS PLAN BY THE NEEDHAM PLANNING BOARD HAS BEEN RECEIVED AND RECORDED AT THIS OFFICE AND NO APPEAL WAS RECEIVED DURING THE TWENTY DAYS NEXT AFTER SUCH RECEIPT AND RECORDING OF SAID NOTICE

SIGNATURE

SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS STANDARD

USE AFTER BINDER COURSE HAS BEEN PAVED, PRIOR TO STABILIZATION OF SURROUNDING UPGRADIENT

SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, LATEST EDITION.

31 25 00

HE CONTENT, INFORMATION AND DESIGN OF THIS PLAN ARE PROPRIETARY AND DUPLICATION AND/OR UTILIZATION FOR ANY PURPO STRICTLY PROHIBITED WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FRO AND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE. ONLY APPROVED, SIGNED AND SEALED PLANS SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES. © LAND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE, LLC

Project Owner:

40 Highland Avenue, LLC 435 Dedham Street, Unit E Newton, MA 02459

Prepared For

40 Highland Avenue, LLC 435 Dedham Street, Unit E Newton, MA 02459

Definitive Subdivision Plar 40 Highland Ave. Needham, MA (Norfolk County)

Sheet Title:

DETAILS

Definitive Subdivision

Prepared By:

LAND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE Chauncy Place | Terrace North | Suite 1 45 Lyman Street Westborough, MA 01581

508.952.6300 | LDCollaborative.com

oject Surveyor:

FIELD RESOURCES, INC. Land Surveyors

P.O. Box 324 281 Chestnut Street Auburn, MA Needham, MA

508.832.4332 781.444.5936 fieldresources@hotmail.com HE CONTENT, INFORMATION AND DESIGN OF THIS PLAN ARE PROPRIETARY AND DUPLICATION AND/OR UTILIZATION FOR ANY PURPO

STRICTLY PROHIBITED WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM AND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE. ONLY APPROVED, SIGNED AND SEALED PLANS SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES. LAND DESIGN COLLABORATIVE LLC No: Date: Revision | Issue: JTA | Checked By: Drawn By: 04/26/2024 | Project No.: 21-0089

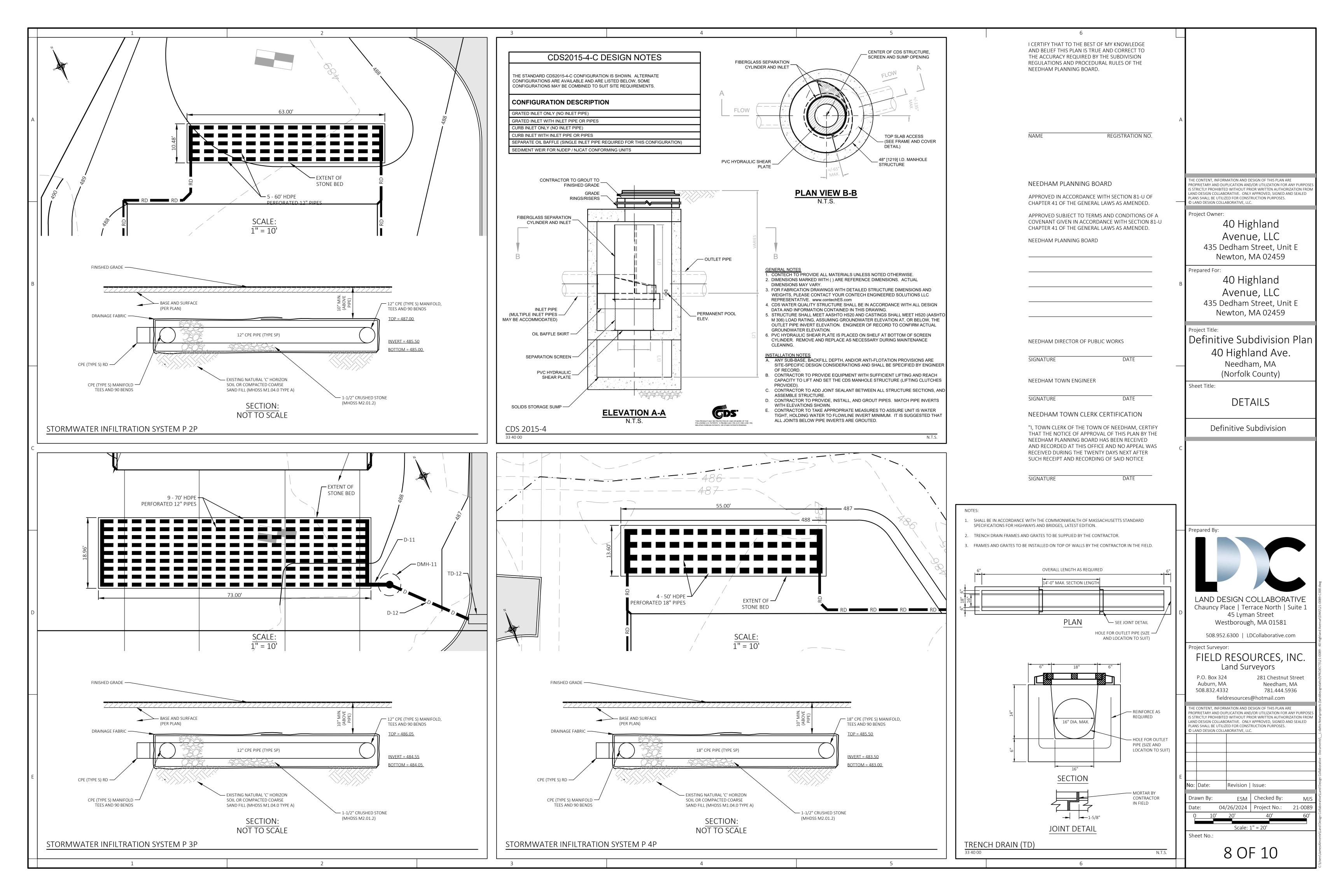
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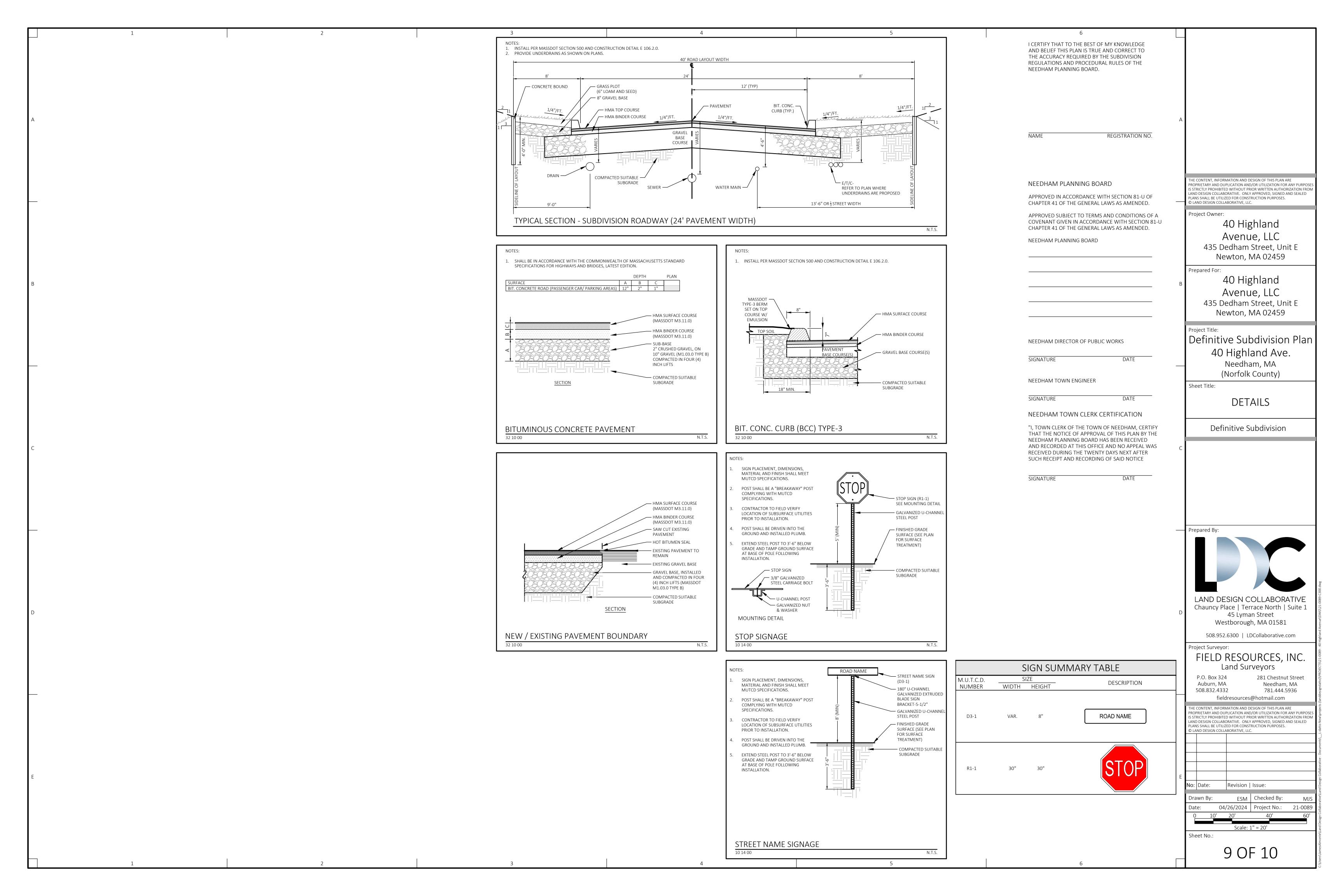
7 OF 10

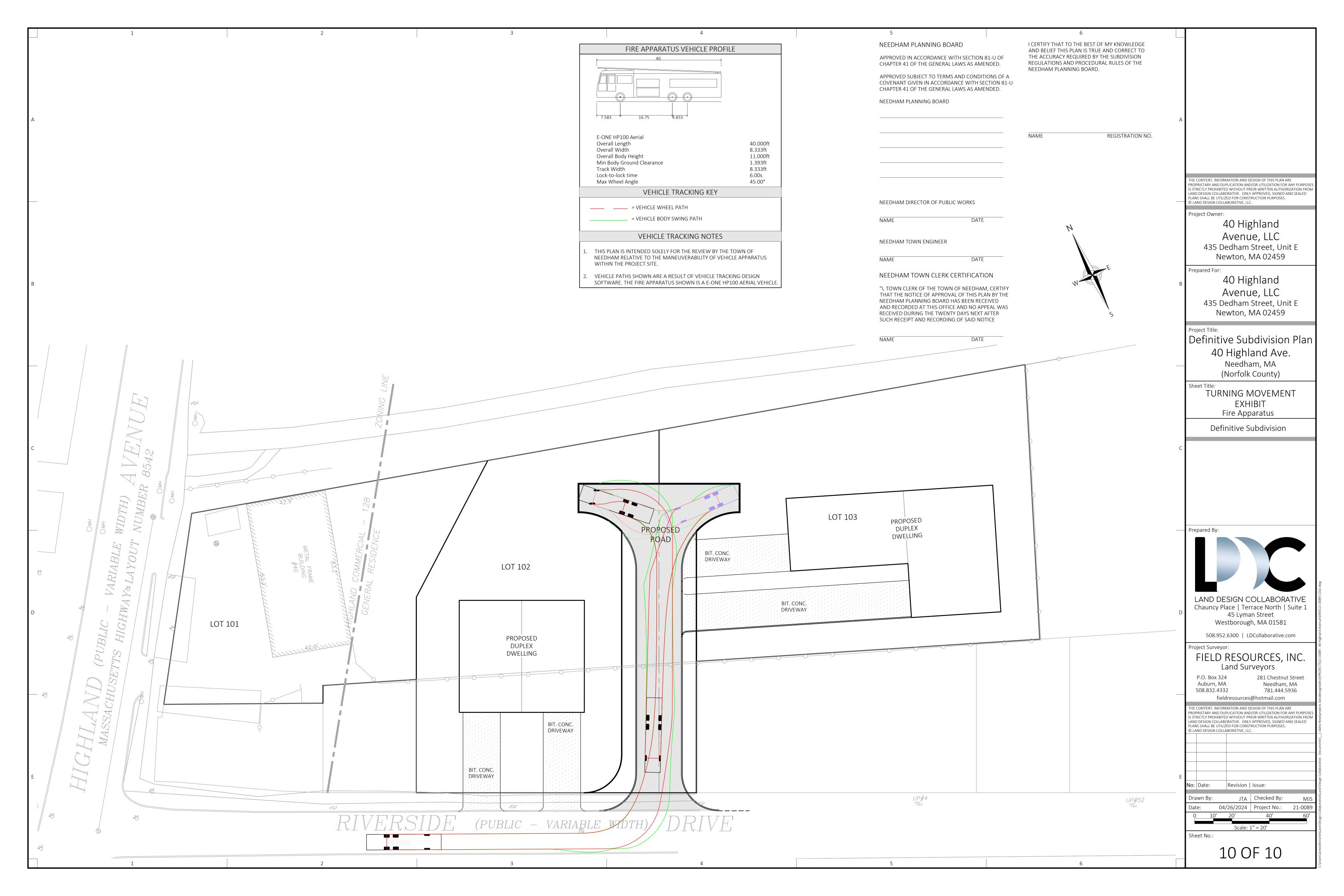
- 1" REBAR FOR BAG REMOVAL FROM INLET (TYP.) - SILTSACK ® EXISTING CATCH BASIN

— CATCH BASIN GRATE

INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE







Stormwater Management Report

Date: April 2024

Project: Residential Subdivision

40 Highland Avenue

Needham, MA

Prepared For: 40 Highland Avenue, LLC

435 Dedham Street, Unit E

Newton, MA 02459

Locus Map:





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Stormwater quality and quantity calculations have been performed for 40 Highland Avenue and 14 Riverside Drive (collectively the Property) to demonstrate compliance with the MassDEP Stormwater Standards, as enumerated in the Wetland Protection Regulations (310 CMR 10) and Town of Needham Stormwater By-Law.

The western portion of the subject Property (adjacent to Highland Avenue) is located within the Highland Commercial district, whereas the central/eastern portion of the Property resides in the General Residence district. The portion of the lot in the Highland Commercial district is developed with a commercial building and a parking lot. The portion of 40 Highland Ave in the General Residence district is presently undeveloped, though there is evidence of historic use as depicted on the survey plan and confirmed by the Needham Conservation Commission. The Applicant also owns 14 Riverside Street. Existing on this parcel is a two-family house and a detached garage. The Applicant proposes a reconfigure the two lots by subdividing the commercial building and parking lot (adjacent to 40 Highland Avenue) along the Town of Needham's zoning line from the rear/eastern portion of the lot, which will be added to the 14 Riverside Street lot. This reconfiguration will allow the current and future uses to reside within the appropriate zoning district. A hammerhead road is proposed (as discussed with Town staff) to access one of the future residential subdivision lots. Both residential lots will have a duplex erected onsite with a driveway for each unit. The road and future duplexes constitute the Project.

The Property resides just south of the Charles River and a portion of the site within the 200' Riverfront Area (RFA). A drainage easement runs through the Property. It appears the street drainage system in Riverside Street discharges through this easement towards the Charles River as shown on the Existing Conditions plan. The site generally drains towards the southeast corner of the Property to a local depression with infiltration occurring throughout the flow path and at the low point. The soils are mapped as Hinckley and Deerfield, both Hydrologic Soil Group A (HSG A). Site specific soils testing confirmed the USDA/NRCS mapping in the area of the proposed development. There is a FEMA flood zone on the Property associated with the 0.2% Flood (500-year storm) as mapped on FIRM 25017C0562E. However, the FEMA mapping appears to be inconsistent with the FEMA Flood Insurance Study (FIS). The FIS for Norfolk County (Revised on July 6, 2021, Flood Insurance Study Number: 25021CV004D) shows the 0.2% Flood elevation as elevation 92 (Flood Profile for the Charles River (Lower Reach) on Pg. '38P'), which is highlighted in red in the LIDAR Exhibit in Appendix F. As can be seen with the highlighted 92 contour, the 0.2% chance flood elevation resides roughly 90' away from the Property.

Site improvements for the future duplexes will be made, including utility connections for sewer, water, underground electric, and stormwater management. Analysis for the proposed stormwater management system shows the Project complies with the guidance documents.

This Report contains:

- A) MassDEP Stormwater Management Checklist
- B) Existing and Proposed Hydrologic Calculations (MassDEP Standards 1 & 2)
- C) Water Quality Calculations (MassDEP Standards 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7)
- D) Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan, Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan, Long-Term Operations & Maintenance Plan, and Illicit Discharge Statement (MassDEP Standards 8, 9 & 10)
- E) Soils Information

- F) FEMA Flood Map, FIS Profile & LIDAR Exhibit
- G) Existing Hydrology Map
- H) Proposed Hydrology Map

https://ldcollaborative.sharepoint.com/sites/landdesigncollaborative/shared documents/_projects/21-0089 - 40 highland avenue, needham/engineering/stormwater components/21-0089 ldc stormwater report.docx

| A) | MassDEP Stormwater Management Checklist (8 pages) |
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Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.





A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals. This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature

| MICHABL J. SCOTT VII SSIPPLANTED SSIPPLANT | Signature and Date Checklist | 4-19-202f | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Project Type: Is the applicatio redevelopment? | n for new development, redevelopme | nt, or a mix of new and | |
| □ New development | | | |
| Redevelopment | | | |
| Mix of New Development a | and Redevelopment | | |



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

| env | LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project: | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | No disturbance to any V | Vetland Resource Areas | |
| | Site Design Practices (e | e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks) | |
| | Reduced Impervious Ar | ea (Redevelopment Only) | |
| | Minimizing disturbance | to existing trees and shrubs | |
| | LID Site Design Credit F | Requested: | |
| | Credit 1 | | |
| | Credit 2 | | |
| | ☐ Credit 3 | | |
| | Use of "country drainag | e" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe | |
| | Bioretention Cells (inclu | des Rain Gardens) | |
| | Constructed Stormwate | r Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs) | |
| | Treebox Filter | | |
| | Water Quality Swale | | |
| | Grass Channel | | |
| | Green Roof | | |
| | Other (describe): | No new distubance in the RFA and retoration of a portion of previously disturbed RFA | |
| | | | |
| Sta | ndard 1: No New Untre | ated Discharges | |
| \boxtimes | No new untreated disch | arges | |
| | Outlets have been designed Commonwealth | gned so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the | |
| | Supporting calculations | specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included. | |



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued) Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding. Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm. Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm. Standard 3: Recharge Soil Analysis provided. Required Recharge Volume calculation provided. Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits. Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used. ⊠ Static ☐ Simple Dynamic Dynamic Field¹ Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP. Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume. Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume. Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason: Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000 Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable. Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided. Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

| Cł | necklist (continued) |
|-----|---|
| Sta | ndard 3: Recharge (continued) |
| | The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided. |
| | Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas. |
| Sta | ndard 4: Water Quality |
| The | e Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following: Good housekeeping practices; Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover; Vehicle washing controls; Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs; Spill prevention and response plans; Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas; Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides; Pet waste management provisions; Provisions for operation and management of septic systems; Provisions for solid waste management; Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas; Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions; Street sweeping schedules; Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system; Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL; Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan; List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan. |
| | A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent. Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge: |
| | is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area |
| | is near or to other critical areas |
| | is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour) |
| | involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads. |

☐ The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.

applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.

☐ Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if



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Checklist (continued)

Checklist for Stormwater Report

| Sta | ndard 4: Water Quality (continued) |
|-------------|--|
| \boxtimes | The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on: |
| | ☐ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or |
| | ☐ The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume. |
| | The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs. |
| \boxtimes | A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided. |
| Sta | ndard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs) |
| | The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted <i>prior</i> to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs. |
| | The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does <i>not</i> cover the land use. |
| | LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan. |
| | All exposure has been eliminated. |
| | All exposure has <i>not</i> been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list. |
| | The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent. |
| Sta | ndard 6: Critical Areas |
| | The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area. |
| | Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report. |
| | |



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

| | e project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent acticable as a: |
|---------------------------|---|
| | Limited Project |
| | Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area. Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff |
| | Bike Path and/or Foot Path |
| | Redevelopment Project |
| \boxtimes | Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment. |
| exp | rtain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an planation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report. |
| imp in \ the and | e project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to prove existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found folume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment is structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) proves existing conditions. |

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

| | Indard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control ntinued) |
|-------------|---|
| | The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has <i>not</i> been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted <i>before</i> land disturbance begins. |
| | The project is <i>not</i> covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit. |
| | The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the |
| \boxtimes | Stormwater Report. The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins. |
| Sta | indard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan |
| | The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information: |
| | Name of the stormwater management system owners; |
| | □ Party responsible for operation and maintenance; |
| | Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks; |
| | ☑ Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas; |
| | ☐ Description and delineation of public safety features; |
| | ☐ Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and |
| | ○ Operation and Maintenance Log Form. |
| | The responsible party is not the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions: |
| | A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs; |
| | A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions. |
| Sta | indard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges |
| \boxtimes | The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges; |
| \boxtimes | An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached; |
| | NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted <i>prior to</i> the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs. |

B) Pre- and Post-Development Hydrologic Calculations (Standards 1 & 2)

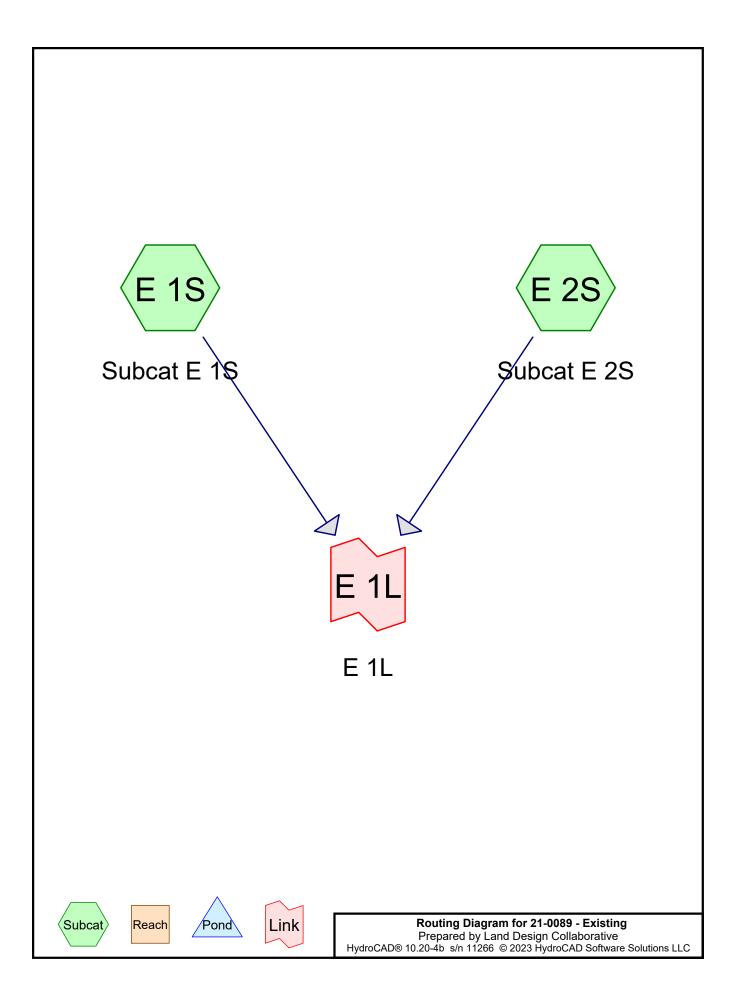
Standard 1)

The stormwater management system has been designed to mimic existing conditions and infiltrate runoff during all storm events, collecting, treating, and discharging (recharging) stormwater via subsurface infiltration systems. The proposed drainage system will mitigate water quality and quantity to match the existing conditions as reported for the 2-, 10-, and 100-year return periods. Stormwater runoff from paved areas will be pretreated as required. Roof drains will collect and direct the 'clean' runoff to one of two infiltration systems. The three proposed infiltration systems maintain a 2' offset to groundwater.

Standard 2)

The Project results in new impervious surfaces. The proposed stormwater management system has been designed to mitigate stormwater runoff rates for the required storm events (refer to HydroCAD calculations), as summarized below.

| EXXX Y | Existing Conditions Features where "E" designates "Existing"; XXX designates the area or feature "name"; and Y designates the feature - a sub-catchment "S", a basin/depression/pond/ "P", a conveyance/reach "R", or a point of interest/summation point/link "L" | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|---------|-----------|
| PXXX- Y | Proposed Conditions Features where "P" designates "Proposed"; XXX designates area or feature "name"; and Y designates the feature - a sub-catchment "S", a basin/depression/pond/ "P", a conveyance/reach "R", or a point of interest/summation point/link "L" | | | |
| Rates | | | | |
| Point of Interest | | Storm Event / Runoff (cubic feet/second) | | |
| | | 2-Year | 10-Year | 100- Year |
| E 1L | | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| P 1L | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| Volumes | | | | |
| Point of Interest | | Storm Event / Runoff (cubic feet) | | |
| | | 2-Year | 10-Year | 100-Year |
| E 1L | | 277 | 1,256 | 4,208 |
| P 1L | | 6 | 430 | 1,929 |



Area Listing (all nodes)

| Area | CN | Description |
|---------|----|--|
| (sq-ft) | | (subcatchment-numbers) |
| 5,214 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (E 1S, E 2S) |
| 2,116 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A (E 1S, E 2S) |
| 2,501 | 98 | Roofs, HSG A (E 1S, E 2S) |
| 36,645 | 36 | Woods, Fair, HSG A (E 1S) |
| 4,736 | 30 | Woods, Good, HSG A (E 1S) |
| 51,212 | 41 | TOTAL AREA |

Page 3

Soil Listing (all nodes)

| Area | Soil | Subcatchment |
|---------|-------|--------------|
| (sq-ft) | Group | Numbers |
| 51,212 | HSG A | E 1S, E 2S |
| 0 | HSG B | |
| 0 | HSG C | |
| 0 | HSG D | |
| 0 | Other | |
| 51,212 | | TOTAL AREA |

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Page 4

Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S

Runoff Area=47,440 sf 5.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Flow Length=346' Tc=20.5 min CN=39 Runoff=0.0 cfs 1 cf

Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S

Runoff Area=3,772 sf 54.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.88" Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.1 cfs 276 cf

Link E 1L: E 1L

Inflow=0.1 cfs 277 cf Primary=0.1 cfs 277 cf

Total Runoff Area = 51,212 sf Runoff Volume = 277 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.06" 90.98% Pervious = 46,595 sf 9.02% Impervious = 4,617 sf

Summary for Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S

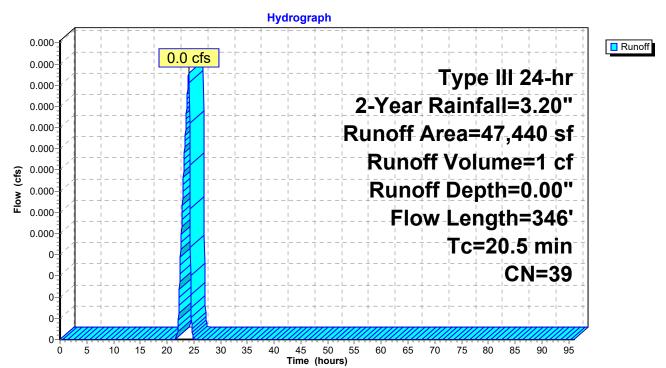
Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 24.05 hrs, Volume= 1 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Routed to Link E 1L: E 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.20"

| | rea (sf) | CN | Description | | |
|-------|----------|-------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | 3,503 | 39 | >75% Grass | cover, Goo | d, HSG A |
| | 619 | 98 | Paved parki | ng, HSG A | |
| | 1,937 | 98 | Roofs, HSG | A | |
| | 36,645 | 36 | Woods, Fair | , HSG A | |
| | 4,736 | 30 | Woods, Goo | od, HSG A | |
| | 47,440 | 39 | Weighted A | verage | |
| | 44,884 | | 94.61% Perv | ious Area | |
| | 2,556 | | 5.39% Impe | rvious Area | |
| | | | | | |
| Tc | Length | Slop | e Velocity | Capacity | Description |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/f | (ft/sec) | (cfs) | |
| 13.8 | 50 | 0.015 | 0.06 | | Sheet Flow, |
| | | | | | Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20" |
| 6.7 | 296 | 0.022 | 0.74 | | Shallow Concentrated Flow, |
| | | | | | Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps |
| 20.5 | 346 | Total | | | |

Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S



Summary for Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S

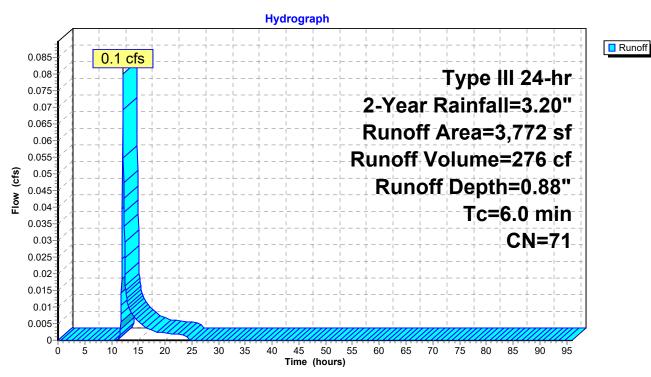
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 276 cf, Depth= 0.88"

Routed to Link E 1L: E 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.20"

| Area (sf) | CN | Description | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| 1,711 | 39 | >75% Grass c | over, Goo | d, HSG A | |
| 1,497 | 98 | Paved parkin | g, HSG A | | |
| 564 | 98 | Roofs, HSG A | | | |
| 3,772 | 71 | Weighted Av | erage | | |
| 1,711 | | 45.36% Pervi | ous Area | | |
| 2,061 | | 54.64% Impe | rvious Are | a | |
| Tc Length (min) (feet) | Slo (ft/ | | Capacity (cfs) | Description | |
| 6.0 | | | | Direct Entry, | |

Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S



Summary for Link E 1L: E 1L

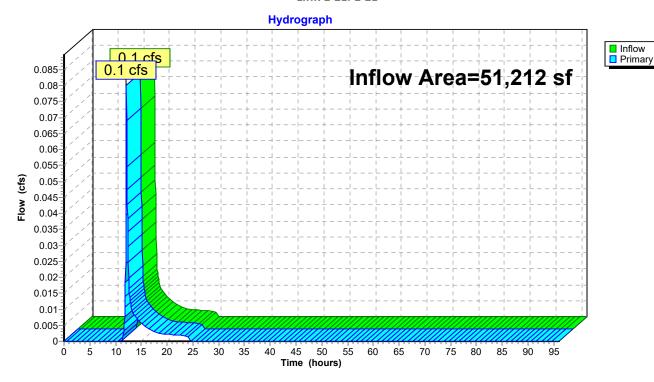
Inflow Area = 51,212 sf, 9.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.06" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 277 cf

Primary = 0.1 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 277 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link E 1L: E 1L



21-0089 - Existing

Prepared by Land Design Collaborative

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Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S

Runoff Area=47,440 sf 5.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.16" Flow Length=346' Tc=20.5 min CN=39 Runoff=0.0 cfs 638 cf

Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S

Runoff Area=3,772 sf 54.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.97" Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.2 cfs 618 cf

Link E 1L: E 1L

Inflow=0.2 cfs 1,256 cf Primary=0.2 cfs 1,256 cf

Total Runoff Area = 51,212 sf Runoff Volume = 1,256 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.29" 90.98% Pervious = 46,595 sf 9.02% Impervious = 4,617 sf

Summary for Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S

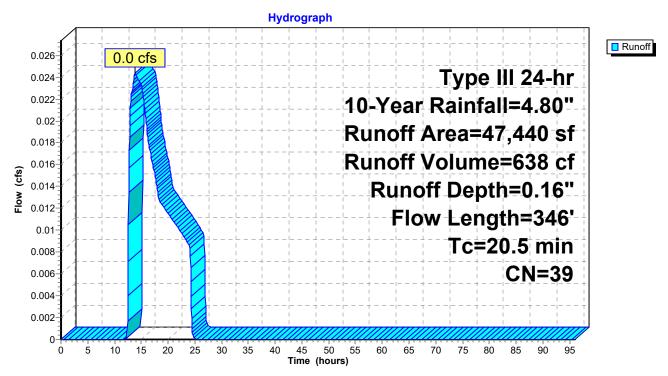
Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 13.90 hrs, Volume= 638 cf, Depth= 0.16"

Routed to Link E 1L: E 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.80"

| A | rea (sf) | CN | Description | | |
|-------|----------|-------|--------------|-------------|--|
| | 3,503 | 39 | >75% Grass | cover, Goo | d, HSG A |
| | 619 | 98 | Paved parkii | ng, HSG A | |
| | 1,937 | 98 | Roofs, HSG | 4 | |
| | 36,645 | 36 | Woods, Fair | , HSG A | |
| | 4,736 | 30 | Woods, Goo | d, HSG A | |
| | 47,440 | 39 | Weighted A | verage | |
| | 44,884 | | 94.61% Perv | ious Area | |
| | 2,556 | | 5.39% Impe | rvious Area | |
| | | | | | |
| Tc | Length | Slop | e Velocity | Capacity | Description |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/f | :) (ft/sec) | (cfs) | |
| 13.8 | 50 | 0.015 | 0.06 | | Sheet Flow, |
| | | | | | Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20" |
| 6.7 | 296 | 0.022 | 0.74 | | Shallow Concentrated Flow, |
| | | | | | Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps |
| 20.5 | 346 | Total | | | |

Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S



Summary for Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S

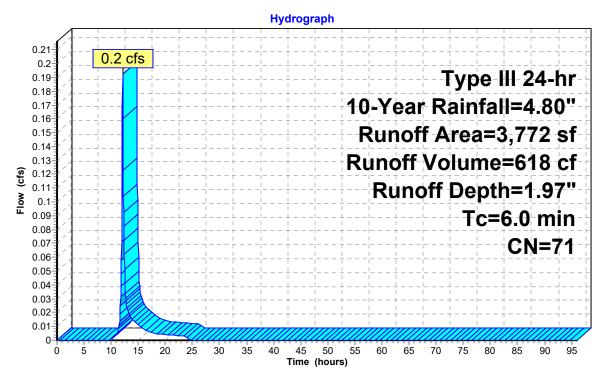
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 618 cf, Depth= 1.97"

Routed to Link E 1L: E 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.80"

| Area | (sf) (| ON D | escription | | | |
|----------|--------|---------|------------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| 1,7 | 711 | 39 > | 75% Grass | cover, Goo | d, HSG A | |
| 1,4 | 197 9 | 98 P | aved parkir | ng, HSG A | | |
| 5 | 564 | 98 R | oofs, HSG A | 4 | | |
| 3,7 | 772 | 71 V | Veighted Av | verage | | |
| 1,7 | 711 | 4 | 5.36% Perv | ious Area | | |
| 2,0 | 061 | 5 | 54.64% Impervious Area | | | |
| | | 0.1 | | | | |
| Tc Ler | ngth | Slope | Velocity | Capacity | Description | |
| (min) (f | eet) | (ft/ft) | (ft/sec) | (cfs) | | |
| 6.0 | | | | | Direct Entry, | |

Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S





Summary for Link E 1L: E 1L

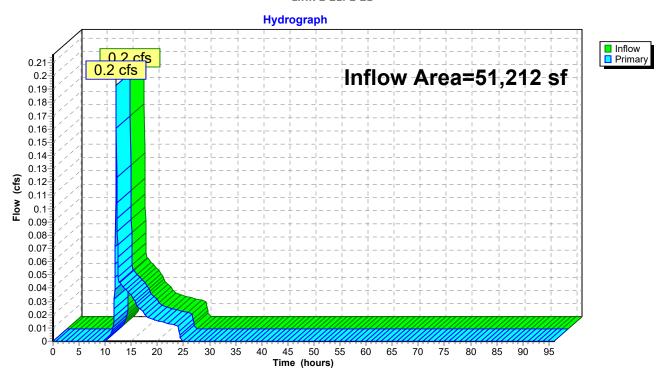
Inflow Area = 51,212 sf, 9.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.29" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,256 cf

Primary = 0.2 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,256 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link E 1L: E 1L



21-0089 - Existing

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Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S

Runoff Area=47,440 sf 5.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77" Flow Length=346' Tc=20.5 min CN=39 Runoff=0.4 cfs 3,037 cf

Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S

Runoff Area=3,772 sf 54.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.72" Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.4 cfs 1,170 cf

Link E 1L: E 1L

Inflow=0.5 cfs 4,208 cf Primary=0.5 cfs 4,208 cf

Total Runoff Area = 51,212 sf Runoff Volume = 4,208 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.99" 90.98% Pervious = 46,595 sf 9.02% Impervious = 4,617 sf

Summary for Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S

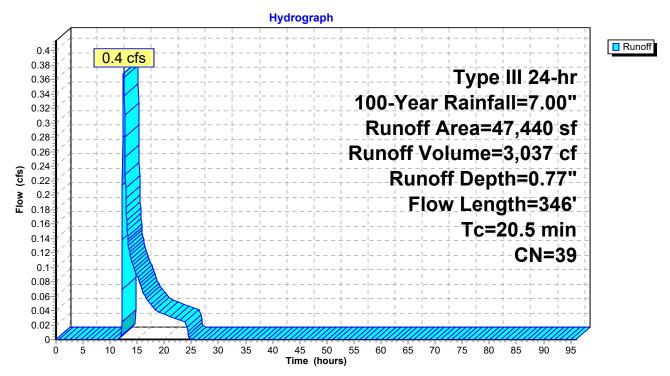
Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 3,037 cf, Depth= 0.77"

Routed to Link E 1L: E 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

| | rea (sf) | CN | Description | | |
|-------|----------|-------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | 3,503 | 39 | >75% Grass | cover, Goo | d, HSG A |
| | 619 | 98 | Paved parki | ng, HSG A | |
| | 1,937 | 98 | Roofs, HSG | A | |
| | 36,645 | 36 | Woods, Fair | , HSG A | |
| | 4,736 | 30 | Woods, Goo | od, HSG A | |
| | 47,440 | 39 | Weighted A | verage | |
| | 44,884 | | 94.61% Perv | ious Area | |
| | 2,556 | | 5.39% Impe | rvious Area | |
| | | | | | |
| Tc | Length | Slop | e Velocity | Capacity | Description |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/f | (ft/sec) | (cfs) | |
| 13.8 | 50 | 0.015 | 0.06 | | Sheet Flow, |
| | | | | | Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20" |
| 6.7 | 296 | 0.022 | 0.74 | | Shallow Concentrated Flow, |
| | | | | | Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps |
| 20.5 | 346 | Total | | | |

Subcatchment E 1S: Subcat E 1S



Runoff

Summary for Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S

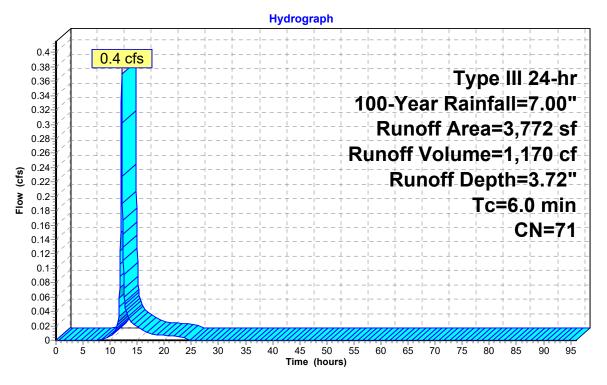
Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,170 cf, Depth= 3.72"

Routed to Link E 1L: E 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

| Area (sf) | CN | Description |
|--------------|-------|---|
| 1,711 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A |
| 1,497 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A |
| 564 | 98 | Roofs, HSG A |
| 3,772 | 71 | Weighted Average |
| 1,711 | | 45.36% Pervious Area |
| 2,061 | | 54.64% Impervious Area |
| Tc Length | Slo | pe Velocity Capacity Description |
| (min) (feet) | (ft/ | , |
| 6.0 | (1.4) | Direct Entry, |

Subcatchment E 2S: Subcat E 2S



Summary for Link E 1L: E 1L

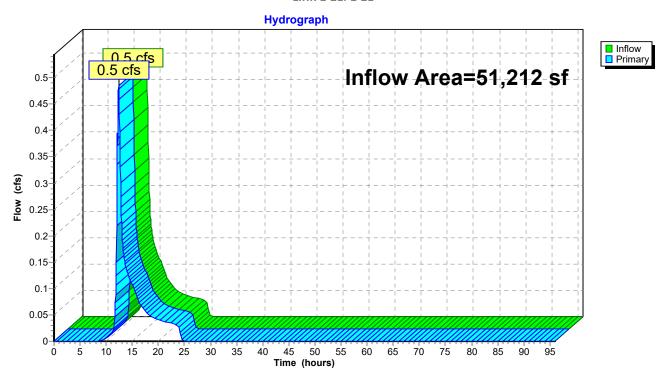
Inflow Area = 51,212 sf, 9.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.99" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.5 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 4,208 cf

Primary = 0.5 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 4,208 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

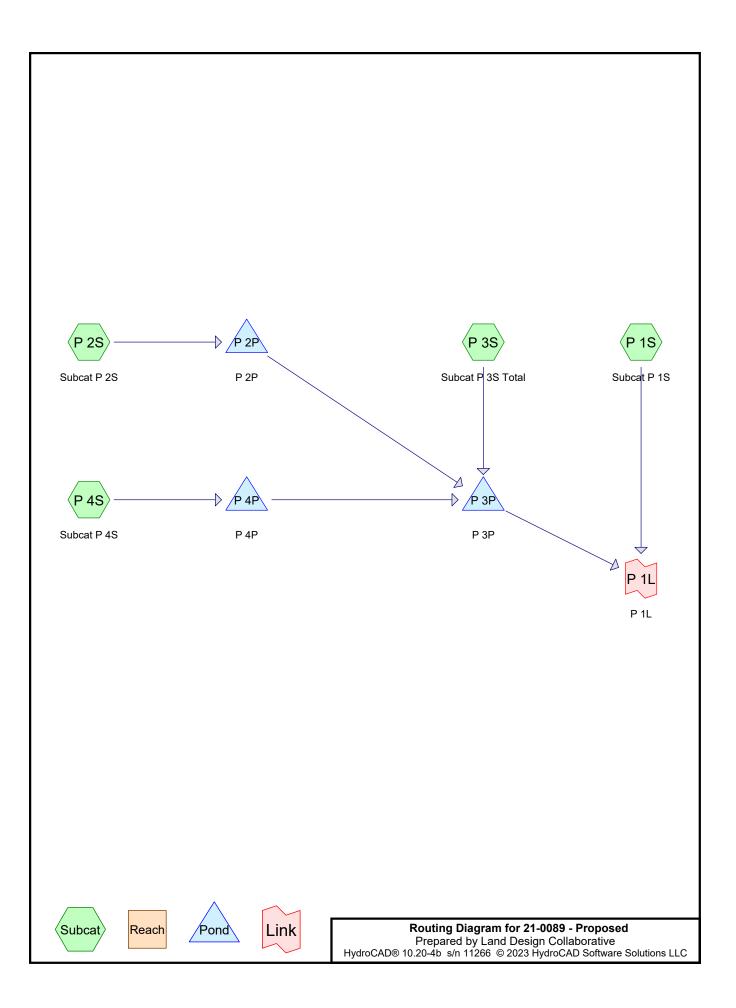
Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link E 1L: E 1L



Stormwater Management Report 40 Highland Ave. | 21-0089 April 2024

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Prepared by Land Design Collaborative

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Page 2

Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

| Event# | Event | Storm Type | Curve | Mode | Duration | B/B | Depth | AMC |
|--------|----------|----------------|-------|---------|----------|-----|----------|-----|
| | Name | | | | (hours) | | (inches) | |
| 1 | 2-Year | Type III 24-hr | | Default | 24.00 | 1 | 3.20 | 2 |
| 2 | 10-Year | Type III 24-hr | | Default | 24.00 | 1 | 4.80 | 2 |
| 3 | 100-Year | Type III 24-hr | | Default | 24.00 | 1 | 7.00 | 2 |

Area Listing (selected nodes)

| Area | CN | Description |
|---------|----|--|
| (sq-ft) | | (subcatchment-numbers) |
| 22,766 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (P 1S, P 3S) |
| 3,076 | 30 | Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A (P 1S) |
| 10,656 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A (P 1S, P 3S) |
| 9,738 | 98 | Roofs, HSG A (P 2S, P 4S) |
| 239 | 36 | Woods, Fair, HSG A (P 1S) |
| 4,737 | 30 | Woods, Good, HSG A (P 1S) |
| 51,212 | 61 | TOTAL AREA |

Soil Listing (selected nodes)

| Area | Soil | Subcatchment |
|---------|-------|------------------------|
| (sq-ft) | Group | Numbers |
| 51,212 | HSG A | P 1S, P 2S, P 3S, P 4S |
| 0 | HSG B | |
| 0 | HSG C | |
| 0 | HSG D | |
| 0 | Other | |
| 51,212 | | TOTAL AREA |

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Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S Runoff Area=26,765 sf 6.62% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Tc=6.0 min CN=40 Runoff=0.0 cfs 6 cf

Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S Runoff Area=4,020 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.97"

Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.3 cfs 994 cf

Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total Runoff Area=14,709 sf 60.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.09"

Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=0.4 cfs 1,341 cf

Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S Runoff Area=5,718 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.97"

Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.4 cfs 1,414 cf

Pond P 2P: P 2P

Peak Elev=485.36' Storage=95 cf Inflow=0.3 cfs 994 cf

Discarded=0.1 cfs 993 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 993 cf

Pond P 3P: P 3P Peak Elev=484.18' Storage=72 cf Inflow=0.4 cfs 1,341 cf

Discarded=0.3 cfs 1,341 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.3 cfs 1,341 cf

Pond P 4P: P 4PPeak Elev=483.62' Storage=192 cf Inflow=0.4 cfs 1,414 cf

Discarded=0.1 cfs 1,414 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 1,414 cf

Link P 1L: P 1L Inflow=0.0 cfs 6 cf
Primary=0.0 cfs 6 cf

Primary-0.0 cis 0

Total Runoff Area = 51,212 sf Runoff Volume = 3,755 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.88" 60.18% Pervious = 30,818 sf 39.82% Impervious = 20,394 sf

Summary for Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S

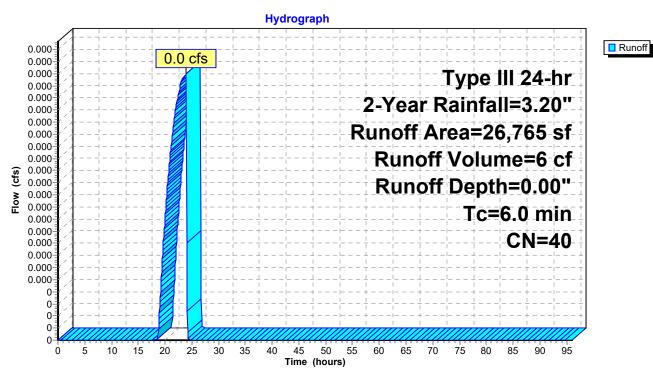
Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 23.95 hrs, Volume= 6 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Routed to Link P 1L: P 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.20"

| Area (sf) | CN | Description |
|--------------|------|----------------------------------|
| 16,940 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A |
| 3,076 | 30 | Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A |
| 1,773 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A |
| 239 | 36 | Woods, Fair, HSG A |
| 4,737 | 30 | Woods, Good, HSG A |
| 26,765 | 40 | Weighted Average |
| 24,992 | | 93.38% Pervious Area |
| 1,773 | | 6.62% Impervious Area |
| | | |
| Tc Length | Slo | pe Velocity Capacity Description |
| (min) (feet) | (ft/ | ft) (ft/sec) (cfs) |
| 6.0 | | Direct Entry, |

Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S



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Summary for Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S

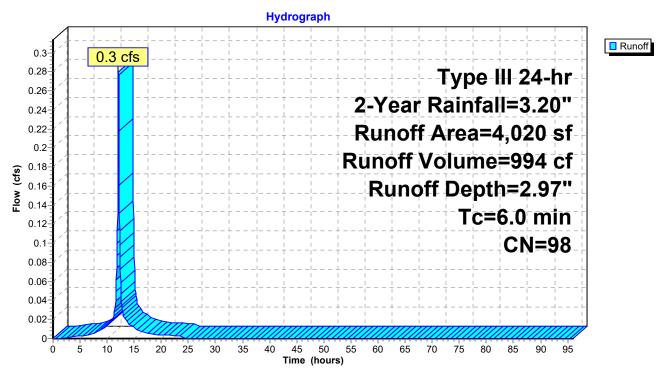
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 994 cf, Depth= 2.97"

Routed to Pond P 2P: P 2P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.20"

| Α | rea (sf) | CN [| Description | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| | 4,020 98 Roofs, HSG A | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4,020 100.00% Impervious Area | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tc | Length | Slope | Velocity | Capacity | Description | | | | | |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/ft) | (ft/sec) | (cfs) | | | | | | |
| 6.0 | • | | | | Direct Entry, | | | | | • |

Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S



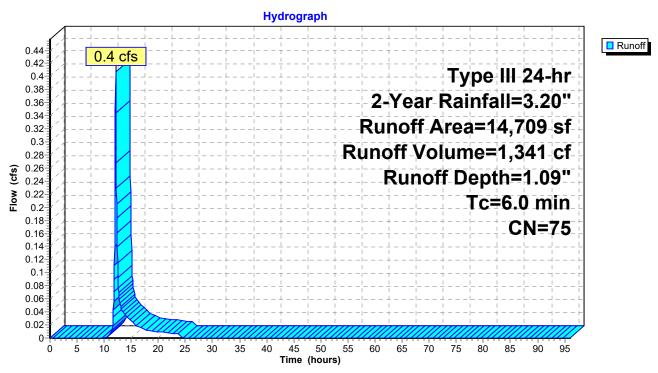
Summary for Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total

Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,341 cf, Depth= 1.09" Routed to Pond P 3P : P 3P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.20"

| A | rea (sf) | CN | Description | | | | |
|-------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A | | | | |
| | 44 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A | | | | |
| | 5,280 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A | | | | |
| | 1,143 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A | | | | |
| | 2,458 | 58 98 Paved parking, HSG A | | | | | |
| | 1,049 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A | | | | |
| | 4,733 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A | | | | |
| | 14,709 | 75 | Weighted Average | | | | |
| | 5,826 | | 39.61% Pervious Area | | | | |
| | 8,883 | | 60.39% Impervious Area | | | | |
| Тс | Length | Slo | pe Velocity Capacity Description | | | | |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/ | ft) (ft/sec) (cfs) | | | | |
| 6.0 | | | Direct Entry, | | | | |

Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total



Summary for Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S

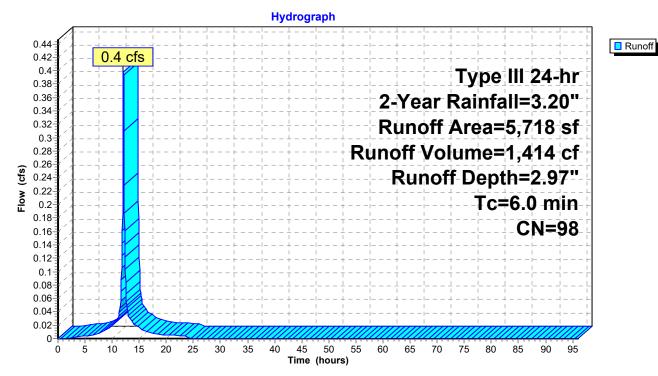
Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,414 cf, Depth= 2.97"

Routed to Pond P 4P: P 4P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.20"

| А | rea (sf) | CN I | Description | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--------|-------------|----------|---------------|---|--|--|---|
| | 5,718 98 Roofs, HSG A | | | | | | | | |
| | 5,718 100.00% Impervious Area | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Tc | Length | Slope | Velocity | Capacity | Description | | | | |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/ft | (ft/sec) | (cfs) | | | | | |
| 6.0 | | • | | | Direct Entry, | _ | | | _ |

Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S



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Summary for Pond P 2P: P 2P

Inflow Area = 4,020 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.97" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 994 cf

Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 993 cf, Atten=55%, Lag= 0.0 min

Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 993 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Pond P 3P : P 3P

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 485.36' @ 12.27 hrs Surf.Area= 660 sf Storage= 95 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 4.5 min calculated for 993 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 3.5 min (759.9 - 756.4)

| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 485.50' | 2 cf | 1.00'D x 2.71'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 485.50' | 236 cf | 12.0" Round Pipe Storage x 5 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 60.0' |
| #3 | 485.00' | 434 cf | 10.48'W x 63.00'L x 2.00'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 1,320 cf Overall - 236 cf Embedded = 1,085 cf x 40.0% Voids |

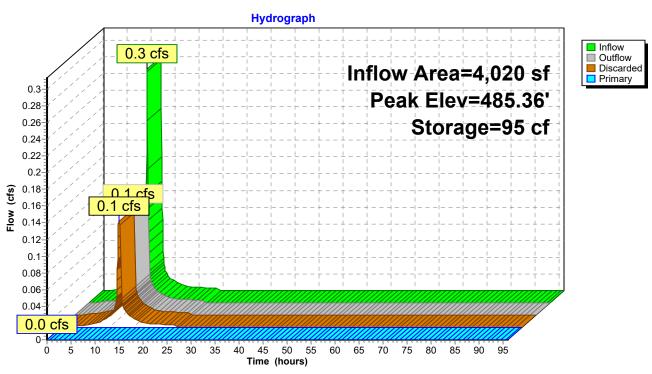
672 cf Total Available Storage

| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|---|
| #1 | Primary | 488.20' | 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate X 2.00 C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 485.00' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.00 hrs HW=485.06' (Free Discharge) **12.20 2.20**

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=485.00' (Free Discharge) 1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P 2P: P 2P



Summary for Pond P 3P: P 3P

Inflow Area = 24,447 sf, 76.17% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.66" for 2-Year event
Inflow = 0.4 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,341 cf

Outflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 1,341 cf, Atten=35%, Lag= 0.0 min

Discarded = 0.3 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 1,341 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Link P 1L : P 1L

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 484.18' @ 12.21 hrs Surf.Area= 1,384 sf Storage= 72 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1.8 min calculated for 1,340 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 1.8 min (860.6 - 858.8)

| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 484.61' | 38 cf | 4.00'D x 3.03'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 484.55' | 495 cf | 12.0" Round Pipe Storage x 9 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 70.0' |
| #3 | 484.05' | 909 cf | 18.96'W x 73.00'L x 2.00'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 2,768 cf Overall - 495 cf Embedded = 2,273 cf x 40.0% Voids |

1,442 cf Total Available Storage

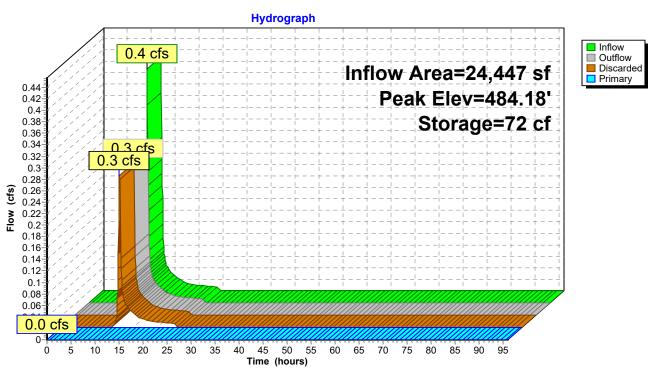
| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|--|
| #1 | Primary | 486.58' | 1.0" x 5.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate X 11.00 columns |
| | | | X 2 rows C= 0.600 in 18.0" x 25.7" Grate (24% open area) Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 484.05' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=484.09' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=484.05' (Free Discharge)

1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P 3P: P 3P



Summary for Pond P 4P: P 4P

Inflow Area = 5,718 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.97" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.4 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,414 cf

Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 1,414 cf, Atten= 64%, Lag= 3.8 min

Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 1,414 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Pond P 3P : P 3P

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 483.62' @ 12.34 hrs Surf.Area= 749 sf Storage= 192 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 6.8 min (763.2 - 756.4)

| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 483.50' | 4 cf | 1.00'D x 5.51'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 483.50' | 353 cf | 18.0" Round Pipe Storage x 4 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 50.0' |
| #3 | 483.00' | 607 cf | 13.60'W x 55.00'L x 2.50'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 1,870 cf Overall - 353 cf Embedded = 1,517 cf x 40.0% Voids |

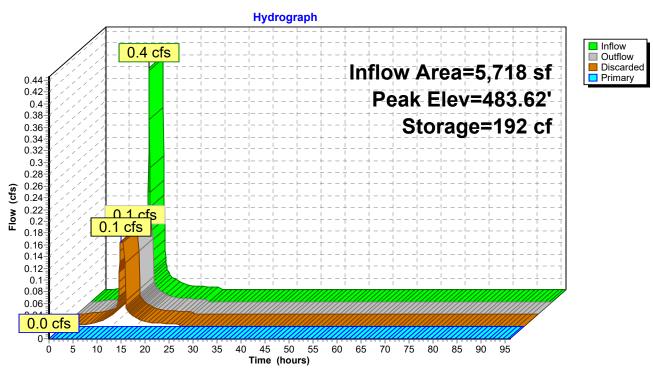
964 cf Total Available Storage

| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|---|
| #1 | Primary | 489.00' | 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate X 3.00 C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 483.00' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW=483.51' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=483.00' (Free Discharge) 1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P 4P: P 4P



Summary for Link P 1L: P 1L

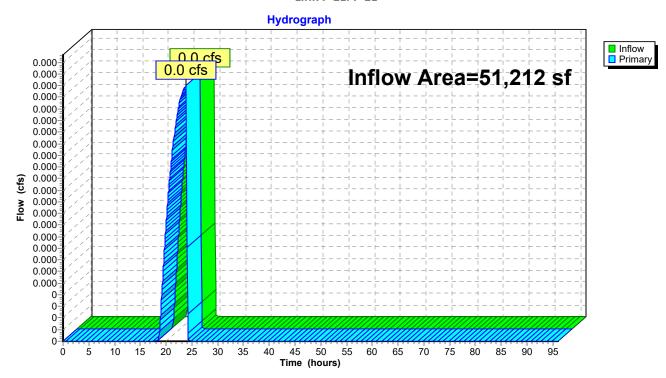
Inflow Area = 51,212 sf, 39.82% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 23.95 hrs, Volume= 6 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 23.95 hrs, Volume= 6 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link P 1L: P 1L



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Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S

Runoff Area=26,765 sf 6.62% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.19"

To 6.0 in CN 40.0 ft 40.0 f

Tc=6.0 min CN=40 Runoff=0.0 cfs 430 cf

Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S Runoff Area=4,020 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.56"

Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.4 cfs 1,529 cf

Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total Runoff Area=14,709 sf 60.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.29"

Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=0.9 cfs 2,805 cf

Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S Runoff Area=5,718 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.56"

Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.6 cfs 2,175 cf

Pond P 2P: P 2P Peak Elev=485.80' Storage=246 cf Inflow=0.4 cfs 1,529 cf

Discarded=0.1 cfs 1,526 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 1,526 cf

Pond P 3P: P 3P Peak Elev=484.83' Storage=507 cf Inflow=0.9 cfs 2,805 cf

Discarded=0.3 cfs 2,805 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.3 cfs 2,805 cf

Pond P 4P: P 4PPeak Elev=484.18' Storage=445 cf Inflow=0.6 cfs 2,175 cf

Discarded=0.1 cfs 2,175 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 2,175 cf

Link P 1L: P 1L Inflow=0.0 cfs 430 cf
Primary=0.0 cfs 430 cf

Total Runoff Area = 51,212 sf Runoff Volume = 6,938 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.63" 60.18% Pervious = 30,818 sf 39.82% Impervious = 20,394 sf

Summary for Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S

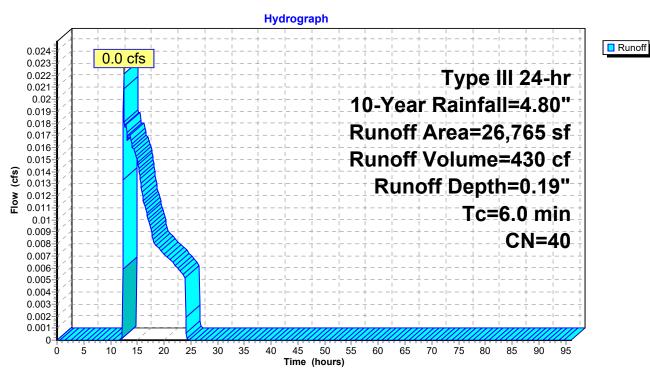
Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 430 cf, Depth= 0.19"

Routed to Link P 1L: P 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.80"

| Area (sf) | CN | Description |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 16,940 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A |
| 3,076 | 30 | Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A |
| 1,773 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A |
| 239 | 36 | Woods, Fair, HSG A |
| 4,737 | 30 | Woods, Good, HSG A |
| 26,765 | 40 | Weighted Average |
| 24,992 | | 93.38% Pervious Area |
| 1,773 | | 6.62% Impervious Area |
| Tc Length | Slo | pe Velocity Capacity Description |
| Tc Length (min) (feet) | Slo (ft/ | , , , , |
| | (11/ | |
| 6.0 | | Direct Entry, |

Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S



Summary for Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S

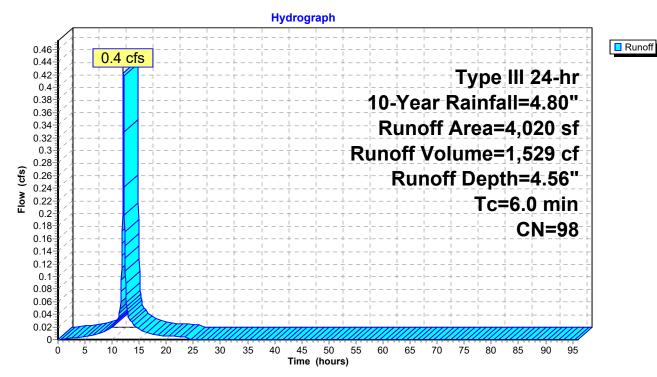
Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,529 cf, Depth= 4.56"

Routed to Pond P 2P: P 2P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.80"

| Α | rea (sf) | CN [| Description | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| | 4,020 98 Roofs, HSG A | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4,020 100.00% Impervious Area | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tc | Length | Slope | Velocity | Capacity | Description | | | | | |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/ft) | (ft/sec) | (cfs) | | | | | | |
| 6.0 | • | | | | Direct Entry, | | | | | • |

Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S



Summary for Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total

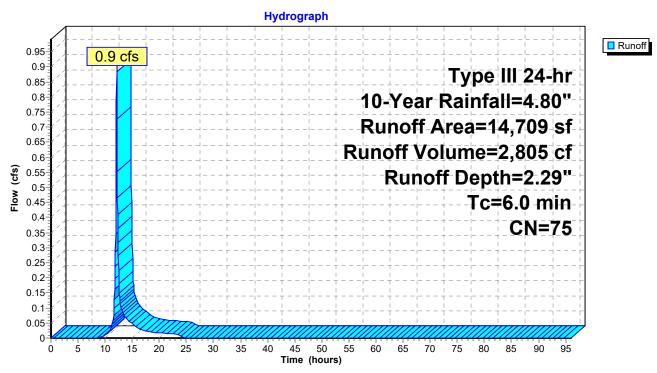
Runoff = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,805 cf, Depth= 2.29"

Routed to Pond P 3P: P 3P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.80"

| Area (sf) | CN | Description | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A | | | | | | |
| 44 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A | | | | | | |
| 5,280 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A | | | | | | |
| 1,143 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A | | | | | | |
| 2,458 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A | | | | | | |
| 1,049 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A | | | | | | |
| 4,733 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A | | | | | | |
| 14,709 | 14,709 75 Weighted Average | | | | | | | |
| 5,826 | | 39.61% Pervious Area | | | | | | |
| 8,883 | | 60.39% Impervious Area | | | | | | |
| Tc Length | Slo | pe Velocity Capacity Description | | | | | | |
| (min) (feet) | (ft/ | ft) (ft/sec) (cfs) | | | | | | |
| 6.0 | | Direct Entry, | | | | | | |

Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total



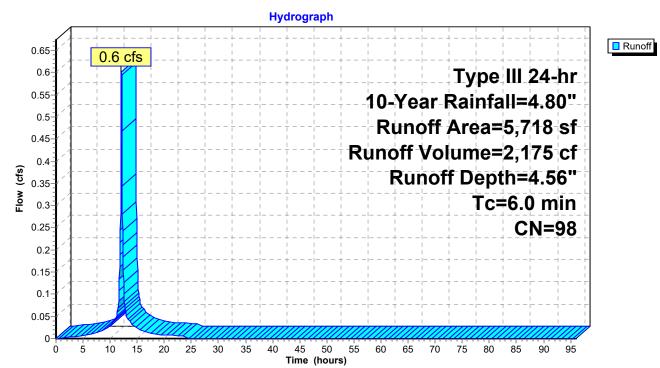
Summary for Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S

Runoff = 0.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,175 cf, Depth= 4.56" Routed to Pond P 4P : P 4P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.80"

| А | Area (sf) CN Description | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--------|----------|----------|---------------|---|--|--|---|
| | 5,718 98 Roofs, HSG A 5,718 100.00% Impervious Area | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Tc | Length | Slope | Velocity | Capacity | Description | | | | |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/ft | (ft/sec) | (cfs) | | | | | |
| 6.0 | | • | | | Direct Entry, | _ | | | _ |

Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S



Summary for Pond P 2P: P 2P

Inflow Area = 4,020 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.56" for 10-Year event
Inflow = 0.4 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,529 cf

Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,526 cf, Atten= 70%, Lag= 0.8 min

Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,526 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Pond P 3P : P 3P

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 485.80' @ 12.41 hrs Surf.Area= 661 sf Storage= 246 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 9.8 min calculated for 1,526 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.8 min (757.5 - 748.7)

| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 485.50' | 2 cf | 1.00'D x 2.71'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 485.50' | 236 cf | 12.0" Round Pipe Storage x 5 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 60.0' |
| #3 | 485.00' | 434 cf | 10.48'W x 63.00'L x 2.00'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 1,320 cf Overall - 236 cf Embedded = 1,085 cf x 40.0% Voids |

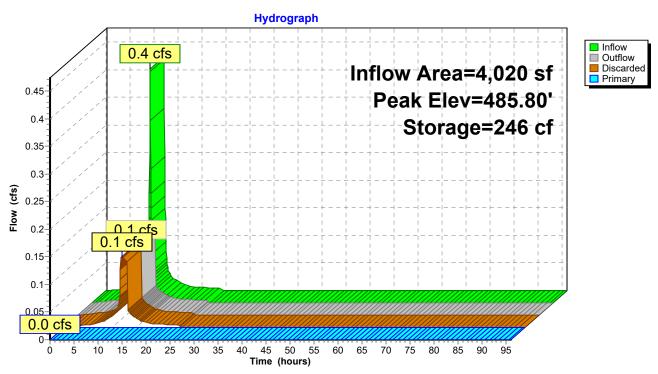
672 cf Total Available Storage

| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|---|
| #1 | Primary | 488.20' | 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate X 2.00 C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 485.00' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=485.52' (Free Discharge) **12.2 Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=485.00' (Free Discharge) 1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P 2P: P 2P



Summary for Pond P 3P: P 3P

Inflow Area = 24,447 sf, 76.17% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.38" for 10-Year event
Inflow = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,805 cf
Outflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 2,805 cf, Atten=70%, Lag= 3.3 min
Discarded = 0.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 2,805 cf
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf
Routed to Link P 1L : P 1L

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 484.83' @ 12.45 hrs Surf.Area= 1,397 sf Storage= 507 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 10.0 min calculated for 2,803 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 10.0 min (846.9 - 836.9)

| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 484.61' | 38 cf | 4.00'D x 3.03'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 484.55' | 495 cf | 12.0" Round Pipe Storage x 9 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 70.0' |
| #3 | 484.05' | 909 cf | 18.96'W x 73.00'L x 2.00'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 2,768 cf Overall - 495 cf Embedded = 2,273 cf x 40.0% Voids |

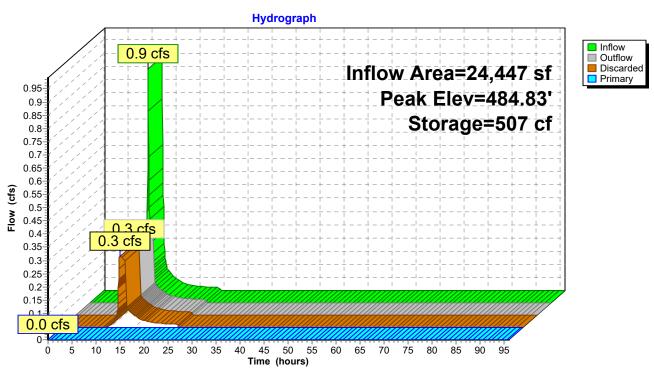
1,442 cf Total Available Storage

| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|--|
| #1 | Primary | 486.58' | 1.0" x 5.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate X 11.00 columns |
| | | | X 2 rows C= 0.600 in 18.0" x 25.7" Grate (24% open area) Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 484.05' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW=484.62' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=484.05' (Free Discharge) 1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P 3P: P 3P



Summary for Pond P 4P: P 4P

Inflow Area = 5,718 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.56" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,175 cf

Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 2,175 cf, Atten= 76%, Lag= 0.0 min

Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 2,175 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Pond P 3P : P 3P

Plug-Flow detention time= 15.3 min calculated for 2,174 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 15.5 min (764.2 - 748.7)

| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 483.50' | 4 cf | 1.00'D x 5.51'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 483.50' | 353 cf | 18.0" Round Pipe Storage x 4 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 50.0' |
| #3 | 483.00' | 607 cf | 13.60'W x 55.00'L x 2.50'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 1,870 cf Overall - 353 cf Embedded = 1,517 cf x 40.0% Voids |

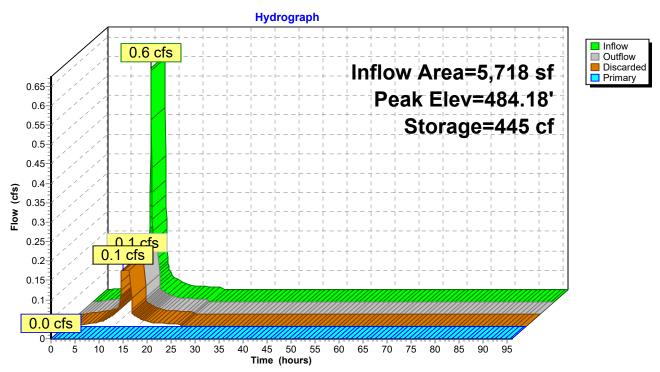
964 cf Total Available Storage

| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|---|
| #1 | Primary | 489.00' | 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate X 3.00 C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 483.00' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=483.55' (Free Discharge) **12.2 Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=483.00' (Free Discharge) 1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P 4P: P 4P



Summary for Link P 1L: P 1L

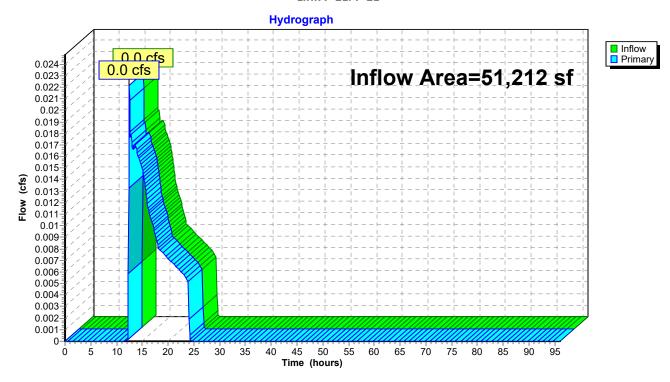
Inflow Area = 51,212 sf, 39.82% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.10" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 430 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 430 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link P 1L: P 1L



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Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S Runoff Area=26,765 sf 6.62% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.84"

Tc=6.0 min CN=40 Runoff=0.3 cfs 1,878 cf

Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S Runoff Area=4,020 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.76"

Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.6 cfs 2,265 cf

Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total Runoff Area=14,709 sf 60.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.15"

Tc=6.0 min CN=75 Runoff=1.6 cfs 5,086 cf

Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S Runoff Area=5,718 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.76"

Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.9 cfs 3,222 cf

Pond P 2P: P 2P Peak Elev=486.41' Storage=508 cf Inflow=0.6 cfs 2,265 cf

Discarded=0.1 cfs 2,264 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 2,264 cf

Pond P 3P: P 3P Peak Elev=486.66' Storage=1,430 cf Inflow=1.6 cfs 5,086 cf

Discarded=0.3 cfs 5,035 cf Primary=0.3 cfs 51 cf Outflow=0.6 cfs 5,086 cf

Pond P 4P: P 4P Peak Elev=485.11' Storage=843 cf Inflow=0.9 cfs 3,222 cf

Discarded=0.1 cfs 3,223 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 3,223 cf

Link P 1L: P 1L Inflow=0.5 cfs 1,929 cf
Primary=0.5 cfs 1,929 cf

Total Runoff Area = 51,212 sf Runoff Volume = 12,451 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.92" 60.18% Pervious = 30,818 sf 39.82% Impervious = 20,394 sf

Summary for Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S

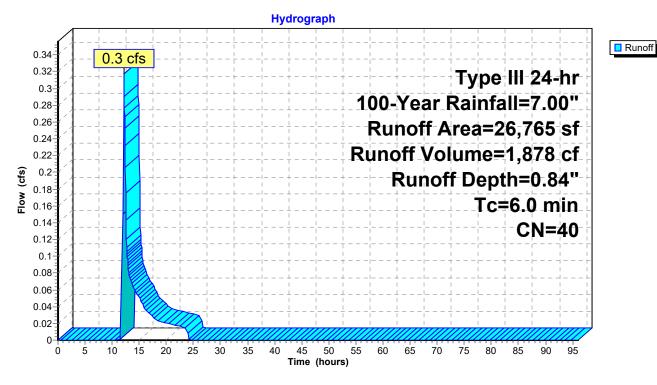
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 1,878 cf, Depth= 0.84"

Routed to Link P 1L: P 1L

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

| Area (sf) | CN | Description | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 16,940 | 39 | >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A | | | | | | | |
| 3,076 | 30 | Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A | | | | | | | |
| 1,773 | 98 | Paved parking, HSG A | | | | | | | |
| 239 | 36 | Woods, Fair, HSG A | | | | | | | |
| 4,737 | 30 | Woods, Good, HSG A | | | | | | | |
| 26,765 | 40 | Weighted Average | | | | | | | |
| 24,992 | | 93.38% Pervious Area | | | | | | | |
| 1,773 | | 6.62% Impervious Area | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Tc Length | Slo | pe Velocity Capacity Description | | | | | | | |
| (min) (feet) | (ft/ | ft) (ft/sec) (cfs) | | | | | | | |
| 6.0 | | Direct Entry, | | | | | | | |

Subcatchment P 1S: Subcat P 1S



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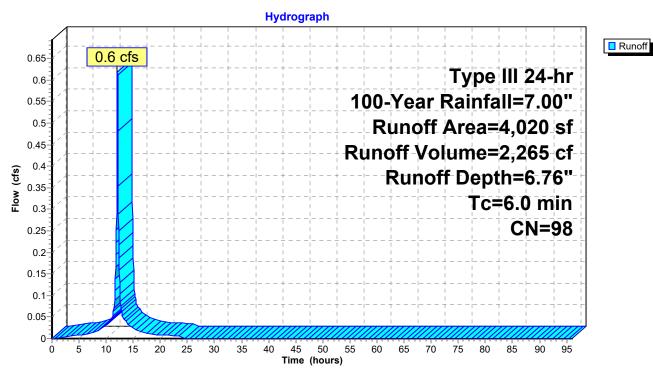
Summary for Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S

Runoff = 0.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,265 cf, Depth= 6.76" Routed to Pond P 2P : P 2P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

| A | rea (sf) | CN [| Description | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | 4,020 | 98 F | Roofs, HSG A | | | | | |
| | 4,020 | 1 | .00.00% Im | pervious Ar | rea | | | |
| Tc (min) | Length (feet) | Slope (ft/ft) | | Capacity (cfs) | Description | | | |
| 6.0 | | | | | Direct Entry, | | | |

Subcatchment P 2S: Subcat P 2S



Tc Length

Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Summary for Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total

Runoff = 1.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 5,086 cf, Depth= 4.15" Routed to Pond P 3P : P 3P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

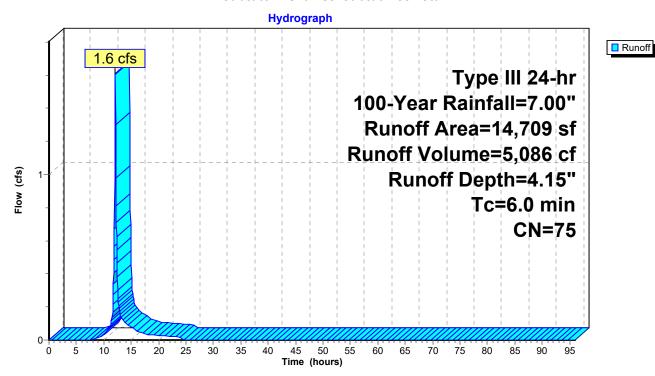
Area (sf) CN Description Paved parking, HSG A 98 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A 44 5,280 98 Paved parking, HSG A 98 Paved parking, HSG A 1,143 2,458 98 Paved parking, HSG A 1,049 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A 4,733 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A 14,709 Weighted Average 5,826 39.61% Pervious Area 8,883 60.39% Impervious Area

 (min)
 (feet)
 (ft/ft)
 (ft/sec)
 (cfs)

 6.0
 Direct Entry,

Slope Velocity Capacity Description

Subcatchment P 3S: Subcat P 3S Total



Summary for Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S

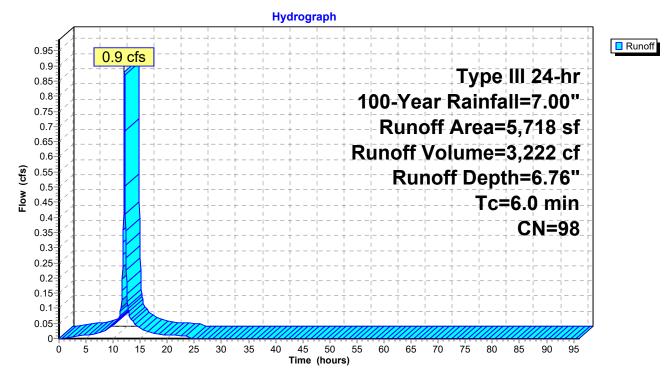
Runoff = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,222 cf, Depth= 6.76"

Routed to Pond P 4P : P 4P

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

| Α | rea (sf) | CN [| Description | | | | | |
|-------|----------|---------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | 5,718 | 98 F | Roofs, HSG A | | | | | |
| | 5,718 | 1 | .00.00% Im | pervious Ar | ea | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Tc | Length | Slope | Velocity | Capacity | Description | | | |
| (min) | (feet) | (ft/ft) | (ft/sec) | (cfs) | | | | |
| 6.0 | | | | | Direct Entry, | | | |

Subcatchment P 4S: Subcat P 4S



Summary for Pond P 2P: P 2P

Inflow Area = 4,020 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.76" for 100-Year event Inflow = 0.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,265 cf

Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 2,264 cf, Atten=80%, Lag=0.0 min Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 2,264 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Pond P 3P : P 3P

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 486.41' @ 12.51 hrs Surf.Area= 661 sf Storage= 508 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 20.0 min calculated for 2,264 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 19.8 min (762.8 - 743.0)

| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 485.50' | 2 cf | 1.00'D x 2.71'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 485.50' | 236 cf | 12.0" Round Pipe Storage x 5 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 60.0' |
| #3 | 485.00' | 434 cf | 10.48'W x 63.00'L x 2.00'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 1,320 cf Overall - 236 cf Embedded = 1,085 cf x 40.0% Voids |

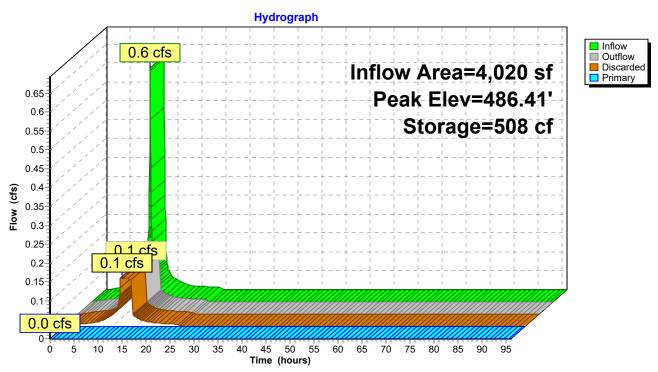
672 cf Total Available Storage

| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|---|
| #1 | Primary | 488.20' | 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate X 2.00 C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 485.00' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=485.66' (Free Discharge) **12.2 Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=485.00' (Free Discharge) 1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P 2P: P 2P



21-0089 - Proposed

Prepared by Land Design Collaborative
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Summary for Pond P 3P: P 3P

Inflow Area = 24,447 sf, 76.17% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.50" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 1.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 5,086 cf

Outflow = 0.6 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 5,086 cf, Atten= 66%, Lag= 24.5 min

Discarded = 0.3 cfs @ 12.05 hrs, Volume= 5,035 cf

Primary = 0.3 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 51 cf

Routed to Link P 1L : P 1L

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 486.66' @ 12.49 hrs Surf.Area= 1,397 sf Storage= 1,430 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 33.9 min calculated for 5,084 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 33.9 min (853.6 - 819.7)

| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 484.61' | 38 cf | 4.00'D x 3.03'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 484.55' | 495 cf | 12.0" Round Pipe Storage x 9 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 70.0' |
| #3 | 484.05' | 909 cf | 18.96'W x 73.00'L x 2.00'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 2,768 cf Overall - 495 cf Embedded = 2,273 cf x 40.0% Voids |

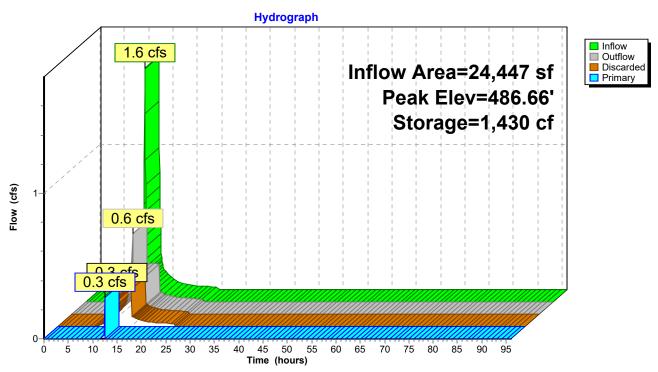
1,442 cf Total Available Storage

| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|--|
| #1 | Primary | 486.58' | 1.0" x 5.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate X 11.00 columns |
| | | | X 2 rows C= 0.600 in 18.0" x 25.7" Grate (24% open area) Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 484.05' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 12.05 hrs HW=484.78' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 12.50 hrs HW=486.63' (Free Discharge) 1=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 0.3 cfs @ 0.74 fps)

Pond P 3P: P 3P



Summary for Pond P 4P: P 4P

Inflow Area = 5,718 sf,100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.76" for 100-Year event Inflow = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,222 cf

Outflow = 0.1 cfs @ 11.95 hrs, Volume= 3,223 cf, Atten= 84%, Lag= 0.0 min Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 11.95 hrs, Volume= 3,223 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Pond P 3P : P 3P

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 485.11' @ 12.56 hrs Surf.Area= 749 sf Storage= 843 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 32.4 min (775.3 - 743.0)

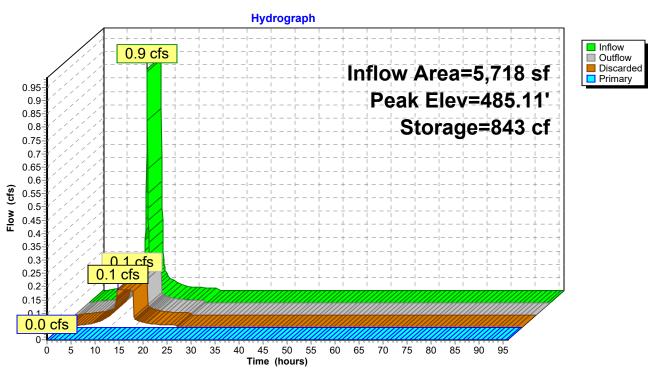
| Volume | Invert | Avail.Storage | Storage Description |
|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| #1 | 483.50' | 4 cf | 1.00'D x 5.51'H Vertical Cone/Cylinder |
| #2 | 483.50' | 353 cf | 18.0" Round Pipe Storage x 4 Inside #3 |
| | | | L= 50.0' |
| #3 | 483.00' | 607 cf | 13.60'W x 55.00'L x 2.50'H Prismatoid |
| | | | 1,870 cf Overall - 353 cf Embedded = 1,517 cf x 40.0% Voids |

964 cf Total Available Storage

| Device | Routing | Invert | Outlet Devices |
|--------|-----------|---------|---|
| #1 | Primary | 489.00' | 6.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate X 3.00 C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads |
| #2 | Discarded | 483.00' | 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area |

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=483.00' (Free Discharge) 1=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P 4P: P 4P



Summary for Link P 1L: P 1L

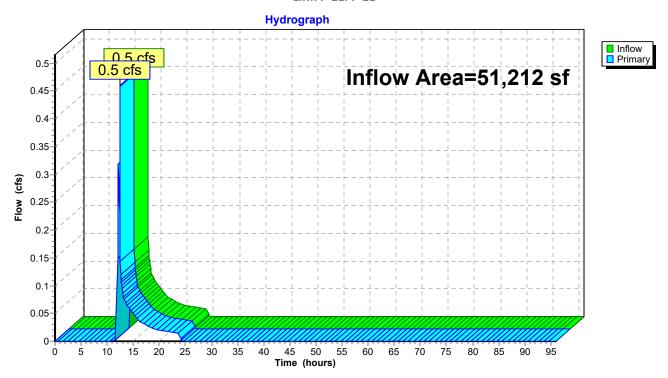
Inflow Area = 51,212 sf, 39.82% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.45" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 0.5 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 1,929 cf

Primary = 0.5 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 1,929 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Link P 1L: P 1L



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C) Water Quality Calculations (Standards 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7)

The proposed stormwater management system is comprised of pervious areas, a trench drain, roof drains, a water quality unit, and three subsurface infiltration systems.

Standard 3)

The Project results in an increase in impervious area of about 15,077 S.F. however accounts for about twice the required recharge volume for the 20,394 S.F. paved access drive, roof areas, and driveways thereby meeting the recharge requirements. Stormwater runoff from the site is pretreated and then directed to the infiltration systems to provide recharge.

Standard 4)

The Project results in an increase in impervious area of about 15,077 S.F. however proposed TSS removal accounts for a water quality volume for the 29,394 S.F. paved access drive, roof areas, and driveways thereby meeting the water quality volume requirements. The site stormwater system provides water quality volume in the water quality structure and below the overflow outlet from the subsurface detention/infiltration systems.

Standard 5)

This Standard is not applicable.

Standard 6)

This Standard is not applicable.

Standard 7)

The Project is a mix of new and redevelopment. The stormwater management system has been designed to fully comply with all ten Standards.

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| MassDEP Stormwater Standard 3 | Project: 40 Highland Avenue | | | Date: | Apr-24 | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------|-----------|--|
| TSS Removal | Projec | ct No: 210089 | | Page: | C-2 | |
| Critical Area - Yes or No | No | | | | | |
| | TSS | | | | | |
| | Removal | Starting | Amount | | Remaining | |
| BMP Name | Rate | TSS | Removed | | Load | |
| Sump | 25% | 100% | 25% | | 75% | |
| CDS Unit | 50% | 75% | 38% | | 38% | |
| Infiltration | 80% | 38% | 30% | | 8% | |
| | 0% | 8% | 0% | | 8% | |
| | 0% | 8% | 0% | | 8% | |
| | | Total TSS Remaining: | 8% | | ОК | |

| MassDEP Stormwater Standard 3 Recharge Volume | | Project: 40 Highland Avenue Project No: 210089 | | | | : Apr-24 : C-3 |
|---|--------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------------|
| Critical Area - Yes or No | | No | | | | |
| Note: No cre | dit for exis | ting imperv | vious areas was take | en for the recharge cal | culations. | |
| Impervious | | | | Depth | | Volume |
| Area | | Area (S.F.) | Soil | (inches) | | (C.F.) |
| P 2S | | 4,020 | А | 0.60 | | 201.0 |
| P 3S | | 8,883 | А | 0.60 | | 444.2 |
| P 4S | | 5,718 | А | 0.60 | | 285.9 |
| Capture Area Adjustment | Total Area | 18,621 | S.F. | Volume Required | 931.1 | C.F. |
| To Recharge | | Area | | | | |
| Facility | | (S.F.) | | | | |
| P 1S | | 1,773 | | Volume Required | 1029.0 | C.F. |
| Volume Provide | ed below lo | owest inver | t (Static Method) | | | |
| ВМР | | | | | | |
| P 2P | 672 | C.F. | (See Stormwater F | Report) | | |

(See Stormwater Report)

(See Stormwater Report)

ОК

P 3P

P 4P

Volume Provided: 3065.0 C.F.

1429 C.F.

C.F.

964

| MassDEP Stormwater Stand Water Quality Volume | ard 3 | | Project: 40 Highland Aven i ject No: 210089 | ue Date: Page: | Apr-24 C-4 |
|--|-------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Critical Area - Yes or No | | Yes | (Note: Not a Critical Are docu | a, however the 1" w umentation | as used for |
| Watershed (Subcatchment) P 1S |) . | Impervious Area (S.F.) 1,773 | Required Depth (inches) 1.00 | | Required Volume (C.F.) 147.8 |
| P 2S | | 4,020 | 1.00 | | 335.0 |
| P 3S | | 8,883 | 1.00 | | 740.3 |
| P 4S | | 5,718 | 1.00 | | 476.5 |
| | Total Area: | 20,394 | | Volume Required: | 1699.5 |
| Volume Provided (per Hydro | oCAD) | | | | |
| ВМР | | | | | |
| P 2P | 672 | C.F. | (See Stormwater Report) | | |
| P 3P | 1429 | C.F. | (See Stormwater Report) | | |

964 C.F. (See Stormwater Report)

ОК

Volumes reported are below lowest invert (Static Method)

P 4P

Volume Provided 3065.0 C.F.

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D) Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan, Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan, and Long-Term Operations & Maintenance Plan (Standards 8, 9 & 10)

Standards 8 & 9)

The owner is responsible for implementation of the Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan, the Long-Term Operation & Maintenance Plan, and the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan for 40 Highland Avenue in Needham, Massachusetts.

The site work will result in more than one (1) acre of disturbance, therefore NPDES requirements of the Construction General Permit are applicable and a SWPPP is required. A SWPPP will be prepared prior to the start of construction once a contractor has been selected.

The stormwater management system for 40 Highland Avenue is comprised of pervious areas, roof drains, trench drains, drain manholes, and three subsurface infiltration systems. Only stormwater may be discharged through these facilities, there shall be no connections of floor drains and/or sanitary connections. Refer to the following pages for specific requirements to prevent pollution and the maintenance of the stormwater management system.

Standard 10)

No illicit connections to the stormwater management system are known or proposed. Sanitary wastewater will be discharged to an onsite sewage disposal system designed in accordance with 310 CMR 15 (Title 5) and industrial wastewater will be collected in holding tanks in accordance with 314 CMR 18.

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Residential Subdivision

Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan

40 Highland Avenue Needham, MA

Owner: 40 Highland Avenue, LLC



| Best | Frequency | Maintenance | Inspection | Maintenance |
|-------------------|------------------|--|-------------|-------------|
| Management | Of | (Inspect for these items) | (Date) | Performed |
| Practice | Inspection | and Frequency (major storms being | Maintenance | (Date and |
| | · | ½" of rain or more) | (Yes/No) | `Initial) |
| | 1 | | T | |
| Natural Buffer | Daily | These areas are beyond the Limit of Work and are to be protected. Replace | | ļ |
| | | Limit of Work demarcation (flagging, berms/dikes, fencing or ECB's) when | | |
| | | deteriorated. Should infringement into Natural Buffers occur, take corrective action immediately and implement mitigation measures (seeding, | | |
| | | planting of native trees or shrubs) to restore Natural Buffers. | | |
| Erosion Control | Weekly and after | Remove sediment before it has accumulated to one-half of the above- | | |
| Barriers (ECB) | major storms | ground height of ECB's. Replace ECB's before they have | | |
| barriers (ECD) | major scorms | deteriorated/decomposed to half their original height or every twelve (12) | | |
| | | months, whichever comes first. Sediments to be removed and disposed of | | |
| | | above the ECB line in an area to be stabilized later. Fabric to be disposed of | | |
| | | offsite. Natural liners and wooden stakes may be left to decompose. | | |
| Silt-sacks | Weekly and after | Replace at least twice per year, or when sediment reaches two (2) inches in | | |
| | major storms | depth, or if flooding is observed. Dispose of materials offsite. | | |
| Anti-tracking Pad | Daily | Replace at least one per year, or when effectiveness has diminished. | | |
| | | Where sediment has been tracked-out offsite onto paved roads, sidewalks, | | |
| | | or other paved areas offsite, remove the deposited sediment by the end of | | |
| | | the same business day in which the track-out occurs or by the end of the | | |
| | | next business day if track-out occurs on a non-business day. Remove the | | |
| | | track-out by sweeping, shoveling, or vacuuming these surfaces, or by using | | |
| | | other similarly effective means of sediment removal. Hosing or sweeping | | |
| | | tracked-out sediment into any stormwater conveyance, storm drain inlet, or water of the U.S. (i.e., wetland or stream) is PROHIBITED. | | |
| Equipment Storage | Daily | Storage or refueling of construction equipment within one hundred (100) | | |
| and Refueling | Dully | feet of any stormwater conveyance, storm drain inlet, or water of the U.S. | | |
| and Kerdening | | (i.e., wetland or stream) is PROHIBITED. Spill kits shall be readily available on | | |
| | | site if refueling is to occur. All materials shall be disposed of offsite. | | |
| Soil Stockpiles | Weekly and after | Locate Stockpiles away from stormwater channels and conveyances. | | |
| • | major storms | Provide ECB or Stone Check Dams around Stockpiles. Stockpiles that will | | |
| | | remain unused for more than a month should be seeded with a quick cover | | |
| | | crop such as Ryegrass (10-30 lbs./acres). Hosing or sweeping tracked-out | | |
| | | | | |

Residential Subdivision

Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan

40 Highland Avenue Needham, MA

Owner: 40 Highland Avenue, LLC



| Best | Frequency | Maintenance | Inspection | Maintenance |
|--------------------------------|--|---|-------------|-------------|
| Management | Of | (Inspect for these items) | (Date) | Performed |
| Practice | Inspection | and Frequency (major storms being | Maintenance | (Date and |
| | | ½" of rain or more) | (Yes/No) | Initial) |
| | • | | | |
| Soil Stockpiles (Cont.) | | sediment into any stormwater conveyance, storm drain inlet, or water of the U.S. (i.e., wetland or stream) is PROHIBITED. | | |
| Sediment Basins | Weekly and after major storms | Remove floatables and any accumulated debris or as soon as observed. Remove accumulated sediment to maintain at least one-half of the design capacity and conduct all other appropriate maintenance to ensure the basin or impoundment remains in effective operating condition. | | |
| Stone Check Dams | Weekly and after major storms | Remove sediment at least every other month or when sediment is six (6) inches deep. | | |
| Dust Control | Daily | Minimizing disturbed areas and rapid seeding/stabilization of disturbed areas is the preferred option. Water or an acceptable Dust Palliative should be used on haul roads to prevent dust from emanating and leaving the site or affecting Natural Buffers. | | |
| Outlet & Channel Protection | Weekly and after major storm events | Observe slopes downgradient of Sediment Basins for stability, integrity, and erosion and repair immediately with seed or Turf Reinforcement Mat (TRM) and seed as necessary. | | |

Residential Subdivision

Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan

40 Highland Avenue Needham, MA





| Potential | Protective Measures |
|----------------------------|--|
| Source of | |
| Pollution | |
| | |
| Reportable Spill(s) | • The Responsible Party or its representative is obligated to notify appropriate authorities of any spills of hazardous/harmful materials. |
| | • Should a spill bypass a containment device – trench drain, berm, etc. – and impact a stormwater detention or retention facility, the Responsible Party shall clean-up, mitigate and/or restore the facility to its original condition. |
| Lawn/Landscape Maintenance | Clippings and yard waste shall not be disposed of in stormwater management facilities or wetland resource areas. |
| | Pesticides and fertilizers shall only be stored on site in approved containers within a structure. |
| | • Pesticides and fertilizers shall be applied at the proper time of year in the minimal effective quantity/concentration. They should not be applied when severe rainfall events are forecast. |
| | • Use drought-tolerant species to limit watering requirements, and mulch and compost to retain soil moisture. Irrigate at appropriate times of day - early morning and late evening – for the minimal period necessary to restore soil moisture. |
| | Pet waste shall not be disposed of in stormwater management facilities or wetland resource areas. |
| De-icing De-icing | Application rates of de-icing materials shall be the minimum acceptable to adequately treat storm-specific conditions. Multiple treatments are preferred to use of excessive quantities during the initial response. |
| | De-icing materials may not be stored on site. |
| | • Non-toxic and inert materials (sand/gravel) are preferable in areas adjacent to stormwater management facilities and wetland resource areas. For general use, calcium magnesium acetate (CMA), calcium chloride and potassium acetate are preferable to sodium chloride. |
| Snow Removal | • Snow shall be piled in pervious areas where melt water can infiltrate (as designated on the plan). |
| | • Snow shall not be piled within one hundred (100) feet of a wetland resource area. |
| | Snow shall not be piled on trench drains or swales. |
| | • Management of snow shall not create a nuisance or hazard. The Responsible Party shall remove snow from site if adequate area on site is not available. |
| | Sediments deposited in snow storage areas shall be removed each spring and disposed of offsite. |

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Residential Subdivision 40 Highland Avenue Needham, MA Owner: 40 Highland Avenue, LLC

Stormwater Management Long Term Operation & Maintenance Plan



Responsible Party:

Owner or their assigns are responsible for implementation of the Long-Term Operation & Maintenance Plan and the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan for 40 Highland Avenue in Needham, Massachusetts.

System Components:

The stormwater management system for 40 Highland Avenue in Needham, Massachusetts is comprised of pervious areas, a trench drain, roof leaders/drains, subsurface infiltration systems, infiltration trenches, and stabilized discharge points. Only stormwater may be discharged through these facilities, there shall be no connections of floor drains and/or sanitary connections, and nothing shall be dumped into any of the System Components. The stormwater system components are shown on the attached Stormwater Management System Plan.

Trench Drain – the Trench Drain is meant to collect, but not treat, runoff from the roadway and some future driveways.

Roof Leaders/Drains – conveyances that collect and direct runoff from the two roofs towards the designated subsurface infiltration system.

Subsurface Infiltration Systems – subsurface stormwater systems meant to capture, retain, and infiltrate stormwater. Each system is made up of pipe and stone and utilizes trench drains as stabilized outlets/overflows meant to allow water to drain during periods of frozen ground or saturated conditions. The infiltration systems are to be kept free of trash and debris. No yard waste and / or landscape maintenance clippings or brush shall be disposed of in these areas. No accessory structures are permitted in these areas.

Pervious Areas / Vegetated Filter Strips – open, vegetated (turf lawns or other grasses) areas over which stormwater runoff flows slowly and in a sheeting manner.

These areas are to be kept free of trash and debris. No yard waste and/or landscape maintenance clippings or brush shall be disposed of in these areas.

Residents may not store vehicles or other personal items in these areas. No accessory structures are permitted in these areas.

Infiltration Trenches – open drains of crushed stone capped with pea stone for collecting and infiltration runoff from surrounding areas. No yard waste and/or landscape maintenance clippings or brush shall be disposed of in these areas. Residents may not store vehicles or other personal items in these areas. No accessory structures are permitted in these areas.

Grass Channels / Drainage Swales – shallow channels/swales lined with vegetation. Some may be lined with a turf reinforcement mat (TRM).

Residential Subdivision 40 Highland Avenue Needham, MA Owner: 40 Highland Avenue, LLC

Stormwater Management Long Term Operation & Maintenance Plan



Illicit Connections

No illicit connections to the stormwater management system are proposed or shall be installed during construction. No future connections to the stormwater system shall be allowed without permission of the Needham DPW or other Town's issuing authorities, as applicable. The proposed townhomes will be served by a wastewater (sewer) system including pipes and manholes connecting to the Town's system in Riverside Ave.

Maintenance Schedule and Forms:

Refer to the following pages for specific requirements to prevent pollution and the maintenance of the stormwater management system.

Snow Storage / Removal:

Refer to the following pages for specific requirements on snow storage and removal.

Residential Subdivision 40 Highland Avenue Needham, MA Owner: 40 Highland Avenue, LLC

Stormwater Management Long Term Operation & Maintenance Plan



| Best | Frequency | Maintenance | Inspection | Maintenance |
|-------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------|-------------|
| Management | Of | (Inspect for these items) | (Date) | Performed |
| Practice | Inspection | and Frequency | Maintenance | (Date and |
| | · | | (Yes/No) | Initial) |
| | | | | |
| Street/Pavement | Annually | Annually (March – April). Paved areas to be swept of sediments, trash, and | | |
| Sweeping | (March – April) | debris. Sediments to be removed and disposed off-site. | | |
| Trench Drain | Monthly or per | At least twice per year, or per Manufacturer's Recommendation. Remove | | |
| | Manufacturer's | floatables and remove sediment when it reaches one (1) foot in depth. | | |
| | Recommendation | Dispose of debris and sediment off-site. | | |
| Subsurface Infiltration | Monthly for first | Twice per year or after major storm events. Camera inspection may be | | |
| | three (3) months, | required. Remove debris and sediment at inlets and outlets by jetting or | | |
| | Quarterly and after | vactor truck. Debris and sediment must be disposed of off-site in | | |
| | major storm events | accordance with Local, State, and Federal requirements. | | |
| Grassed Channel / | Monthly (mowing) | Mow monthly during growing season. Remove sediment annually and re- | | |
| Drainage Swale | | seed (if necessary). Repair erosion and re-seed when necessary. Turf | | |
| | Annually | reinforcement mat (TRM) or rock riprap may be required. | | |
| Infiltration Trenches | Monthly for first | Remove any sediment and/or woody vegetation annually. Replace crushed | | |
| | three (3) months, | stone if system becomes clogged as evidenced by prolonged periods of | | |
| | Quarterly and after | ponding. | | |
| | major storm events | | | |

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| E) | Soils Information |
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Natural Resources Conservation

Service

A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants Custom Soil Resource Report for Middlesex County, Massachusetts, and Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

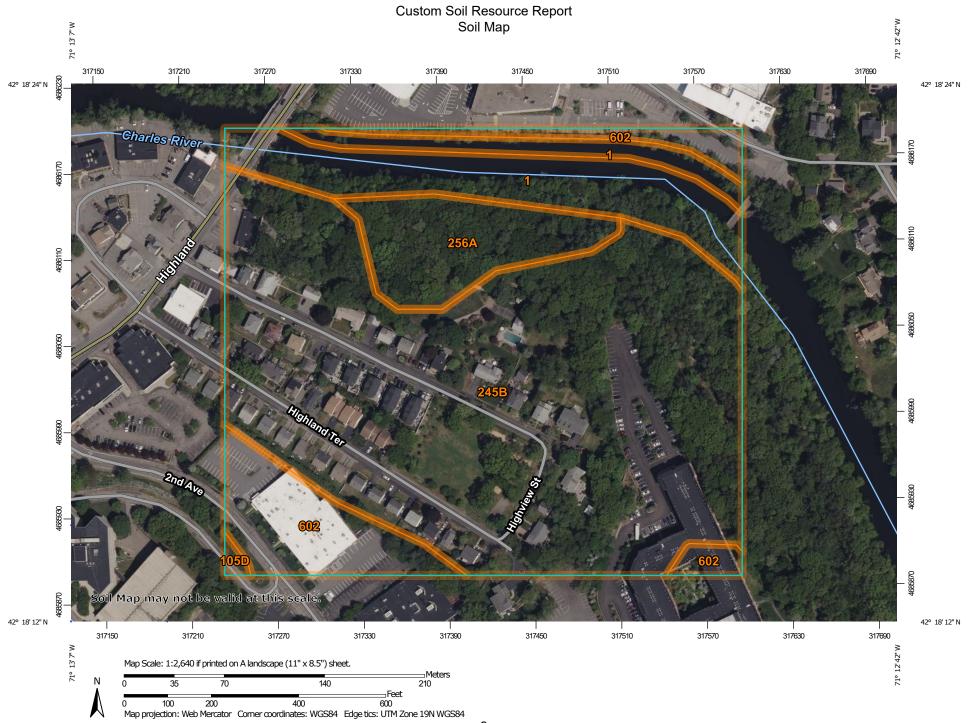
Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

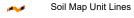
Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Points



Special Point Features

Blowout

☑ Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

... Gravelly Spot

Candfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Spoil Area

Stony Spot

Very Stony Spot

Wet Spot

△ Other

Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

00

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at scales ranging from 1:24,000 to 1:25,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Middlesex County, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 23, Sep 12, 2023

Soil Survey Area: Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts

Survey Area Data: Version 19, Sep 10, 2023

Your area of interest (AOI) includes more than one soil survey area. These survey areas may have been mapped at different scales, with a different land use in mind, at different times, or at different levels of detail. This may result in map unit symbols, soil properties, and interpretations that do not completely agree across soil survey area boundaries.

| MAP LEGEND | MAP INFORMATION |
|------------|--|
| | Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. |
| | Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 22, 2022—Jun 5, 2022 |
| | The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. |

Map Unit Legend

| Map Unit Symbol | Map Unit Name | Acres in AOI | Percent of AOI | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| 1 | Water | 1.0 | 3.6% | | |
| 602 | Urban land | 0.7 | 2.4% | | |
| Subtotals for Soil Survey Area | | 1.7 | 5.9% | | |
| Totals for Area of Interest | | 28.0 | 100.0% | | |

| Map Unit Symbol | Map Unit Name | Acres in AOI | Percent of AOI | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| 1 | Water | 3.3 | 11.9% | | |
| 105D | Rock outcrop-Hollis complex, 3 to 25 percent slopes | 0.1 | 0.3% | | |
| 245B | Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes | 18.2 | 65.2% | | |
| 256A | Deerfield loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes | 2.4 | 8.4% | | |
| 602 | Urban land, 0 to 15 percent slopes | 2.3 | 8.3% | | |
| Subtotals for Soil Survey A | rea | 26.3 | 94.1% | | |
| Totals for Area of Interest | | 28.0 | 100.0% | | |

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They

generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Middlesex County, Massachusetts

1—Water

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 996p Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Water: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Water

Setting

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

602—Urban land

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9950 Elevation: 0 to 3,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 50 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Excavated and filled land

Minor Components

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Ledges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Head slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Udorthents, wet substratum

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Udorthents, loamy

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts

1—Water

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vkyp

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 50 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Water: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

105D—Rock outcrop-Hollis complex, 3 to 25 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vkxr

Elevation: 0 to 620 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 54 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Rock outcrop: 65 percent

Hollis and similar soils: 25 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Rock Outcrop

Setting

Parent material: Igneous and metamorphic rock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8s

Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Description of Hollis

Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Shallow, friable loamy ablation till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: fine sandy loam

H2 - 3 to 14 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam H3 - 14 to 18 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 25 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 9.0 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F144AY033MA - Shallow Dry Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Chatfield

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Swansea

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Bogs Hydric soil rating: Yes

Whitman

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

245B—Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2svm8

Elevation: 0 to 1,430 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 53 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Hinckley and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Hinckley

Setting

Landform: Outwash deltas, outwash terraces, kames, kame terraces, moraines, eskers, outwash plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, crest, nose slope, side slope, riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Parent material: Sandy and gravelly glaciofluvial deposits derived from gneiss and/or granite and/or schist

nical profile

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 8 inches: loamy sand

Bw1 - 8 to 11 inches: gravelly loamy sand Bw2 - 11 to 16 inches: gravelly loamy sand BC - 16 to 19 inches: very gravelly loamy sand C - 19 to 65 inches: very gravelly sand

Duamantias and modities

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 3.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY022MA - Dry Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Windsor

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Outwash deltas, outwash terraces, moraines, eskers, kames, outwash plains, kame terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope, footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, crest, nose slope, side slope,

riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Hydric soil rating: No

Sudbury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Outwash deltas, outwash terraces, moraines, outwash plains, kame

terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, head slope, side slope, tread

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Concave, linear

Hydric soil rating: No

Agawam

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Outwash deltas, outwash terraces, moraines, eskers, kames, outwash

plains, kame terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, crest, nose slope, side slope,

riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Hydric soil rating: No

256A—Deerfield loamy fine sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xfg8

Elevation: 0 to 1,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Deerfield and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Deerfield

Setting

Landform: Outwash terraces, outwash deltas, outwash plains, kame terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Parent material: Sandy outwash derived from granite, gneiss, and/or quartzite

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: loamy fine sand Bw - 9 to 25 inches: loamy fine sand BC - 25 to 33 inches: fine sand Cg - 33 to 60 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 15 to 37 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 11.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY027MA - Moist Sandy Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Windsor

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Outwash terraces, kame terraces, outwash deltas, outwash plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Hydric soil rating: No

Wareham

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Drainageways, depressions

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Sudbury

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Outwash plains, kame terraces, outwash deltas, outwash terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Hydric soil rating: No

Ninigret

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Kame terraces, outwash plains, outwash terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear

Across-slope shape: Convex, concave

Hydric soil rating: No

602—Urban land, 0 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vkyj

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 50 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 99 percent Minor components: 1 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Excavated and filled land

Minor Components

Rock outcrops

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Hydric soil rating: Unranked

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Stormwater Management Report 40 Highland Ave. | 21-0089 April 2024

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts City/Town of Higher City/Town of Hig

| A | acility Information |
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| | HEIDTON State O2459 Zip Code |
| | |
| В | Site Information |
| 1. | Check one) New Construction Upgrade Repair |
| | oil Survey Available? Yes No If yes: HRCS So.L Survey Available? Soil Map Unit |
| | Soil Limitations Soil Parent material Soil Limitations Landform |
| | 1ATTAPAN VOLCANIC COTAPLEX Landform |
| 3. | urficial Geological Report Available? Yes No If yes: Year Published/Source Map Unit |
| | escription of Geologic Map Unit: |
| 4. | lood Rate Insurance Map Within a regulatory floodway? Yes No |
| 5. | /ithin a velocity zone? |
| 6. | /ithin a Mapped Wetland Area? |
| 7. | urrent Water Resource Conditions (USGS): Month/Day/ Year Range: Above Normal Normal Below Normal |
| 8. | ther references reviewed: |
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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

City/Town of City/

| C On- | Site Revi | ew (minim | num of two hole | es reau | ired at ever | ry propo | sed prin | narv and i | reserve dist | nosal area |) | |
|-----------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|----------|----------|--|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Deep | Observation | n Hole Numb | er: <u>(222</u> -0) Hole # | <u>G</u> // | 1/12 | Time | 17 | Sunda Weather | 1600 | 42.72 Latitude | 29 | -71.12% |
| 1. Land | Use (e.g., w | رون. podland, agricult | ural field, vacant lot, e | etc.) | Vegetation | 55 | | Surface Stone | es (e.g., cobbles, | stones, boulder | rs, etc.) | 2-8% Slope (%) |
| Des | scription of Lo | ocation: | | | C | out 10 | 451+ | | | | | |
| 2. Soil P | arent Materia | al: 1760 | . Sarly | | Lai | ndform | ace | Pos | tsack: | SLOPE De (SU, SH, BS, | , FS, TS) | |
| 3. Distar | Description of Location: Court Co | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Unsuita | 2. Soil Parent Material: Position on Landscape (SU. SH, BS, FS, TS) 3. Distances from: Open Water Body feet Drainage Way feet Wetlands feet Property Line feet Drinking Water Well feet Other feet Other feet 4. Unsuitable Materials Present: Yes No If Yes: Disturbed Soil Fill Material Weathered/Fractured Rock Bedrock 5. Groundwater Observed: Yes No If Yes: Depth Weeping from Pit Depth Standing Water in Hole Soil Log Depth (in) Soil Horizon Soil Toxture (USDA Moist (Munsell) Depth Color Percent Gravel Cobbles & Stones Soil Structure Consistence (Moist) Other Oth | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Depth (in) | | | | Red | oximorphic Fea | tures | | Volume | Soil Structure | | | Other |
| Dopan (m) | /Layer | | Moist (Munsell) | Depth | Color | Percent | Gravel | Weather Veather Latitude Longitude: | | | | |
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| 40-90" | U | | 2.54 3/3 | 75" | 7.5-115/3 | 54 | | | | | | |
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| 5 4.75(3)(3)(3) | onal Notes: | 101/07 | 50 NC) 13 | 1550 | a 1 = | | | | | | | |



Commonwealth of Massachusetts

City/Town of Clercian Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

| C. On-S | Site Revi | i ew (minin | num of two | holes r | equired at | every p | roposed p | orimary and | reserve disp | posal area) | | | |
|---|---|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Deep | Observatio | n Hole Num | ber: 677-c Hole # | 2 6 | /17/12 ate | Time | <u>Sur-1</u> We: | 1-1 (005 ather | 42.7 Latitude | 129 | -71.128 Longitude: 1-5% | | |
| 1. Land l | Jse: (e.g. | , woodland, agr | icultural field, va | cant lot, etc | c.) Teg | etation | 5 | Surface Stor | nes (e.g., cobbles, | stones, boulders | , etc.) | | |
| Descri | Description of Location: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Soil Pa | Soil Parent Material: FILIE SOLID Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | r Body | | | | age Way _ | | Wetla | | | | |
| | 0.1000 | Proper | ty Line | feet | D | rinking W | ater Well _ | feet | Ot | her fe | eet | | |
| Unsuital Material | | ☐ Yes ☐ | No If Yes: | ☐ Distu | ırbed Soil [| Fill Mate | erial [| ☐ Weathered/ | Fractured Rock | ☐ Bedrock | | | |
| 5. Ground | dwater Obse | erved: Ye | s No | | | ľ | f yes: | _ Depth Weepin | g from Pit | Depth | Standing Water in Hole | | |
| | | | | | | So | il Log | | | | | | |
| Depth (in) | | Soil Texture | Soil Matrix: | Redo | ximorphic Fea | atures | | ragments Volume | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence | Other | | |
| | /Layer | (USDA) | Color-Moist (Munsell) | Depth | Color | Percent | Gravel | Cobbles & Stones | | (Moist) | | | |
| ö-49 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 49-70 | Bio | LOAM | 10425/6 | | | | | , | | | | | |
| 70-108 | 6 | FIHE SAHIP | 5-(4/4 | 70" | 75405/ | 54 | | | | | GELISIES OF SALIDY LOKES | | |
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| 100 | nal Notes: | PLLATEL | l | | | | | | | | | | |

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts City/Town of

Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

| C. On- | Site Revi | i ew (minim | num of two hole | es requ | ired at ever | ry propo | sed prin | nary and r | eserve disp | osal area) | | |
|------------|---|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Deep | Observation | n Hole Numb | per: <u>622</u> 03 Hole # | Date | 7/72 | Time | 1 | Weather | 4×1 605 | 42-72 Latitude | 29 - 71.12\$ Longitude: 2-69 rs, etc.) Slope (%) | |
| 1. Land | Use (e.g., w | oodland, agricult | ural field, vacant lot, e | etc.) | Vegetation | E, 1 | 17 | Surface Stone | és (e.g., cobbles, | stones, boulde | rs, etc.) | |
| | scription of Lo | | | | | outio | | | | | | |
| 2. Soil P | 2. Soil Parent Material: FILIC SALIO Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH. BS, FS, TS) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Distar | 3. Distances from: Open Water Body feet Drainage Way feet Wetlands feet Property Line feet Drinking Water Well feet Other feet | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Other feet | |
| 4. Unsuita | able Material | s Present: L | Yes No | If Yes: | ☐ Disturbed S | Soil 🔟 | Fill Materia | I . | Weathered/Fra | ctured Rock | Bedrock | |
| 5. Grour | ndwater Obse | erved: Yes | s □ No | | If yes | s: | Depth Wee | eping from Pit | _ | Depth S | tanding Water in Hole | |
| | | | | | | Soil Log | | | | | | |
| Denth (in) | Soil Horizon | Soil Texture | Soil Matrix: Color- | Redoximorphic Features | | | | Fragments Volume | Soil Structure | Soil | Other | |
| Depth (in) | /Layer | (USDA | Moist (Munsell) | Depth | Color | Percent | Gravel | Cobbles & Stones | Con Otractare | (Moist) | Other | |
| 0-72 | FILL | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 72.79" | Bio | Source Loren | 10425/6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 79-110 | U | SALL SALL | 2.54 5/3 | 26 | 75/19/16 | 5% | | | | | LEHSES OF SALIDY LORK | |
| | | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | onal Notes: | 21)17512 | LUGIJEE | PAG | 5 N/) S | STONE | 5 | | | | | |



Commonwealth of Massachusetts City/Town of

Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

| C. On- | Site Revi | ew (minim | num of two hole | es requ | ired at ever | ry propo | sed prin | nary and r | eserve disp | osal area) | | |
|------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Deep | Observation | n Hole Numb | Hole # | G/17 Date | /12 | Time | 9 | Sur-II-l Weather | 4 6009 | 42.72 Latitude | 9 | - <u>71.126</u> Longitude: |
| 1. Land | Use (e.g., w | woodland, agricult | ural field, vacant lot, e | etc.) | Vegetation | モルト | 4_ | Surface Stone | es (e.g., cobbles, | stones, boulder | s, etc.) | 2-5// Slope (%) |
| De | scription of Lo | ocation: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 250 | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Soil F | arent Materia | al: 1150 | Sary | | | SUTIJA ERRAC ndform | 12 | | BACV_ tion on Landscap | 2-07-E pe (SU, SH, BS, | FS, TS) | |
| | | | n Water Body _ | | | | | /ay | | | | feet |
| | | | Property Line _ | fee | et | Drinking | g Water V | Vell | feet | (| Other | feet |
| 4. Unsuita | ble Material | s Present: | Yes No | If Yes: [| ☐ Disturbed S | Soil 🔲 | Fill Materia | I 🔲 ' | Weathered/Fra | ctured Rock | □Ве | drock |
| 5. Grour | ndwater Obse | erved: Yes | S ☐ No | | If yes | Soil Log | | ping from Pit | _ | Depth S | tanding V | Vater in Hole |
| | | | | Dad | i | | | Fragments | | 0." | | |
| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA | Soil Matrix: Color- Moist (Munsell) | Depth | oximorphic Fea Color | Percent | | Volume Cobbles & | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | | Other |
| | | | | | | | | Stones | 11 | () | | |
| 0-60 | FIL | A second to | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60-68 | ちい | LOATA | 10-12-5/6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 68-96 | C | SAND | 10-18 5/6 | 72" | 7565/8 | 5% | | | | | | |
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| | onal Notes: | W JATE | ER NO WE | EPIL | 25 | | | | | | | |



Commonwealth of Massachusetts

City/Town of Harman Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

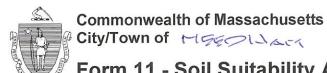
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|------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------|
| | | | num of two hole | | | | | | | | | |
| Deep | Observation | n Hole Numb | Hole # | Date | 1/72 | Time | -4 | Sury Weather | 1 605 | 4272 Latitude | 9 | -71.126 Longitude: |
| I. Land | Use (e.g., wo | oodland, agricult | ural field, vacant lot, e | etc.) | Vegetation | =, 14 | 4_ | Surface Stone | es (e.g., cobbles, | stones, boulde | rs, etc.) | 2-5% Slope (%) |
| | scription of Lo | | | | | OUTIL | | | | | | |
| 2. Soil F | Parent Materia | al: (150). | SANG | | La | TEVO | <u>- CE</u> | Posi | BACI | be (SU, SH, BS | , FS, TS) | |
| | | | n Water Body | | | | | /ay | | We | | feet |
| | | | Property Line _ | | | | _ | | | | | feet |
| I. Unsuit | able Materials | s Present: | Yes No | If Yes: | ☐ Disturbed S | Soil 🗔 | Fill Materia | 1 🔲 | Weathered/Fra | ctured Rock | ☐ Bed | drock |
| 5. Grou | ndwater Obse | erved: Yes | No No | | If yes | | | eping from Pit | - | Depth S | Standing V | /ater in Hole |
| | | | T | | | Soil Log | · | Fragments | | | | |
| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon | Soil Texture | Soil Matrix: Color- | Redoximorphic Features | | | | Volume | Soil Structure | Soi Consistence | | Other |
| | /Layer | (USDA | Moist (Munsell) | Depth | Color | Percent | Gravel | Cobbles & Stones | | (Moist) | | |
| 0-51 | FUL | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51.80 | おし | LOKER | 10125/6 | 75" | 7.5405/3 | 5% | | | | | | |
| 30°-101 | 6 | SOND | 2543/3 | | V | | | | | | COL | 25E |
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| | onal Notes: | MOLJA | 7512, 120 W | EE Cas | 65 | | | | | | | |



Commonwealth of Massachusetts City/Town of

Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

D. Determination of High Groundwater Elevation 1. Method Used: Obs. Hole # Obs. Hole # Depth observed standing water in observation hole inches inches Depth weeping from side of observation hole inches inches Depth to soil redoximorphic features (mottles) inches inches Depth to adjusted seasonal high groundwater (S_h) inches inches (USGS methodology) Reading Date Index Well Number $S_h = S_c - [S_r \times (OW_c - OW_{max})/OW_r]$ OW_r _____ OW_c OW_{max} Obs. Hole/Well# 2. Estimated Depth to High Groundwater: _____ inches E. Depth of Pervious Material 1. Depth of Naturally Occurring Pervious Material a. Does at least four feet of naturally occurring pervious material exist in all areas observed throughout the area proposed for the soil absorption system? Yes ☐ No b. If yes, at what depth was it observed (exclude A and O Upper boundary: Horizons)? inches inches c. If no, at what depth was impervious material observed? Upper boundary: Lower boundary: inches inches



Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

F. Certification

| above analysis has been performed by me consister | t with the required trainir | rotection pursuant to 310 CMR 15.017 to conduct soil evaluations and that the ning, expertise and experience described in 310 CMR 15.017. I further certify ation Form, are accurate and in accordance with 310 CMR 15.100 through |
|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Typed or Printed Name of Soil Evaluator / License # | 2688 | 6/3/2 |
| Typed or Printed Name of Soil Evaluator / License # | | Expiration Date of License |
| Name of Approving Authority Witness | | Approving Authority |
| Note: In accordance with 310 CMR 15.018(2) this form m property owner with <u>Percolation Test Form 12</u> . | ust be submitted to the app | proving authority within 60 days of the date of field testing, and to the designer and the |
| Field Diagrams: Use this area for field diagrams: | A | R RIERA |
| | - 7 | KING I |
| \wedge | Live 1 | CHALLAND CHALLEN |
| 3 | | By Charles and Cha |
| 2 8 | 04 R | TENL TENL |
| t5form11.doc • rev. 3/15/18 | | Form 11 – Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal • Page 5 of 5 |

Stormwater Management Report 40 Highland Avenue | 21-0089 April 2024

| F) | FEMA Flood Map, FIS Profile & LIDAR Exhibit | | |
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Stormwater Management Report 40 Highland Ave. | 21-0089 April 2024

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National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

Town of Needham

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FEMA Legend SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR Zone AE SPECIAL FLOOD **HAZARD AREAS** Regulatory Floodway 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X **Future Conditions 1% Annual** City of Newton Chance Flood Hazard Zone X 250208 Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X Effective LOMRs OTHER AREAS Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D - -- - Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer **GENERAL** STRUCTURES | LILLI Levee, Dike, or Floodwall Charles they Zone AE 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 17.5 Water Surface Elevation **Coastal Transect** Zone AE ₩ 513 W Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study Jurisdiction Boundary **Coastal Transect Baseline** OTHER **Profile Baseline FEATURES** Hydrographic Feature Digital Data Available No Digital Data Available MAP PANELS Unmapped ARE OF MINIMAL FLOOD HAZARD The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 12/6/2023 at 9:49 AM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

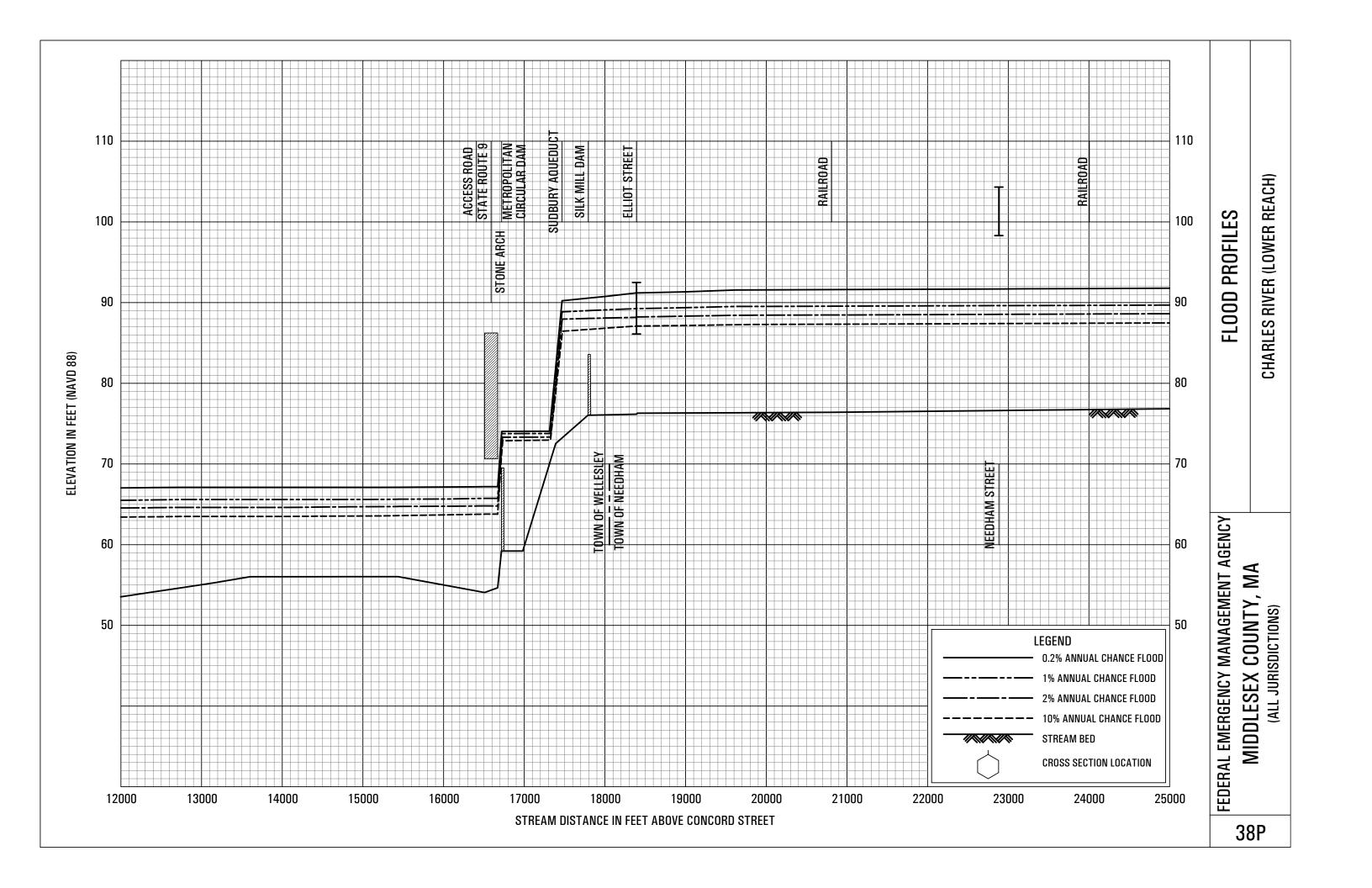
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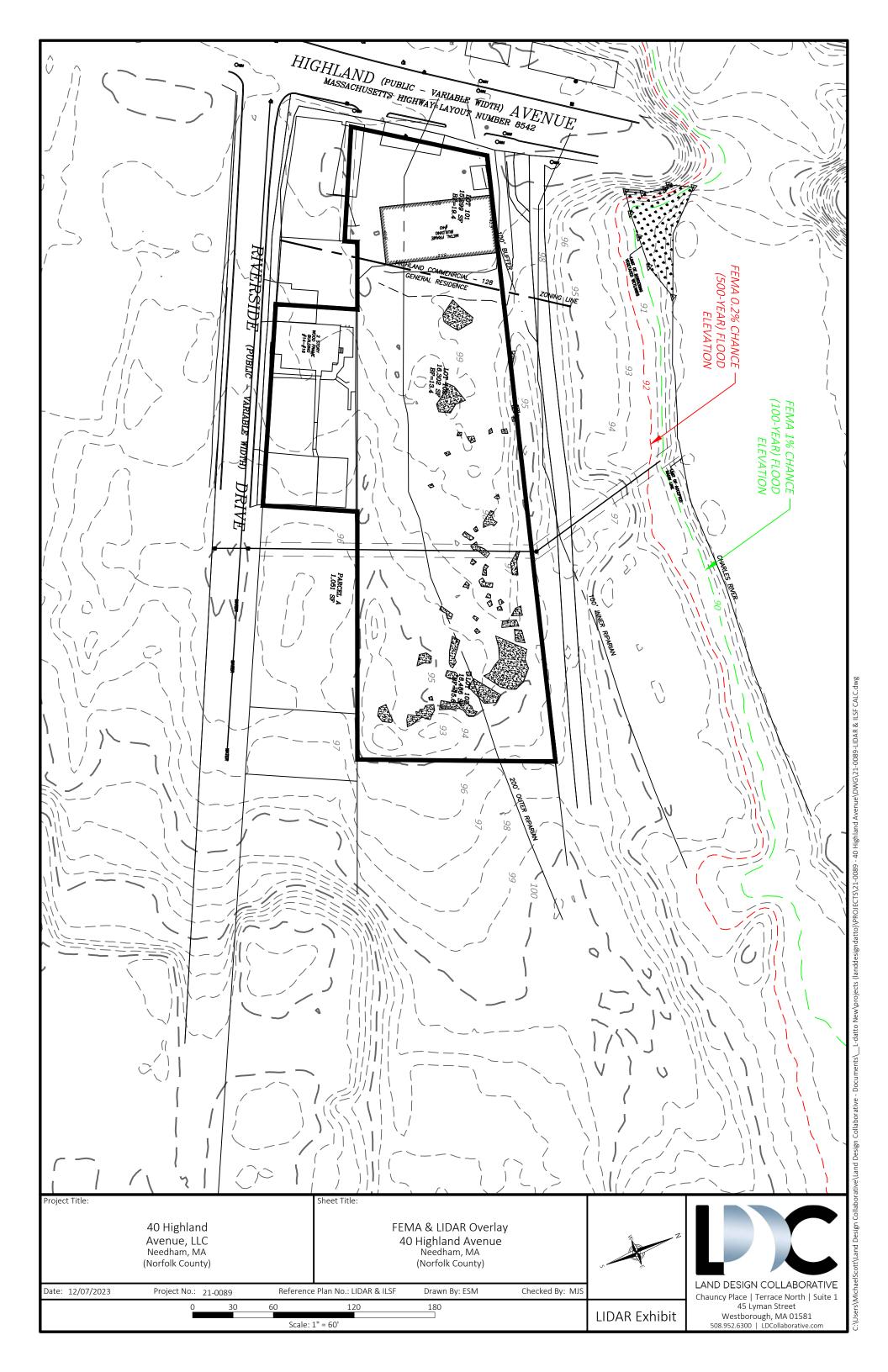
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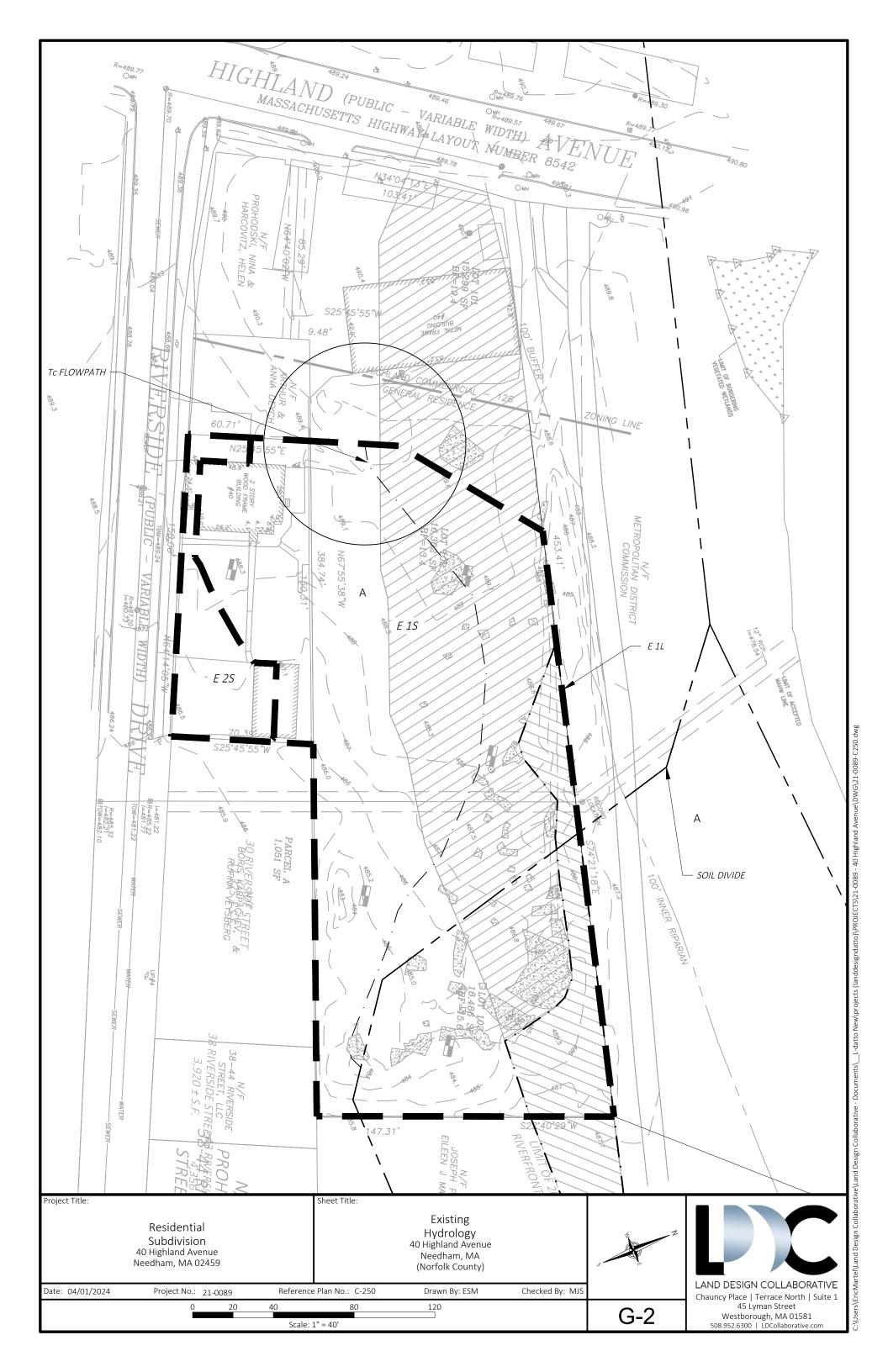


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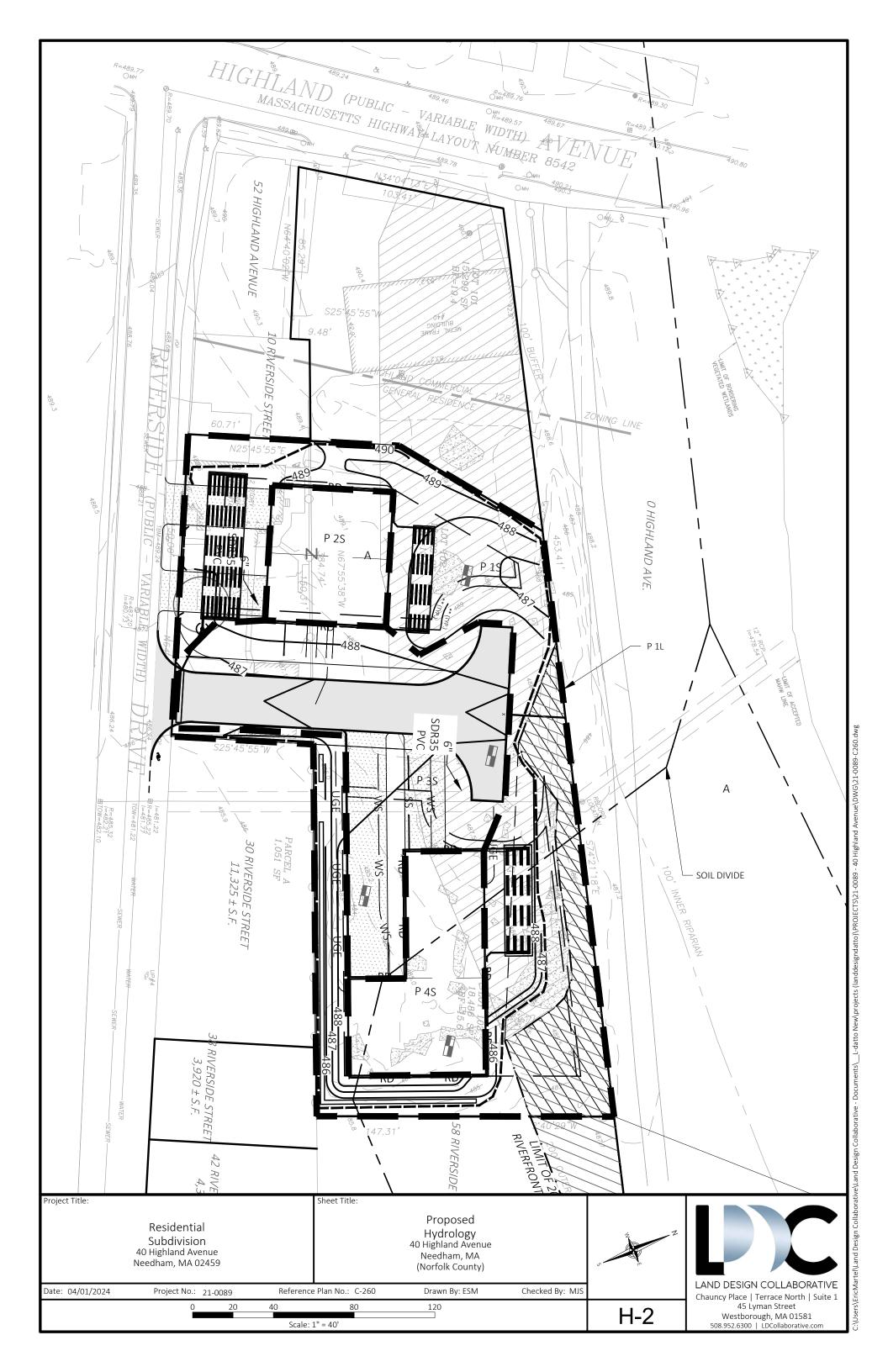
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| H) | Proposed Watershed Map |
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